Trial Hearing (Open Session) ICC-01/14-01/18 WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-1595

- 1 International Criminal Court
- 2 Trial Chamber V
- 3 Situation: Central African Republic II
- 4 In the case of The Prosecutor v. Alfred Rombhot Yekatom and Patrice-Edouard
- 5 Ngaïssona ICC-01/14-01/18
- 6 Presiding Judge Bertram Schmitt, Judge Péter Kovács and
- 7 Judge Chang-ho Chung
- 8 Trial Hearing Courtroom 1
- 9 Tuesday, 8 March 2022
- 10 (The hearing starts in open session at 9.31 a.m.)
- 11 THE COURT USHER: [9:31:50] All rise.
- 12 The International Criminal Court is now in session.
- 13 Please be seated.
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:32:17] Good morning, everyone.
- 15 Court officer, please call the case.
- 16 THE COURT OFFICER: [9:32:25] Good morning, Mr President, your Honours.
- 17 Situation in the Central African Republic II, in the case of The Prosecutor versus
- Alfred Yekatom and Patrice-Edouard Ngaïssona, case reference ICC-01/14-01/18.
- 19 And for the record, we are in open session.
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:32:40] Thank you.
- 21 The appearances of the parties. Prosecution, please.
- 22 Ms Struyven, this is short, as I see it.
- 23 MS STRUYVEN: [9:32:47] Good morning, Mr President. Today we have
- 24 Yassin Mostfa and myself, Olivia Struyven for the Prosecution.
- 25 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:32:53] Thank you.

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 I turn to the representatives of the victims.
- 2 MR FALL: [9:32:58](Interpretation) Good morning, Mr President. Good morning.
- 3 The representatives of the other crimes are represented this morning by
- 4 Mr Narantsetseg, Madam Mouhia Asso and myself, Yaré Fall. Thank you
- 5 MR SUPRUN: [9:33:20] Good morning, Mr President, your Honours. The former
- 6 child soldiers are represented by myself, Dmytro Suprun, counsel at the Office of
- 7 Public Counsel for Victims. Thank you.
- 8 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:33:29] Thank you.
- 9 Now to the Defence. Ms Dimitri first.
- 10 MS DIMITRI: [9:33:33] Good morning, Mr President. Good morning,
- 11 your Honours. Good morning, everyone. This morning Mr Yekatom, who is
- present in the courtroom, is represented by Ms Anta Guissé, Ms Daniela Mvoungou
- 13 Police, Ms Lena Casiez and myself, Mylène Dimitri.
- 14 And, Mr President, if I can take the opportunity to wish a very happy International
- 15 Women's Day to every woman in the courtroom and in the booth.
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:33:57] Well, although I'm a man and the Chamber
- is composed of men, I think we can support that too.
- 18 Now, Mr Knoops, I think, yeah.
- 19 MR KNOOPS: [9:34:10] Good morning then. Congratulations to all the women in
- 20 the courtroom.
- 21 Good morning, Mr President. Good morning, your Honours. Good morning
- 22 everyone in the courtroom. The Defence team of Mr Ngaïssona is today appearing
- 23 before the Chamber with Ms Sara Pedroso, Despoina Eleftheriou,
- 24 Alexandre Desevedavy. Mr Landry is not available this morning. He has an ICC
- 25 training so he's not following the proceedings from the field office. And

Trial Hearing (Open Session) ICC-01/14-01/18 WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-1595

- 1 Mr Ngaïssona, as you have seen, is present here.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:34:39] Thank you, Mr Knoops.
- 3 And a very warm welcome to our witness, Mr Aboubakar, good morning. Do you
- 4 hear and understand me well?
- 5 WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-1595 (On former oath)
- 6 (The witness speaks Sango)
- 7 (The witness gives evidence via video link)
- 8 THE WITNESS: [9:35:10](Interpretation) Good morning. I can hear you clearly.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:35:17] We continue with the questioning and it's
- 10 the turn, still, of Ms Casiez.
- 11 You have the floor.
- 12 MS CASIEZ: [9:35:24] Thank you, Mr President, your Honours.
- 13 QUESTIONED BY MS CASIEZ: (Continuing) (Interpretation)
- 14 Q. [9:35:38] Good morning, Mr Aboubakar. I hope that you are doing well since
- 15 yesterday. I have a few more questions for you today and I will start by hopping
- back to the last topic we were dealing with yesterday.
- 17 Yesterday, as you may recall, we stopped when we were talking about the father and
- 18 his sons Zacharia, Taïr, who was killed in Bouchia near Boukanga. Do you follow
- 19 me?
- 20 A. [9:36:18] Yes, I can follow you clearly.
- 21 Q. [9:36:22] I know that you went to fetch the dead bodies, and I think that is part
- of your mission as an imam and as a peacemaker.
- 23 What I would like to know is the following: After you returned to Mbaïki with
- 24 the dead bodies, did you hear being said that the Seleka from Pissa had gone to
- 25 Bangui-Bouchia to take out vengeance against the population for the death of the two

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 Muslims?
- 2 A. [9:37:04] Yes, as you have said, I went to fetch the dead body and I brought it
- 3 back to Mbaïki and buried it. It is only later that I heard that the Seleka went there.
- 4 But I don't know anything about their operation. Did they hurt the population?
- 5 Did they not hurt the population? I do not know.
- 6 All I heard was that the Seleka went there.
- 7 Q. [9:37:46] Thank you, Mr Aboubakar.
- 8 I have with me here a document from the mayor of Mbaïki whom we talked about
- 9 yesterday, Mr Mongbandi, which states as follows: "Some 15 Muslim traders from
- 10 Mbaïki went bearing weapons in two vehicles to carry out reprisals at night and
- 11 attack the Christian population in Bangui-Bouchia."
- 12 Is this something that you may also have heard at that time?
- 13 A. [9:38:23] No, I did not learn of that type of story in Mbaïki town. For us, what
- 14 we did was to go and bring back the dead body with -- in a vehicle to Mbaïki for
- 15 burial. Now, to say that a Muslim left Mbaïki in a vehicle for Boukanga to do
- whatever it is that they may have done, no, I didn't hear such a story. I heard and I
- 17 learnt that the Seleka had gone there. But apart from that, nothing else.
- 18 Q. [9:39:03] Going by information available to me, Mr Aboubakar, and within
- 19 the context of our investigations, I -- I have come by information through our
- 20 investigations whereby Mahamat Hissène, alias Deba, allegedly was part of
- 21 the reprisals against -- with the Seleka and he was hated by the population of Mbaïki
- 22 for having killed people. Is this something that you heard?
- 23 A. [9:39:49] No, I did not hear anything bad about Deba in Mbaïki town. He was
- 24 a small trader. He is a small trader. Deba is a small trader and he did not do
- 25 anything. He never joined the Seleka. He continued to do his trading and I did not

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 learn anything bad on Deba.
- 2 Q. [9:40:30] Thank you, Mr Aboubakar.
- 3 I have here a second article. Yesterday I showed you one and today is a second
- 4 article, number -- it's in tab 5 of the Defence binders, CAR-D29-0002-0120. This
- 5 document can be displayed and I will guide you as to its content.
- 6 Now, in this article reference is made to the same incident in Bangui-Bouchia which
- 7 we are talking about. It's an article by the Network of Journalists for Human Rights
- 8 in CAR dated 5 October 2013. It indicates that the attack was carried out by armed
- 9 persons who were unidentified.
- 10 Now I would simply like to ask you to confirm that while you were there or thereafter
- 11 you never heard that any documents were available or had been left there which
- made it possible for any individuals to be identified individually?
- 13 A. [9:41:59] Regarding the documents on the identification of the attackers, I was
- 14 not a witness to that and I did not learn anything about that. You know, when we
- 15 went there it was already night-time and we were afraid, so we hastily gathered
- the bodies and put them in the vehicle. The mother was wounded, the child was
- injured, so we brought back all those people to Mbaïki. Thanks be to God, the next
- day the mother was delivered of a baby.
- 19 Now, to say that I saw with my own eyes an ID card or a card belonging to anybody
- or to the attackers, no, I did not see that. I went there as an imam. I put myself
- 21 forth and forward so that others could follow me to go and gather the corpses.
- 22 And it is because I rose up that others followed me and that is how we went there and
- 23 gathered the dead bodies, washed them and buried them. I did not see any identity
- 24 cards.
- 25 Q. [9:43:26] Thank you, Mr Aboubakar. This is very useful. And I will stop here

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- on this topic because I believe that it's a bit complicated for you to continue discussing
- 2 it, so I will wrap up on that topic and then move to another area.
- 3 A Prosecution witness in this case has testified that today Chadians can no longer
- 4 come to Mbaïki because they are still being considered by the locals in Mbaïki as
- 5 members of Seleka. Is this something that you would agree with?
- 6 A. [9:44:11] Mr President, yes, indeed this is what people were saying. People
- 7 were saying that Chadians could no longer return to Mbaïki because they had done
- 8 bad things. But as of today, as we speak, some Chadians who had fled are already
- 9 back in Mbaïki and engaging in their trading and businesses, even today.
- 10 Q. [9:44:47] Thank you, Mr Aboubakar.
- 11 Yesterday, we briefly touched on the mayor of Pissa, Mr Okoa-Penguia, and there is
- 12 a Prosecution witness who said that he -- he sold some land and gave authorisation
- 13 for a motel to be built on the former location of the mosque. Do you have any such
- 14 recollection?
- 15 A. [9:45:23] Yes, I learnt about it. It would appear that the mayor of Pissa sold
- the piece of land, and a drinking spot and a motel were built on that location. One
- day, as I was headed for Mbaïki, I stopped at Pissa and went to the market and then
- also went to the location where the mosque had been situated.
- 19 It is true that I found out that there was a motel and a drinking spot at that location,
- and I saw that with my own eyes.
- 21 Now, is it the mayor who sold the piece of land? Is it not the mayor who sold -- who
- 22 did not sell the piece of land? I don't know. But I can confirm that I saw
- 23 the structures with my own eyes.
- 24 Q. [9:46:35] Thank you, Mr Aboubakar.
- 25 You made mention of farms, your farms during your testimony. I have a question

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- that may be strange for you, but the answer will be useful for me. Could you tell us
- 2 at which time of year you have the caterpillar season, please.
- 3 A. [9:47:22] Well, you know, if I were to give you a specific date, that would be
- 4 misleading you, because the times change from year to year. This year
- 5 the caterpillars may appear earlier, or later. So generally the rainy season first has to
- 6 start before the caterpillars appear. And it is generally in the middle of the rainy
- 7 season that it happens. So I cannot give you an exact date. It all depends on
- 8 the rainy season.
- 9 Q. [9:48:09] Thank you. And so I think that once the rainy season begins, that that
- is like a good date for me almost, and I thank you for your answer.
- But let me hop back just for a minute on the -- to the death of Mr Saleh, which you
- 12 talked about yesterday. I fully understood your explanations, but I have about two
- 13 questions which you could easily answer by a "yes" or "no".
- Now, did you hear that Mr Bemaka-Soui Yvon, the commander of the Mbaïki
- 15 gendarmerie, had participated in the attack on Mr Djido?
- 16 A. [9:49:03] I have no information on that point. Well, that is what people were
- saying, but I myself did not monitor that closely. That individual was
- 18 the commander of the gendarmerie. I learnt that when Djido Saleh wanted to go to
- 19 the MISCA base which was a bit further on, and noticed that he could not get to
- 20 the MISCA base, he decided to return to seek refuge at the gendarmerie. So as he
- 21 attempted to enter the gendarmerie compound, the gendarmerie commander had
- 22 allegedly forbidden him entrance to the gendarmerie and that is how he remained in
- 23 front of the gendarmerie compound and that is where he was finished off.
- 24 Q. [9:50:11] Thank you, Mr Aboubakar.
- 25 And I have the same question in relation to one Mr Prince Mondonga, the grandchild

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- of Madam Malonga, former counsellor of the Mbaïki mayor's office. Did you hear or
- 2 not whether this person participated in the attack against Mr Djido?
- 3 A. [9:50:46] If I were to talk about those who killed Mr Djido, I would say that I
- 4 have no idea about the names of the attackers. And as I told you yesterday, there
- 5 were not many Anti-Balaka in the town. The civilian population was much more
- 6 numerous, so I am not in a position to know the names of those who killed Mr Saleh
- 7 Djido, as I told you yesterday.
- 8 Q. [9:51:16] Thank you, Mr Aboubakar.
- 9 I have a last question for you and I know that you stated that Mr Yekatom had come
- 10 so that peace may return to Mbaïki. And what I'm going to ask you I know is not in
- 11 your statement. But while you were in Mbaïki, would you agree with me that you
- 12 never heard or saw any fighting between Mr Yekatom's group and MINUSCA in
- 13 Mbaïki upon the arrival of Mr Yekatom; am I right?
- 14 A. [9:52:12] I have never seen any clashes between them. If there had been any
- 15 clashes between them, I would have been aware of it. He arrived at 4 p.m. and
- the next day in the morning he held a meeting, or he went to the Catholic Church and
- 17 then I didn't hear mention of any clashes thereafter. No, I didn't hear anything and
- 18 I didn't see anything.
- 19 Q. [9:52:39] Thank you, Mr Aboubakar. I told you that this was my last question
- and this was indeed my last question. I thank you very much.
- 21 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:52:49] Thank you, Ms Casiez.
- 22 It's now the turn of Ms Pedroso, I assume. I see signs to that effect.
- 23 Please, you have the floor.
- 24 THE WITNESS: [9:53:10](Interpretation) Thank you.
- 25 MS PEDROSO: [9:53:31] Good morning, your Honours. Good morning, everyone.

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 QUESTIONED BY MS PEDROSO: (Interpretation)
- 2 Q. [9:53:42] My names are Sara Pedroso. I am counsel and member of
- 3 Mr Patrice-Edouard Ngaïssona's Defence team.
- 4 I have a few questions for you today.
- 5 First of all, I would like to hop back to something contained in your statement at
- 6 paragraph 22, reference document 4 of the OTP binder, CAR-OTP-2104-0274 at
- 7 page 2777.
- 8 You say that you were the president of the Viper football association in Mbaïki, which
- 9 was made up of several persons from various ethnic groups, religious groups and
- 10 social circles. My question for you then is as follows: Would you agree that
- 11 football can be a tool for social cohesion in the CAR?
- 12 A. [9:55:19] Is that question for me? Well, if it is for me, I will answer it.
- 13 As you have just said, the period, the time frame you have referred to, well, at that
- 14 time I was not yet the imam. It is later on that I became president. Well, but even
- 15 before then, people used to call on me to work towards social cohesion among
- the youth to whom I provided advice and counsel. It is later on that I became
- 17 the imam and that was a promotion.
- 18 So I began to develop relations with other servants of God, pastors and others, and it
- is at that time that I began to withdraw from my activities with the youth and to focus
- 20 on my godly activities while leaving it to others to take care of youth activities.
- 21 Q. [9:56:39] Thank you, Mr Witness, for those explanations, but my question was
- 22 more of a general nature.
- Now, you who were president of the football association at some point. Do you
- 24 think in general terms that football can enable the youth and the community to come
- 25 closer together, that is people from various ethnic groups, from different religious

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 backgrounds and from different social circles? And this in very -- in very general
- 2 terms.
- 3 A. [9:57:18] Yes, that's correct.
- 4 Q. [9:57:21] Thank you, Mr Witness.
- 5 Yesterday you testified at length about what is also contained in your statement
- 6 relating to what you and your community experienced under the Seleka regime in
- 7 2013. I do not intend to have you repeat all which you have already said, but I have
- 8 just a few brief follow-up questions to what you said.
- 9 First of all, I would like to have you listen to an audio publication of 4 April 2013
- 10 which was published on RFI online after the arrival of Seleka in Mbaïki. And then I
- 11 will have one or two questions for you in relation to that audio.
- 12 For the Chamber, reference is at tab 6 of the Defence binder, CAR-OTP -- rather,
- 13 CAR-D30-0009-0001. And the transcript for the interpreters is at tab 5, Defence
- binder CAR-D30-0002-0011. And the reference for the article, this article is also
- disclosed by Defence at tab 7 of our binder.
- 16 The audio will be played from 01:18 and can be played for the public, please.
- 17 (Playing of the audio excerpt)
- 18 THE INTERPRETER: [9:59:13](Interpretation of the audio excerpt)
- 19 "In the night, they went from door to door, collecting motorbikes and everything
- 20 people had at home. The population was frightened and holed up at home, others
- 21 fled into the forest. Even now -- even now, some personalities and administrative
- 22 authorities are all in the forest. There is no one to ensure security for the population.
- 23 Last time, they even shot at a captain of the army who was killed and the body was
- 24 abandoned and part of the body was eaten up by dogs and pigs. They went to
- 25 the hospitals, terrorised doctors, nurses, and the sick fled the hospital. There was

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 nobody. The administration was vandalised.
- 2 Prosper, what is the solution for today?
- 3 I think that what needs to be done is put in place a neutral force like the FOMAC to
- 4 ensure security so that there is a -- to take care of this crisis confidence -- this crisis of
- 5 confidence between the population and the Muslims.
- 6 RFI reporting."
- 7 THE WITNESS: [10:00:31](Interpretation) Thank you very much, Mr President.
- 8 As you have just said, the Seleka had barely entered Mbaïki town when so many
- 9 things happened. We are aware of some things, but not of everything. What I
- 10 know is that after they entered Mbaïki town, there was no one to receive them along
- 11 the roadsides. There was no one to see them or observe them come in. Things were
- 12 rather guite confused. And to -- to this very day, when -- well, on that day, when
- 13 the Seleka saw any nice motorbike, they would -- they would take it, regardless as to
- 14 whether the owner was Muslim or Christian. All they did was take things from
- 15 people. So there was a lot of damage, a lot of harm, a lot of looting. And when it
- 16 comes to this captain, I do not really quite understand this -- this story that a captain
- 17 was killed in Mbaïki town. Well, I never heard any such thing. And that's
- 18 the answer I can provide you.
- 19 MS PEDROSO: [10:02:03] (Interpretation)
- 20 Q. [10:02:06] Thank you, Mr Witness.
- 21 My question was: The person described something in this audio. Does that reflect
- 22 what you also experienced in 2013? That is what I thought I understood from your
- 23 testimony.
- 24 A. [10:02:35] The information provided by this journalist, I never heard about it.
- 25 Many things have been said, but I'm not aware of anything. Please refer to my

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- statements and if in my statements you see that I made such-and-such a statement,
- 2 you should limit yourself to it.
- 3 But regarding the declarations of the media such as RFI and others, I have nothing to
- 4 say about it.
- 5 Q. [10:03:18] You talked about looting by Seleka. Do you know whether they
- 6 were transporting the looted property towards the north of the CAR or maybe even to
- 7 Chad? Are you aware of that?
- 8 A. [10:03:40] No, no. I only saw those elements grab the motorbikes of
- 9 individuals and they were using them for their activities, but I didn't see them carry
- any property and transport it to Chad and -- towards Chad. I never saw any such
- 11 thing.
- 12 Q. [10:04:20] What about the Mbaïki town hall, was it also targeted by the Seleka?
- 13 Was it pillaged or used as a Seleka base? Do you know anything about that?
- 14 A. [10:04:41] The Seleka did not set up their base in the town hall. There was
- a building near the town hall called SOCATEL in charge of communication, so it was
- located near the mayor's office. That is where they established the base, not at the
- 17 *mairie*, but only at the SOCATEL. I never saw them establish a base there.
- 18 Q. (Overlapping speakers)
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:05:20] Ms Pedroso, please, please wait, please
- 20 wait a second with your question because the interpreter has difficulties to follow.
- 21 Okay. Thank you.
- 22 MS PEDROSO: [10:05:29] Apologies. Thank you.
- 23 Q. [10:05:42] (Interpretation) And are you aware of the pillaging of the Mbaïki
- 24 town hall or mayor's office? Even if it was not a base, are you aware that it was
- 25 pillaged?

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 A. [10:06:00] To say that the Seleka went into the municipality to loot, I don't know.
- 2 And anyway, what type of property would be inside the mayor's office for them to be
- 3 pillaged? The Seleka focused on the locations where there was a lot of property.
- 4 But regarding the mayor's office in Mbaïki, what sort of goods or items could you find
- 5 there? They never pillaged the town hall. I never heard about that.
- 6 When they entered, their objective was to take the property of people, and whenever
- 7 they had a possibility, they did that.
- 8 Q. [10:06:55] Thank you, Mr Witness.
- 9 Yesterday during your testimony you confirmed that in 2013 in Mbaïki there were no
- 10 longer any forces of law and order to provide security. And it is T-106, page 28 of
- 11 yesterday's transcripts. You talked about that in paragraph 32 of your statement also
- 12 that the Seleka adopted the role of judges. So can you give us examples of that
- 13 justice that was administered by the Seleka in 2013, as far as you know.
- 14 A. [10:07:49] Yes, Mr President, I have some information that I can provide to you.
- 15 It is true that when the Seleka entered Mbaïki town, there were many things. At that
- time the gendarmerie no longer existed. Even the police was not functional. All
- 17 the services of the state were paralysed. It was the Seleka that were responsible for
- 18 everything. They acted as gendarmes, policemen, as the mayor, as the sub-prefect
- 19 and the prefect. Everything took place under their authority.
- 20 During that period of that cruel person, that is the colonel, everything was happening
- 21 at their place. Even the judicial activities took place under their control at the
- 22 gendarmerie or at the police. I'm sorry, if the police heard that you had gone to
- 23 the gendarmerie or the police for one reason or the other, he could threaten you.
- 24 Thank God some elements came from Bangui to arrest him and have him replaced by
- another colonel.

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 Now, when the new colonel arrived, when a complaint was laid before him, he would
- 2 refer it to the gendarmerie or the police. He said he was not a judicial authority and
- 3 he could not involve himself in all those activities, so he referred these things to
- 4 the gendarmerie and the police. So there was a real change.
- 5 Q. [10:09:58] In your statement, Mr Witness, you stated that you told the Seleka
- 6 Colonel Anour that the religious laws did not apply to the CAR. That was
- 7 paragraph 32 of your statement. And by so saying, did you mean that the Seleka are
- 8 trying to impose religious law or Islamic law during that period on the CAR? Are
- 9 you saying that's what they were trying to do?
- 10 A. [10:10:45] It didn't happen in that way in the Mbaïki town. The Seleka never
- tried to impose Sharia in Mbaïki, no. No, I did not observe that in Mbaïki town.
- 12 There were only disorder in the town.
- 13 Q. [10:11:12] So what prompted you to tell Colonel Anour that the religious laws
- 14 did not apply to the CAR, in which context did you tell him that?
- 15 A. [10:11:38] I do not know whether it is a problem of interpretation or
- 16 misunderstanding, I do not know. I never talked about the imposition of the Sharia.
- 17 I simply want to give -- I simply went to give him advice so that peace should be
- 18 restored in the town. I asked that Christians and Muslims should be treated equally.
- 19 I gave him advice so that he should concoct -- or conduct himself properly and not
- 20 like his predecessor.
- 21 So I did not advise him to impose Sharia or to talk about Sharia. I simply asked him
- 22 to treat Muslims and Christians equally.
- 23 Q. [10:12:47] Thank you, Mr Witness.
- 24 In your statement and during your testimony yesterday, you indicated that you heard
- 25 that the Seleka were distributing weapons in Mbaïki town. And my question is as

ICC-01/14-01/18

Trial Hearing WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-1595

(Open Session)

- 1 follows: As the imam, you said that people confided a lot in you. Based on your
- 2 discussions with certain Seleka or other people, have you got any idea how the Seleka
- 3 obtained their weapons or where these weapons were coming from? Do you know?
- 4 A. [10:13:40] I did not quite understand your question. Please kindly repeat.
- 5 Are you talking about the Seleka weapons? You want me to talk about
- 6 the provenance of the Seleka weapons? Can you please kindly repeat the question.
- 7 Q. [10:14:01] Yes, of course. My question was that, based on your discussions
- 8 with Seleka at the time in 2013, did anyone talk to you about the provenance of their
- 9 weapons? And if not, it's not a serious matter, I simply wanted to know whether
- 10 you have that information.
- 11 A. [10:14:33] I did not receive this type of information. When I approach him, I
- 12 simply gave him advice so that peace should be restored in the town. But we never
- 13 discussed weapons. We never talked about any particular weapon: "Who does it
- 14 belong to? Who -- where did it come from? Who gave it to you?" No, we never
- 15 talked about such things. I simply gave him advice relating to the restoration of
- 16 peace in the town.
- 17 Q. [10:15:21] Thank you, Mr Witness.
- 18 Based on what you told us yesterday and in your statement, you took peace
- 19 initiatives in reaction to the exactions of the Seleka. You talked about the creation of
- 20 the Silili -- Siriri, and pamphlets. Would you agree with me that there were other
- 21 imams in CAR who supported the Seleka, for example, the imams of Chadian origin?
- 22 Are you aware of that?
- 23 A. [10:16:11] Mr President, I can talk about what was happening in my town
- 24 Mbaïki, but I cannot be a narrator, I cannot tell you what happened in other Central
- 25 African towns. I think that at that time everyone needed peace. I was struggling to

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 ensure peace in my town, so please do not ask me to tell you what happened in other
- 2 towns, what was announced in the media, people's declarations and statements and
- 3 others. So I can only talk to you about my town, that is Mbaïki.
- 4 Q. [10:17:16] Thank you, Mr Witness.
- 5 Yesterday during the OTP questioning you indicated that you gave money to
- 6 the Anti-Balaka later on to buy coffee. And in your statement you also said that
- 7 the Anti-Balaka seemed to be famished or hungry, and that is why you gave them
- 8 money.
- 9 My question is: Why did you decide to help the Anti-Balaka at that time, specifically
- 10 by giving them money?
- 11 A. [10:18:07] Thank you, Mr President.
- 12 I am an imam. I am the father of all children. I am everyone's father. When I
- 13 meet with children, whether they are of poor conduct or of good conduct, it is
- 14 the same thing to me. I did not know those young people. Everyone was afraid of
- 15 those young people. I was in my house, I was looking in the direction of the mosque
- and I could see the Anti-Balaka moving about. And amongst them there were
- 17 young people who came to me and said: "Papa, we have come to tell you good
- 18 morning. Papa, how are you doing? Are you doing well? Papa, we did not come
- 19 here to see you for nothing. It is because we really need to have coffee. Since
- 20 the morning we did not have anything to eat."
- 21 So I am the father of everyone. So I removed 2,000 CFA francs from my pocket and I
- 22 gave it to them to go and buy their coffee. That is what happened.
- 23 Q. [10:19:47] Mr Witness, do you agree with me that the Anti-Balaka that you saw
- 24 were starved, they were not well fed, they were not well dressed and they did not
- 25 have much with them? Do you agree with me?

Trial Hearing (Open Session) ICC-01/14-01/18 WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-1595

- 1 A. [10:20:18] Well, wherever they were living, I had no idea. I did not visit
- 2 the rooms in which they were sleeping. Whether they had any change of clothes or
- 3 not, did they have anything to eat? I did not have any idea about that. But these
- 4 Anti-Balaka were wearing the same clothes for several days, sometimes for an entire
- 5 week. They did not change the clothes that they were wearing. That is what I can
- 6 tell you.
- 7 Q. [10:20:56] Thank you, Mr Witness.
- 8 That was the last question.
- 9 (Speaks English) Your Honours, if I could just have a moment to consult with counsel
- 10 if counsel has additional questions.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:21:07] Of course.
- 12 (Counsel confers)
- 13 MR KNOOPS: [10:21:28] Mr President, I would like to benefit from the presence of
- 14 the witness to -- in addition to the questions of Ms Pedroso, I have two topics, very
- briefly to address to the witness with the permission of the Court.
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:21:43] Yeah.
- 17 QUESTIONED BY MR KNOOPS:
- 18 Q. [10:21:47] Mr Witness, my name is Alexander Knoops. I'm also one of
- 19 the lawyers of Mr Ngaïssona in this case. I have two additional questions which are
- 20 for us quite relevant.
- 21 First of all, you told the Chamber yesterday, and it's also in your evidence in
- 22 the statement, that you shared food with some of the young boys which you name as
- 23 being part of the Anti-Balaka.
- 24 Now my question to you is: Did, during those conversations with these --
- 25 A. (Overlapping speakers)

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 Q. [10:22:34] Did, during one of those -- those meetings with (Overlapping
- 2 speakers)
- 3 A. [10:22:46] Mr President, I would like to take the floor.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:22:50] Yes, Mr Witness, what do you want to say?
- 5 You have the floor.
- 6 THE WITNESS: [10:22:59](Interpretation) I would like to give a brief answer to
- 7 the question just put to me.
- 8 Mr President, if I told you that I shared food with Anti-Balaka from the same plate, it
- 9 does not mean that I distributed food to them. It was at 1 p.m., that is a time that I
- 10 usually have my meal. I was brought some food. I was under my hangar and
- the Anti-Balaka were passing by the road. They saw me, they greeted me, "Mr Imam,
- 12 good afternoon, good afternoon. And bon appétit." I realised that I had sufficient
- food before me, I thought about them and I said, "Young people, come here, come
- 14 here. Wash your hands, please, and share the food with me." They asked me for
- 15 the authorisation to sit on the carpet. I said yes. They sat down, they ate. I gave
- them water to drink. They thanked me and then they left.
- 17 I never went to distribute food to them. They simply came to my place and shared
- a meal with me under my hangar and on my carpet. That is what I wanted to clarify.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:24:48] But, still, Mr Knoops, there is more detail
- 20 on -- to the story. So please continue.
- 21 MR KNOOPS: [10:24:54] Yeah. Thank you, Mr President.
- 22 Q. [10:24:55] Well, Mr Witness, thank you so much for your answer, but this was
- 23 really not my question.
- 24 My question is: Did -- during any of those encounters with the young boys, did you
- learn or did they tell you whether anyone asked them to come to Mbaïki, or whether

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- 1 they came to Mbaïki on their own volition?
- 2 A. [10:25:50] They never talked about that to me. They never told me, "Look,
- 3 Mr Imam, we came to Mbaïki on the orders of such-and-such a leader." No, they
- 4 never said any such thing to me.
- 5 They also never told me that they had come on their own initiative. They never told
- 6 me that. I also never asked them the question to know who was their leader. I did
- 7 not do that. I simply saw them moving about. I could not ask them these types of
- 8 questions.
- 9 When we were in Mbaïki, during the period when the Seleka and the Anti-Balaka
- were carrying out activities there, everybody was careful, they were very careful
- about what they were talking about. These type of questions could not be asked to
- 12 people: Who sent you? Did you -- who sent you? Did you come on your own
- 13 initiative? We could not ask them these types of questions given the atmosphere
- 14 that was prevailing at the time.
- 15 Q. [10:27:18] Thank you, Mr Aboubakar.
- 16 My -- my next topic and last topic is the following: You arrived after the departure
- of Mr Djotodia in Bangui and the Central Mosque. Did you learn at the time you
- arrived in Bangui and the months after your arrival in Bangui, did you learn about
- 19 any peace initiatives between the Anti-Balaka and the Seleka, or any peace initiatives
- 20 between the Anti-Balaka and the Muslim community?
- 21 A. [10:28:37] In answer to your question, this is what I can say: Yes, we heard that
- 22 there were efforts, initiatives here and there to restore peace in the country, but I did
- 23 not participate in those meetings. I was not part of those initiatives.
- 24 Q. [10:29:04] Now, Mr Aboubakar, thank you so much.
- 25 Do you have any information for us what, if any, the transitional government did

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- after you arrived in Bangui, in terms of restoring peace and order in Bangui?
- 2 A. [10:29:54] Yes, I heard about social cohesion or harmony. There was talk about
- 3 initiatives to foster social cohesion between Muslims and Christians. I heard about
- 4 that during the period of the transitional government. I remember that one day
- 5 Madam Samba-Panza came to the Bangui Central Mosque. I think it was during
- 6 the Tabaski or Ramadan feast, she took part in the prayers, she talked about peace,
- 7 she appealed for peace between Christians and Muslims. Everyone heard what she
- 8 said. But personally, I did not take part in those initiatives for peace.
- 9 Yes, I confirm that the transitional government was actually also working towards
- 10 the restoration of peace in the country.
- 11 Q. [10:31:23] Were you aware, Mr Aboubakar, that Mr Ngaïssona also undertook
- several initiatives to restore peace in Bangui after you arrived there?
- 13 A. [10:32:03] To be brief with you, I can simply tell you that I know nothing about
- 14 the case of Mr Ngaïssona. I have absolutely no information about his activities.
- 15 Questions are put to me about what I know and I give you precise answers on that.
- One day by the roadside coming out of the mosque, I met some young people talking
- 17 with themselves, two young people. They told me that the Anti-Balaka had seized
- 18 these two vehicles and taken them to their base. He added that he had contacted
- 19 the president of football and he had informed him of that theft and asked him to help
- 20 him recover that vehicle.
- 21 Then I asked him who was that president of football. He told me that it was
- 22 the person responsible for football who was called Mr Ngaïssona, he was the one who
- 23 had been contacted and he was able to recover those vehicles. That was the first
- 24 time for me to hear that name. So he said, this man said that he had recovered that
- vehicle thanks to that gentleman.

Trial Hearing (Open Session) ICC-01/14-01/18 WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-1595

- 1 So apart from that incident, I know absolutely nothing else concerning Mr Ngaïssona.
- 2 Q. Thank you --
- 3 THE INTERPRETER: [10:34:09] Correction from the Sango interpreter: This young
- 4 man added that he did not pay anything to Mr Ngaïssona for having helped recover
- 5 that vehicle.
- 6 MR KNOOPS: [10:34:26]
- 7 Q. [10:34:27] Thank you very much, Mr Aboubakar, for that information.
- 8 My last question is the following: You told us today and yesterday that when you
- 9 were in Mbaïki there was apparently a shortage of food. People were hungry and
- that that's why you as an imam helped people who asked for food.
- 11 Now, I take you now to Bangui after the departure of Mr Djotodia. You were there.
- 12 Can you tell us about the living conditions in Bangui in terms of the presence of food,
- 13 shortage of food and the impact of the social conditions on the -- the acts of
- 14 the population.
- 15 A. [10:35:47] Mr President, when you're at home you might get some food, but
- when you leave your house and find yourself elsewhere, things necessarily will not
- be the same and you can face some difficulties. We had abandoned everything.
- 18 We left our homes and we went to Bangui. It is true that while there we received
- 19 a bit of food, sometimes in the morning or sometimes in the evening. Some people
- 20 used to spend the night or sleep at the Central Mosque while others slept elsewhere.
- 21 But when we arrived with my elements, we were able to set up somewhere. And
- 22 the HCR also provided us with a lot of food, help, rice and other foodstuffs, so we
- were able to find food. And that's the answer I can provide for now.
- 24 Q. [10:37:06] Mr Aboubakar, did you see in the time you were in Bangui after
- 25 the departure of Djotodia, the months after his departure, did you see any misconduct

ICC-01/14-01/18

Trial Hearing WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-1595 (Open Session)

1 by civilians due to the lack of food? And I'm speaking also now about

- 2 the population outside your -- your circle. So the general situation in Bangui.
- 3 A. [10:38:03] Well, you have asked me about Djotodia's departure. On that day
- 4 I was not in Bangui, I was in Mbaïki. I was not in Bangui. We learnt over the radio
- 5 that he had gone to Chad and that he resigned while in Chad. I was -- I was in
- 6 Mbaïki at that time, not in Bangui.
- 7 So that's the answer to your question. It is only after Madam Panza Samba took
- 8 power that I arrived in Bangui.
- 9 Q. [10:38:42] Yeah, Mr Aboubakar, that was my question. So after you arrived in
- Bangui, can you tell us about the general situation within the population in terms of
- 11 the access to food and social welfare. You were not speaking about your own inner
- 12 circle, so your elements, but the people outside your circle. Do you have
- information whether the conditions, the general conditions for the population in
- 14 Bangui were such that there was a shortage of food and that people misbehaved
- 15 because they were looking for food and were willing to commit crimes to access the
- 16 food?
- 17 A. [10:39:49] In Bangui town, well, let me start by telling you that I don't know
- 18 the entire town of Bangui. I am only familiar with PK5, where I reside, or where I
- 19 stay. I do not know all of Bangui.
- 20 Yes, when we arrived there were many problems, many problems. One could have
- 21 food in the morning and then nothing in the evening, nothing to eat in the evening.
- 22 Sometimes we were provided some frozen chicken and people will fight for crumbs
- 23 of it.
- 24 So, generally speaking, it was possible to have something to eat in morning and then
- 25 nothing to eat in the evening. The situation was the same at the Central Mosque.

(Open Session)

ICC-01/14-01/18

- But I don't know what was happening in the rest of the town. It is true that there
- 2 was famine, but we managed to find food while waiting for things to improve.
- 3 Q. [10:41:00] Thank you very much, Mr Aboubakar. These were the questions of
- 4 our Defence team. Thank you.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:41:05] Thank you, Mr Knoops.
- 6 Mr Aboubakar -- I don't assume that Prosecution has any questions? Yes.
- 7 Mr Aboubakar, this concludes your testimony. This Court needs witnesses that help
- 8 us to find out what happened and assist us to establish the truth. We appreciate it
- 9 a lot that you made yourself available as a witness in these proceedings and we as
- 10 a Chamber thank you very much for that.
- 11 We wish you a safe trip back home.
- 12 THE WITNESS: [10:42:02](Interpretation) Thank you.
- 13 (The witness is excused)
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:42:05] This concludes the hearing -- this
- 15 concludes the hearing for today.
- Also we start tomorrow with the next witness, I think it's P-0889, 9 -- 10.30. 10.30. I
- always tend to forget when things change, yeah, in the schedule.
- 18 THE COURT USHER: [10:42:22] All rise.
- 19 (The hearing ends in open session at 10.42 a.m.)