WITNESS: UGA-D26-P-0072

- 1 International Criminal Court
- 2 Trial Chamber IX
- 3 Situation: Republic of Uganda
- 4 In the case of The Prosecutor v. Dominic Ongwen ICC-02/04-01/15
- 5 Presiding Judge Bertram Schmitt, Judge Péter Kovács and
- 6 Judge Raul Cano Pangalangan
- 7 Trial Hearing Courtroom 3
- 8 Tuesday, 2 April 2019
- 9 (The hearing starts in open session at 9.33 a.m.)
- 10 THE COURT USHER: [9:33:28] All rise.
- 11 The International Criminal Court is now in session.
- 12 Please be seated.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:33:43] Good morning, everyone. Could the
- 14 court officer please call the case.
- 15 THE COURT OFFICER: [9:33:53] Good morning, Mr President, your Honours.
- 16 The situation in the Republic of Uganda, in the case of The Prosecutor versus Dominic
- 17 Ongwen, case reference ICC-02/04-01/15.
- 18 And for the record, we are in public session.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:34:07] Thank you.
- 20 For the appearances of the party, first the Prosecution, Ms Nuzban.
- 21 MS NUZBAN: [9:34:13] Good morning, your Honours, good morning, everybody.
- 22 Yulia Nuzban for the Prosecution, together with Benjamin Gumpert, Kamran
- 23 Choudhry, Pubudu Sachithanandan, Beti Hohler, Adesola Adeboyejo, Grace Goh,
- 24 Jasmina Suljanovic, Laura de Leeuw, Yang Suhong, Natasha Barigye and
- 25 Sanyu Ndagire. Thank you.

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:34:33] Thank you.
- 2 And Ms Massidda for the Legal Representatives of the Victims.
- 3 MS MASSIDDA: [9:34:38] Good morning, Mr President, your Honours. For the
- 4 common legal representative team appearing today in courtroom,
- 5 Mr Orchlon Narantsetseg, Ms Caroline Walter, and I am Paolina Massidda.
- 6 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:34:50] Thank you.
- 7 And the second team.
- 8 MS SEHMI: [9:34:52] Good morning, Mr President, your Honours. For the Legal
- 9 Representative of Victims, Anushka Sehmi and James Mawira.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:34:59] Thank you.
- 11 And not finally, but nearly finally, Mr Obhof for the Defence.
- 12 MR OBHOF: [9:35:05] Good morning, your Honours.
- 13 Today we have Counsel Krispus Ayena Odongo; our assistant to counsel,
- 14 Mr Gordon Kifudde; our case manager, Roy Titus Ayena; our client Mr Ongwen is in
- 15 Court; and myself, my name is Thomas Obhof.
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:35:18] I have a question: You said "Mr Kifudde".
- 17 How are you pronounced correctly, if I may ask you?
- 18 MR KIFUDDE: [9:35:27] Mr Kifudde.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:35:31] Kifudde. So I -- because from the writing
- 20 it is not completely clear, but for in the future "Mr Kifudde". Okay.
- 21 And we have at the video-link location Mr Tookwaro. And on behalf of the
- 22 Chamber I would like to welcome you in this, let me word it this way, extended
- 23 courtroom at the video-link location. Good morning, Mr Tookwaro.
- 24 WITNESS: UGA-D26-P-0072
- 25 (The witness speaks Acholi)

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- 1 (The witness gives evidence via video link)
- 2 THE WITNESS: [9:35:58](Interpretation) Thank you. Good morning.
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:36:00] There should be a card in front of you with
- 4 a solemn undertaking. Would you please, please be so kind to read out this
- 5 undertaking.
- 6 THE WITNESS: [9:36:11](Interpretation) Yes, I can read.
- 7 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:36:30] You can read it out aloud, please.
- 8 THE WITNESS: [9:36:36](Interpretation) It goes like this:
- 9 I solemnly declare that I will speak the truth, the whole truth, nothing but the truth.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:36:54] Do you agree with that, Mr Tookwaro?
- 11 THE WITNESS: [9:36:58](Interpretation) I agree, because I have to tell what I have
- 12 seen.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:37:07] Thank you very much. Then you are
- 14 sworn in.
- 15 And before we finally start with the questioning, a few practical matters. Most
- important is that everything is written down and interpreted, what is being said at the
- 17 video-link location and here in the courtroom, and to allow for the interpretation we
- 18 have to speak at a relatively slow pace.
- 19 And the second one is, if you want to address the Chamber you can raise your hand,
- 20 then I will ask you what you want to tell us.
- 21 We now begin with the Defence and Mr Obhof has the floor.
- 22 MR OBHOF: [9:37:50] Thank you, your Honour. Sorry about that.
- 23 QUESTIONED BY MR OBHOF:
- 24 Q. [09:38:03] Good morning, Mr Tookwaro.
- 25 A. [9:38:08] Good morning.

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- 1 Q. [9:38:12] Now can you please state all of your names to the Court.
- 2 A. [9:38:19] Yes, I can.
- 3 Q. [9:38:29] Please tell the Court all of your names.
- 4 A. [9:38:35] My name is Okello Michael Tookwaro.
- 5 Q. [9:38:48] Have you ever been called by any other name or nickname?
- 6 A. [9:38:56] Yes.
- 7 Q. [9:39:03] Could you tell Court what that name was.
- 8 A. [9:39:11] Yes, I can tell.
- 9 Q. [9:39:21] Please tell the Court what that name is.
- 10 A. [9:39:29] The other name is Kal Okwera.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:39:42] Mr Obhof, I think you see you can ask very
- 12 directly the witness. I think this would make sense.
- 13 MR OBHOF: [9:39:49]
- 14 Q. [9:39:52] Now Kal Okwera, could you tell the Court what that means, please?
- 15 A. [9:40:05] Yes, I can.
- 16 Q. [9:40:13] And please tell Court what that means.
- 17 A. [9:40:19] Kal Okwera is the clan where my father comes from. Sometimes back
- 18 there were issues in the home, so he said his clan does not like him. And that clan he
- 19 comes from is called Kal, so because of the issues his father had with the clan
- 20 members who were rejecting him, that is why he was given that name.
- 21 MR OBHOF: [9:41:05] Now, your Honour, if we could go into private session for
- 22 about two to three minutes just to ask some very -- questions of a personal nature.
- 23 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:41:14] Then we back -- no, we go to private
- 24 session first.
- 25 (Private session at 9.41 a.m.)

Trial Hearing (Private Session) ICC-02/04-01/15

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1 THE COURT OFFICER: [9:41:19] We are in private session, Mr President.

- 2 (Redacted)
- 3 (Redacted)
- 4 (Redacted)
- 5 (Redacted)
- 6 (Redacted)
- 7 (Redacted)
- 8 (Redacted)
- 9 (Redacted)
- 10 (Redacted)
- 11 (Open session at 9.42 a.m.)
- 12 THE COURT OFFICER: [9:42:57] We are back in open session, Mr President.
- 13 MR OBHOF: [9:43:10]
- 14 Q. [9:43:13] Could you please tell the Court your highest level of education.
- 15 A. [9:43:33] My highest level of education is primary 5.
- 16 Q. [9:43:40] Can you tell the Court why you stopped attending school.
- 17 A. [9:43:49] Yes, I can tell the Court why I stopped going to school.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:44:02] Please tell us.
- 19 THE WITNESS: [9:44:08](Interpretation) In 1986, when there was conflict, I was in
- 20 primary 5 at the time when the government was overthrown. So because of that
- 21 conflict, education was disrupted in most of the areas and I also didn't go back to
- school after that.
- 23 MR OBHOF: [9:44:43]
- Q. [9:44:44] Over the next few years, please tell the Court what you did for
- 25 remuneration or with your spare time, since you were so young.

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- 1 A. [9:45:04] Yes, I can explain.
- 2 Q. [9:45:17] Please explain.
- 3 A. [9:45:20] When I stopped going to school, my friends went back. What I did, I
- 4 went into farming, I would plant sugar cane, cassava; so I would sell this food crop
- 5 and raise money. So this is what I was doing majorly to raise money. I had also
- 6 lost my father.
- 7 Q. [9:45:57] Now as you got older, did you move into any other job?
- 8 A. [9:46:05] Yes, when I got older, yeah, there was some job which I was doing.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:46:25] I think Mr Gumpert would not complain if
- 10 you would be leading a little bit at least, this witness; I think there would be no
- 11 objections.
- 12 MR OBHOF: [9:46:36]
- 13 Q. [9:46:36] Mr Witness, did you eventually join the local defence units and forces
- 14 otherwise called the home guard?
- 15 A. [9:46:48] Yes, I did join.
- 16 Q. [9:46:54] Can you please tell Court when you joined the LDUs?
- 17 A. [9:47:08] Yes, I can tell.
- 18 Q. [9:47:14] So please tell the Court.
- 19 A. [9:47:20] I joined the LDU in 2000, the year 2000.
- 20 MR OBHOF: [9:47:39] Your Honour, if I may read from paragraph 1 of tab 1?
- 21 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:47:43] Of course, this suggests itself.
- 22 MR OBHOF: UGA-D26-0021-0336, page 0340.
- 23 Q. [9:48:06] Now Mr Witness, do you remember meeting the Defence and signing
- 24 the witness statement?
- 25 A. [9:48:12] Yes, I do recall.

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- 1 Q. [9:48:16] I'm going to read you a short sentence from paragraph 1 on page 0340.
- 2 On the first page it says: "I joined the LDU at the age of 15 in 1991."
- 3 Now Mr Witness, is that correct or is that the wrong date and age?
- 4 A. [9:48:42] You know, it was a back and forth. When I first joined, I came out
- 5 again and then went back, because, you know, even the salary wasn't there; it was not
- 6 a full military. So you would go in and opt out and then you can decide to go back
- 7 again.
- 8 Q. [9:49:10] When you first went in, in which year was that?
- 9 A. [9:49:18] It was 1992 because I first joined and came back home and it was
- 10 difficult; it was not easy to stay at home.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:49:40] I think you can move forward simply.
- 12 MR OBHOF: [9:49:42] Yes.
- 13 Q. [9:49:43] Now could you please tell the Court why you originally joined the
- 14 LDU?
- 15 A. [9:49:50] Yes, I can tell.
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:50:04] Simply, these "could" questions, I think
- simply ask him why, why and what happened then and so on and so forth. I think
- this would a little bit streamline the whole thing.
- 19 MR OBHOF: [9:50:21]
- 20 Q. [9:50:22] Why did you join the LDU?
- 21 A. [9:50:34] It was very hard to stay home. The situation was bad, the security
- 22 was good, so it was not easy to stay home.
- 23 Q. [9:50:42] Who recruited you?
- 24 A. [9:50:52] A call was sent out and the call was for local militia to be recruited so I
- also responded to that call.

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- 1 Q. [9:51:16] For how long did you train to become an LDU?
- 2 A. [9:51:23] I trained for nine months.
- 3 Q. [9:51:29] Where did you conduct your training to be an LDU?
- 4 A. [9:51:42] The training was in Bar-Dege area in Gulu.
- 5 Q. [9:52:01] Which government entity trained you?
- 6 A. [9:52:08] During that time, the entity that trained was called the NRA. It had
- 7 not yet changed to UPDF.
- 8 Q. [9:52:29] How many persons were trained at Bar-Dege with you?
- 9 A. [9:52:42] We were very many people. Some people escaped, but some of us
- 10 remained until the end of the training.
- 11 Q. [9:52:56] By "very many", do you mean 50, maybe 100 or even more than 100?
- 12 A. [9:53:08] At that training wing, the number was more than 100 people.
- 13 Q. [9:53:22] If you know, what was the approximate age of the persons training
- 14 with you at Bar-Dege?
- 15 A. [9:53:43] Well, it -- it's difficult to guess the ages of the different person who
- were there because you can't know their birth dates.
- 17 Q. [9:54:04] Did it appear that there were people who were younger than you
- 18 there?
- 19 A. [9:54:19] There were people of different sizes. There were those who were
- 20 older than me, they were also there.
- 21 Q. [9:54:30] What type of weapons were you trained on by the NRA at Bar-Dege?
- 22 A. [9:54:41] We were trained how to march. Then the guns that we were trained
- 23 on included pistols, SMG, LMG. For LMG, we were trained how to dismantle; we
- 24 didn't get training on support weapons.
- Q. [9:55:16] So when you say you were not trained on support weapons, does that

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- 1 mean you were not trained on weapons like PKMs and PKs?
- 2 A. [9:55:31] We did not get training on that because we were told that those who
- 3 had a higher level of education would be retained and they would go for further
- 4 trainings.
- 5 Q. [9:55:55] Other than learning how to parade, what other type of tactical training
- 6 did you receive at Bar-Dege?
- 7 A. [9:56:15] We were also trained on the rules of war, that when you go to any
- 8 battle you should respect the civilians, you should not pull a gun or civilians, you
- 9 should not even loot their property. Your role is to protect the civilians.
- 10 Q. [9:56:45] Did everyone at the Bar-Dege training facility receive the same
- 11 training?
- 12 A. [9:56:57] Everyone who went to that training wing participated in because you
- 13 would all be collected together so you were part of the people who were there in the
- training. So the different trainers would train you on the areas that you are
- 15 knowledgeable in. So if you are in the section for firing or arms, you will also be
- 16 trained on those.
- 17 Q. [9:57:36] When you finished your training, did you feel confident that you
- 18 received enough training to help protect the local population?
- 19 A. [9:57:46] Yes, I had belief in the training because some of those things I didn't
- 20 know. I didn't know how to dismantle a gun, but when I went there, I was able to
- 21 learn. And I also followed the rules that I acquired from there.
- 22 Q. [9:58:20] Now were you deployed immediately after you finished your training
- 23 at Bar-Dege?
- 24 A. [9:58:31] After the training, people were deployed to different locations to
- 25 provide security services and I went to my area.

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:58:51] I think, Mr Obhof, you can directly steer at
- 2 Lukodi, so to speak, because the different locations where he was detached are not so
- 3 important in my opinion.
- 4 MR OBHOF: [9:59:03] Well, I'm not going really through that.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: Okay, good.
- 6 MR OBHOF: [9:59:05] I just want to get a part of a step in order to explain what he
- 7 had said earlier about -- it will take a few minutes and it's to help ease the witness.
- 8 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:59:16] Yes, but you know, it's -- we know what it
- 9 is, in effect, what we are talking about here. But I would really ask you to be very
- 10 concise in that respect.
- 11 MR OBHOF: [9:59:25] Yes.
- 12 Q. [9:59:28] Now moving forward, do you remember where you were deployed to
- in the summer around July of 2003?
- 14 A. [9:59:50] Yes, I remember.
- 15 Q. [9:59:55] Where were you deployed?
- 16 A. [10:00:01] And at that time I worked in Lugore, I worked in Cet Kana, and then
- 17 afterwards I went to Lukodi.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:00:26] For how long did you stay in Lukodi?
- 19 THE WITNESS: [10:00:32](Interpretation) I did not take long in Lukodi.
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:00:39] Do you remember it more exactly when
- 21 you say you didn't take long? You said you arrived there sometime in summer 2003,
- 22 and for how did you stay there?
- 23 THE WITNESS: [10:00:54](Interpretation) You know, sometimes I would go and
- stay there and then move and stay in another place, but I stayed there and I know the
- 25 kind of situation that was there at that time.

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:01:11] So perhaps I give it another try.
- 2 When you said you arrived in summer 2003, did you stay there only for a couple of
- 3 weeks, for a couple of months, half a year, a year or even more? Of course you
- 4 might not remember exactly the days, but you might remember at least the time in
- 5 general.
- 6 THE WITNESS: [10:01:38](Interpretation) When I was taken to Lukodi, I stayed in
- 7 July, and when there was an attack on Lukodi I was there.
- 8 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:02:01] In your recollection, how much time after
- 9 you arrived at Lukodi this attack took place?
- 10 THE WITNESS: [10:02:13](Interpretation) What happened in Lukodi happened
- when I was there and that happened in the year 2004. I arrived there in 2003, July,
- and I was there for all that time. And I know how everything happened there.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:02:42] Thank you.
- 14 I think we will come to that, Mr Obhof.
- 15 MR OBHOF: [10:02:46]
- 16 Q. [10:02:48] Now, during the time between your LDU training and arriving at
- 17 Lukodi, did you have any refresher courses with the NRA or the UPDF?
- 18 A. [10:03:12] No, I did not get any further training.
- 19 Q. [10:03:22] When you were sent to a detach, did the LDUs lead the detach?
- 20 A. [10:03:45] Where we were taken, you know, during that time the LDUs did not
- 21 have any ranks, so they would select somebody from the NRA or UPDF to be the one
- 22 in charge.
- Q. [10:04:14] Now, during the course of your work, how did the LDU, the normal
- 24 LDU coordinate with the NRA or the UPDF?
- 25 A. [10:04:28] Most times they would move together because there was no radio,

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- 1 unless you get a commander from the NRA who would be having a walkie-talkie,
- 2 then you would have a radio. But otherwise you will be moving without anyone
- 3 having a radio.
- 4 Q. [10:05:06] When you arrived at Lukodi, how recent had Lukodi IDP camp been
- 5 formed?
- 6 A. [10:05:18] I came and found the camp was already established, but I don't know
- 7 when exactly it was established.
- 8 Q. [10:05:39] Can the court officer please pull up tab 2, that's UGA-D26-0021-0226.
- 9 And as I forgot to make a redacted version of this, it cannot be shown to the public
- 10 during this session.
- 11 Mr Witness, do you see a drawing on your screen?
- 12 A. [10:06:28] Yes, I do.
- 13 Q. [10:06:36] Do you remember drawing this when you were interviewed by the
- 14 Defence?
- 15 A. [10:06:45] Yes, I do.
- 16 Q. [10:06:53] Now what is this a drawing of, Mr Witness?
- 17 A. [10:06:59] That was the arrangement of the camp, how the camp was established
- and how we were positioned around the camp, the roads that were crossing by, the
- 19 school, and then the hills.
- 20 Q. [10:07:23] Now could you please -- can you tell the Court, or please tell the
- 21 Court where the LDU barracks was located on this map.
- 22 A. [10:07:42] The barracks was surrounding the camp, the camp was inside and the
- 23 barracks was out. The houses were inside the camp and then the barracks was
- 24 encompassing the camp.
- 25 Q. [10:08:13] Could you please tell us on this map where the UPDF barracks was

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- 1 located.
- 2 A. [10:08:23] The UPDF barracks was on top of the hill. They had a 14 gun. And
- 3 where they were, it was on the eastern side. When you are using -- the road going to
- 4 Palaro would be behind you. If you are standing on the hill, you will be seeing the
- 5 road going to Palaro on the west.
- 6 MR OBHOF: [10:09:03] Now if the court officer could please give me control of
- 7 evidence 2. This is going to be tab 4, UGA-D26-0027-0014.
- 8 THE COURT OFFICER: [10:09:46] The evidence will be shown on channel 2.
- 9 MR OBHOF: [10:09:51]
- 10 Q. [10:09:54] Mr Witness, can you look at your computer screen again on channel 2.
- 11 Could someone confirm that we are on that -- it is on channel 2, please.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:10:26] I think it should be. At least for the
- 13 Chamber it is visible.
- 14 So at the video-link location, Mr Tookwaro, do you see it on the screen? This is an
- 15 aerial view of the scenery?
- 16 THE WITNESS: [10:10:49](Interpretation) I have seen somewhere there is some
- 17 white spot somewhere. I am seeing somewhere in the picture, I think the camera
- 18 was pointing somewhere that has some light.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:11:08] No, I'm -- the question was if you see on
- 20 the screen this aerial picture of the region. And then I think if you confirm,
- 21 Mr Obhof will have a question with regard to this photograph.
- 22 THE WITNESS: [10:11:28](Interpretation) Yes, I have seen it.
- 23 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:11:33] Please, Mr Obhof.
- 24 MR OBHOF: [10:11:34]
- 25 Q. [10:11:37] Now, Mr Witness, the UPDF barracks you talk about on Lukodi hill, is

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- 1 this the barracks which you were discussing?
- 2 A. [10:12:02] The white one? Yes, it is.
- 3 MS NUZBAN: [10:12:08] Your Honour.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:12:10] Ms Nuzban.
- 5 MS NUZBAN: [10:12:10] May we kindly request the counsel on the other side to not
- 6 lead on these matters and ask open questions.
- 7 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:12:19] Yes. But, but -- yes, in principle, yes, but
- 8 I think with the witness here at the video-link location, I would not, I would not really
- 9 have a problem with that. Yes, we let it pass as it was, I would say.
- 10 Please continue, Mr Obhof.
- 11 MR OBHOF: [10:12:40]
- 12 Q. [10:12:41] Now, Mr Witness --
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:12:41] When you want to locate further things --
- 14 MR OBHOF: Yes.
- 15 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: -- we should try to really involve the witness more.
- 16 This is what Ms Nuzban means and is, of course, in principle, correct.
- But I think why I say, Ms Nuzban, it's not a problem, we have the statement of the
- 18 witness and he speaks of a hill, and I think we also have -- we have been there last
- 19 year and we have seen the location ourselves; so there is some background to it.
- 20 Mr Obhof.
- 21 MR OBHOF: [10:13:12]
- 22 Q. [10:13:14] When you arrived at Lukodi, did this barracks already exist?
- 23 A. [10:13:29] Yes. There was a big gun called 14 on top of that hill; that was where
- 24 the NRA were stationed, and they were stationed there with the big gun.
- 25 Q. [10:13:54] How far were the civilian homes from the LDU barracks?

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1 A. [10:14:21] Well, the homes were a bit scattered. But from the western side, they

- 2 were on the other side of the road, especially on the road that was going to Patiko.
- 3 But on the eastern side, in between the road to Awach, the houses, the settlements
- 4 were all established near the school and all mixed up around there.
- 5 Q. [10:14:57] How far were the civilian homes from the LDU barracks?
- 6 A. [10:15:11] When we arrived there, people were already placed in the camp.
- 7 LDUs started making their buildings next to the civilian houses. We came and
- 8 found when they had already dug trenches around the houses of the civilians.
- 9 Q. [10:15:38] If I may read from paragraph 6, adjusting the distance, please, and at
- 10 page 0340 in tab 1.
- 11 Mr Witness, you previously told the Defence that the LDU barracks was close to the
- 12 IDP camp, maybe 10 metres east of the camp. Is that correct? Does that refresh
- 13 your memory, Mr Witness?
- 14 A. [10:16:06] Yes, that refreshes my memory, but that barracks was established and
- 15 then it was demolished. We arrived when they were demolishing that and we came
- and found from our commander that we should live within the camp, but we -- when
- we arrived there, the barracks was there, about 10 metres away from the camp, but it
- 18 was being dismantled.
- 19 Q. [10:16:42] When you arrived at Lukodi IDP camp, how many LDUs were there?
- 20 A. [10:16:50] When we arrived there, we found there was a good number of the
- 21 LDUs, but later on, because of lack of remuneration, people started abandoning the
- 22 forces. Sometimes we would stay for three or four months without money and
- eventually most of the people ran away. We were left with only about 29 people.
- Q. [10:17:24] And when you first arrived at Lukodi IDP camp, around how many
- 25 UPDF soldiers were there?

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- 1 A. [10:17:39] The way I saw, that would be about a platoon, which would
- 2 constitute about 30 or so people.
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:17:56] Did these 30 people stay at Lukodi for all
- 4 the time you were there?
- 5 THE WITNESS: [10:18:04](Interpretation) There was one time they just left in the
- 6 night and they never told us why they were leaving. We just realised later that they
- 7 had left. We never got to know where they were going and we were wondering
- 8 why did they have to leave?
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:18:28] Do you recall when this happened?
- 10 THE WITNESS: [10:18:32](Interpretation) I don't clearly recall that. It's quite
- 11 a while ago. I cannot recall when exactly.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:18:43] Did this happen before the attack on
- 13 Lukodi you mentioned already?
- 14 THE WITNESS: [10:18:50](Interpretation) That was before the attack.
- 15 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:18:57] Does that mean that on the day of the
- attack at Lukodi there were no UPDF soldiers in the camp?
- 17 THE WITNESS: [10:19:07](Interpretation) The UPDF soldiers were on top of the hill
- where the other big gun was, but the LDUs were the ones who were in the camp.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:19:21] I think you will come to that later on,
- 20 Mr Obhof, but I wanted to a little bit foreshadow it and perhaps accelerate it even a
- 21 little bit.
- 22 MR OBHOF: [10:19:32] We will clarify that a little bit later, yes.
- 23 MR OBHOF: [10:19:35]
- Q. [10:19:35] Mr Witness, what type of police presence was at Lukodi when you
- 25 arrived?

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- 1 A. [10:19:47] There was no police presence in Lukodi.
- 2 Q. [10:19:58] How were internal problems at Lukodi IDP camp governed without
- 3 police?
- 4 A. [10:20:12] The governance was in such a manner that, you know, there
- 5 was -- some people were elected and then they picked one person to be the camp
- 6 commandant and they were the people who were selected to govern the camp. They
- 7 were selected from the youth. And whenever there was a problem, they would try
- 8 to solve it within there, but in some cases they would invite the police from the town
- 9 to come and handle the issues.
- 10 Q. [10:21:02] Can you estimate the number of people at Lukodi when you arrived?
- 11 A. [10:21:20] It was a fairly big camp, but because the -- the houses were
- 12 haphazardly arranged and it was difficult to estimate the number of people, but there
- 13 were very many.
- 14 Q. [10:21:48] Were there curfews at the camp?
- 15 A. [10:21:58] Yes.
- 16 Q. [10:22:11] At what times did the curfew begin and end?
- 17 A. [10:22:18] In the night nobody -- the time when nobody is allowed to move
- anywhere from the camp would be at 3 p.m. -- sorry, 9 p.m., and at that time, you
- 19 were supposed to turn off all the lights and you should go to bed.
- 20 Q. [10:22:51] At what time did the curfew end in the morning?
- 21 A. [10:23:01] In the morning, they would first send out intelligence officers to move
- 22 out when the soldiers are -- for a fall-in. They will send some soldiers for a patrol,
- 23 and if they move to survey the roads, the different roads and then returned, that's the
- 24 time when people would be allowed to move out and that should be -- that would
- 25 start about 8 to 8.30, after they have returned with the reports.

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- 1 Q. [10:23:51] We're going to talk a little bit about food, Mr Witness. Who gave
- 2 food to the IDPs?
- 3 A. [10:24:06] Food was given by the UN.
- 4 Q. [10:24:19] On which day of the month was the food received by the camp
- 5 residents?
- 6 A. [10:24:38] There was no clear date, but most times they would bring towards the
- 7 end of the month, but sometimes they would bring it even later.
- 8 Q. [10:25:02] Who would receive the food shipments from the UN? Or better put,
- 9 who would help unload the shipments from the UN?
- 10 A. [10:25:22] The UN workers would be the ones to offload the food items. They
- are helped by those people who will have been selected from the group and they're
- the ones who oversee the distribution.
- 13 Q. [10:25:46] Were the LDUs and UPDF allowed to unload the food from the UN?
- 14 A. [10:26:00] It was not acceptable, they were not allowed to go even near or enter
- 15 that vehicle. They would not even carry the food items.
- 16 Q. [10:26:16] You mentioned that the food would then be distributed. How was
- 17 the food distributed amongst the camp residents?
- 18 A. [10:26:35] It depends on the number of people you've registered in your
- 19 household. They would ration basing on that number. They would get the number
- 20 of people in the household and then apportion accordingly. Everyone was
- 21 registered with the number of children in their households.
- 22 Q. [10:27:02] Now you talked about the camp commandant; how was he paid or
- 23 she? How was the camp commandant paid?
- A. [10:27:30] There was no payment for the camp commandant, only that he would
- 25 receive the food items because -- because he was a leader not being remunerated; so

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- 1 he would be given more than anyone else.
- 2 Q. [10:27:59] From where did the LDUs and UPDF receive their food?
- 3 A. [10:28:07] The food was brought from the main barracks, fourth division
- 4 barracks from Gulu, and they would be brought and then distributed using cups.
- 5 Q. [10:28:33] Did the LDU and UPDF attempt to keep these government shipments
- 6 of food secret?
- 7 A. [10:28:53] The military vehicle that is carrying food items would be seen and
- 8 identified by the people, but whatever they would bring would only be enough to be
- 9 distributed to the people. They would not be stored anywhere. Most times they
- 10 know that if they distribute these, the food items would be able to last for a week, and
- 11 then the next week they would bring some more.
- 12 Q. [10:29:31] How long before the attack on Lukodi did the government send
- a food shipment to the LDUs and UPDF?
- 14 A. [10:29:45] It had taken a bit of a while because sometimes it would happen that
- 15 food items from the stores were depleted and they would have to look around for
- where to get food from. So sometimes there was a shortage of food.
- 17 Q. [10:30:22] Had the IDP camp received its monthly shipment of food from the
- 18 UN at the time of the Lukodi attack?
- 19 A. [10:30:38] At the time of the attack, there was no food distribution yet.
- 20 Q. [10:30:50] Now when the food was given to the LDUs, do you remember how
- 21 much food you received? You mentioned a cup, but how much food of what?
- 22 A. [10:31:20] I would receive beans and posho and also I would get salt.
- 23 MR OBHOF: [10:31:39] Now if I could get evidence 2 back up again, please, I'm
- 24 going to show tab 4 once more.
- 25 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:31:49] And now a little bit less leading, to pick

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- 1 up what Ms Nuzban complained about with some justification, so to speak.
- 2 MR OBHOF: [10:32:14]
- 3 Q. [10:32:15] Now while we wait for the control to be given over, was the food
- 4 which the government gave to the LDUs and UPDF, was it enough?
- 5 THE COURT OFFICER: [10:32:36] Counsel, you have the floor.
- 6 THE WITNESS: [10:32:39](Interpretation) Sometimes it would come and it would be
- 7 very inadequate; sometimes it would be enough, but it was really varying. At
- 8 a point in time it would come, adequate food, but sometimes it would be inadequate.
- 9 MR OBHOF: [10:33:02]
- 10 Q. [10:33:04] Now, Mr Witness, can you see that same map we looked at earlier,
- can you see the satellite photo again on your computer screen?
- 12 A. [10:33:15] Yes, I can see it.
- 13 Q. [10:33:23] Now you can see my hand right here, the hand moving around?
- 14 A. [10:33:34] Yes.
- 15 Q. [10:33:36] Could you please tell me where to move this hand to show the Judges
- where the granaries were which the IDPs stored their grain when you were an LDU at
- 17 Lukodi?
- 18 A. [10:33:57] There was no store in Lukodi, but maybe you try to locate and then I
- 19 can follow.
- 20 Q. [10:34:20] I think the witness -- you answered my question, Mr Witness. Yes.
- 21 And for the record, co-counsel Chief Charles Achaleke Taku has arrived in court.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:34:45] Indeed.
- 23 MR TAKU: [10:34:49] I'm sorry to come late, your Honours. We were trying to
- 24 deal with something in the office with my colleagues.
- 25 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:34:56] No, thank you very much.

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- 1 MR OBHOF: [10:34:58]
- 2 Q. [10:35:06] Mr Witness, you said sometimes that the shipments of food from the
- 3 government was not enough. How would you supplement your food if it was one
- 4 of those weeks where you did not have enough food?
- 5 A. [10:35:36] Well, there's nothing else to do, but sometimes when we go for patrol,
- 6 we would also get cassava that we would find in the fields along the way; so we
- 7 would uproot those cassava and come back and prepare that for our meals.
- 8 Q. [10:36:12] Whose cassava was that that you sometimes uproot?
- 9 A. [10:36:21] Some of these cassava were abandoned by the owners who had fled.
- 10 Sometimes we also find the owners in the garden and they would tell us to uproot
- and take to eat. So we would also request, sometimes we also request them to give
- us something, so they would give us because also they understood the situation in
- which we were operating, because we sometimes don't have enough, so they would
- 14 actually allow and give us some food from their gardens.
- 15 Q. [10:37:01] Now did the LDUs and UPDF regularly interact with the civilians in
- 16 the IDP camp?
- 17 A. [10:37:49] Well, the rule also did not allow someone with a gun to go and freely
- interact with the civilians, you have to stay away. But if you are going to buy
- something in the centre, just go and buy and then return to your base.
- 20 Q. [10:38:22] And by "centre", I assume you mean trading centre; is that correct?
- 21 A. [10:38:29] Yes, there was a trading centre nearby.
- Q. [10:38:41] Now once you went to the trading centre, would you still wear your
- 23 uniforms?
- A. [10:38:52] At that time, because there is nowhere you can leave your uniform or
- 25 leave your gun, you go quickly and buy your item and return. But if you delay,

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there is a group of military who were selected called the RP, they would quickly

- 2 move to collect you if you delay.
- 3 Q. [10:39:30] When you were at Lukodi, did the LDUs or UPDF ever sleep
- 4 withinside of the camp?
- 5 A. [10:39:52] No, no one was sleeping inside the camp except we would exchange
- 6 with the patrol, because for us we didn't have the big guns so when we were going
- 7 out for patrol and we meet them, we also -- we also receive the support weapons from
- 8 them and we would go for our patrols.
- 9 Q. [10:40:34] This trading centre, where was the trading centre located in relation to
- 10 the Gulu-Patiko road?
- 11 A. [10:40:45] The trading centre is located on the western side of the road going to
- 12 Patiko. So even up to now, that's where the centre is, it's growing only on one side
- where it was before, because the other side of the road there is a school.
- 14 MR OBHOF: [10:41:28] If the Court could please pull up tab 2 again, it's
- 15 D26-0021-0226.
- 16 Q. [10:42:08] Mr Witness, can you see this, your handmade drawing again?
- 17 A. [10:42:17] Yes, I can see.
- 18 Q. [10:42:21] Now here on the top left you have labelled Patiko and Gulu. Is that
- 19 the Gulu-Patiko Road that you just mentioned?
- 20 A. [10:42:45] Yes, that's the road I'm talking about, the one that is going to Patiko
- 21 and then, as you see the arrow pointing upward is the one that's going to Patiko, you
- 22 move slightly ahead of that where there are mango trees, that's when you find the
- 23 centre.
- Q. [10:43:13] Now you also see this word in the middle of page towards the top,
- 25 which says "Awach." Can you explain what that is?

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- 1 A. [10:43:25] That is a road that separated the school and it leads you to Awach.
- 2 Now as you take that route going to Awach, the hill is on to the right. So if you are
- 3 on that junction of Patiko-Gulu, the road to Awach, you face eastwards, so that's the
- 4 direction.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:44:12] That is quite clear, Mr Obhof, I think, also
- 6 to compare it with the aerial view.
- 7 MR OBHOF: [10:44:18]
- 8 Q. [10:44:19] One final question about this. When you are going to Awach along
- 9 the Awach road, do you cross any streams or rivers?
- 10 A. [10:44:36] If you're following that road, yes, you will walk for some good
- distance and then you will cross river Unyama, but it's quite a distance from that
- 12 junction.
- 13 Q. [10:45:01] Now when you came to Lukodi, was there a bridge built across the
- 14 Unyama river on the Awach road?
- 15 A. [10:45:20] Yes, there was a bridge. Even up to now there is a bridge. It had
- 16 collapsed at some point in time, but it was rehabilitated so now it's still there.
- 17 Q. [10:45:50] Now Mr Witness, you mentioned that the -- when you arrived the
- 18 barracks was being destroyed. Where did the LDUs live when they weren't on
- 19 patrol?
- 20 A. [10:46:14] When I arrived, we found that we were not allowed any more to dig
- 21 trenches from within the camp. We were only told to dig trenches from the external
- 22 perimeter of the camps. So that's what we do; just erect some shelters where you
- 23 could keep your items that you use for cooking.
- Q. [10:47:03] So these shelters along the external perimeter of the camp, what did
- 25 they look like?

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- 1 A. [10:47:16] Well, those were shelters that you construct from poles that you cut
- 2 from the bush and then you just cover with grass and you used that. So all the rest
- 3 of the other UPDF also and the LDUs used the same structure.
- 4 Q. [10:48:03] How did it look with respect to the homes being built by the IDPs?
- 5 A. [10:48:13] Well, the difference is very little from the ones that are in the camp
- 6 because usually it's just a temporary shelter to rescue people, to provide shelter to the
- 7 population. But then later on, when people continued staying in the camp, the camp
- 8 residents started constructing their house using mud and wattle and sometimes they
- 9 also lay blocks, which they use for their construction. But at beginning it was a very
- simple temporary structure that were erected.
- 11 Q. [10:49:10] Did the structures which the LDUs had to make, did those structures
- 12 look like civilian structures?
- 13 MR GUMPERT: [10:49:26] I object to that suggestion.
- 14 MR OBHOF: [10:49:31] It's not a suggestion, your Honour, it's a direct question, it's
- 15 not a leading question. And the witness already explained it pretty much as it is.
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:49:39] Yes, I think we please continue.
- 17 How did these huts or whatsoever, these buildings, I would word them, how did they
- look like compared with the buildings of the civilians?
- 19 THE WITNESS: [10:49:55](Interpretation) The LDU huts were taken out from the
- 20 camps for at least five metres from the one of the civilians. And in front of their huts,
- 21 there is a trench which they have dug; so they're actually a little further away from
- 22 the civilian houses, at least by about five metres.
- 23 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:50:36] And the huts as such, did they look like
- 24 the huts of the civilians?
- 25 THE WITNESS: [10:50:43](Interpretation) Yes, all these -- all these huts up -- except

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- 1 the one for the *adakis*, even the civilian also had a very similar structure like ours.
- 2 Only that in the camp they don't dig trenches and they are not -- and they are not in
- 3 a linear form; they are just scattered. But they would also leave some space
- 4 in-between their huts so that they can be able to move in-between; so that's how they
- 5 created the space.
- 6 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:51:22] I think you can move on, Mr Obhof.
- 7 MR OBHOF: [10:51:26]
- 8 Q. [10:51:29] Taking a few steps back to civilian interactions, would the UPDF or
- 9 LDUs, would they go to local drinking spots and drink with civilians when they were
- 10 off duty?
- 11 MS NUZBAN: [10:51:56] Your Honour, I understand we objected a few times, but
- 12 I'm afraid this is a suggestive question. Can it be rephrased in a more open manner.
- 13 MR OBHOF: [10:52:06] Your Honour, there is no suggestions asking --
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:52:08] No (Overlapping speakers).
- 15 MR OBHOF: [10:52:08] -- whether they went drinking.
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:52:08] No, I also think so. No, no, I think
- 17 there is no problem with this question. I think -- but this is the only one in this
- direction that we should really ask furthermore because he has already answered
- 19 something in that respect.
- 20 So you can answer the question, Mr Witness: Did the LDUs when they were not on
- 21 duty sometimes go into the village and have a drink with civilians, for example?
- 22 THE WITNESS: [10:52:38](Interpretation) It was not allowed for them to go and mix
- 23 with the civilians, but usually what happens is that if you are not working, if you are
- 24 not deployed, you are only allowed to go and buy and then return and take it from
- 25 your -- your detachment.

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- 1 So the rule didn't allow -- it didn't allow even the UPDF or the LDU to go and mix
- 2 and drink with them, but if you're not on deployment, you can go and buy and return
- 3 and take it from your detachment.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:53:26] But we all know that rules are not always
- 5 obeyed. So did this happen that this rule not to stay in the village and not to drink,
- 6 for example, with civilians, did -- had this been obeyed always by everyone of the
- 7 LDU and UPDF, to your knowledge?
- 8 THE WITNESS: [10:53:54](Interpretation) Well, you know, where people are
- 9 gathered, many people there have different characters. Some of the people that were
- 10 there would even violate some of these rules. Some of the things happened, some
- 11 would just go and mix with the civilian and when they return, they're punished. So
- 12 the characters were quite different.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:54:22] I think we all understand. Please move
- 14 on, Mr Obhof. It could also have a --
- 15 MR OBHOF: [10:54:28] And I'm merely noting tabs 5 and 6 --
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:54:29] Yes, yes, okay.
- 17 MR OBHOF: [10:54:30] -- discussion, which is the reason for the final follow-up
- 18 question, which is UGA-OTP-0191-0083 and UGA-OTP-0191-0107.
- 19 Your Honours, I'm noticing the time and I'm going to be moving on to a different
- 20 section. I think I might be able to finish next session, but I definitely will finish
- 21 within 30 minutes after the lunch break today.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:55:10] We have a -- it is not a problem, but I
- 23 think we should have, for certain reasons, an earlier lunch break at 12.30. So you
- 24 would finish then in the afternoon session.
- 25 MR OBHOF: [10:55:21] That's perfectly fine, yes, like even if we took (overlapping

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- 1 speakers)
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:55:23] This should not encourage you to prolong,
- 3 of course, but just to announce it now.
- 4 We have now the coffee break until 11.30, but for very important reasons we have to
- 5 shorten the next session a little bit and have all the time after 2 o'clock for the
- 6 afternoon. Yes?
- 7 THE COURT USHER: [10:55:45] All rise.
- 8 (Recess taken at 10.55 p.m.)
- 9 (Upon resuming in open session at 11.30 a.m.)
- 10 THE COURT USHER: [11:30:30] All rise.
- 11 Please be seated.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:30:49] Mr Obhof, you still have the floor.
- 13 MR OBHOF: [11:30:55] I don't know, but I think there is somebody new on
- 14 the Prosecution side.
- 15 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:30:59] Then we should --
- 16 MR OBHOF: [11:31:02] Maybe I'm wrong, I might not have seen Sanyu earlier.
- 17 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:31:06] But I think the person, at least the person
- 18 who is supposed to be new should know. And since we have no arm-raising or
- 19 anything, then I think everything is okay. So please proceed, Mr Obhof.
- 20 MR OBHOF: [11:31:18] I stand corrected and feel like an idiot.
- 21 Q. [11:31:26] Good afternoon, Mr Witness.
- 22 A. [11:31:30] Good afternoon.
- Q. [11:31:31] I'm going to ask a few follow-up questions about where you lived at
- 24 Lukodi.
- Now, these huts that you described that were about 5 metres from the perimeter, who

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- 1 stayed in these huts?
- 2 A. [11:32:05] These huts were for the civilians. They had established them earlier
- 3 before the camp was established there. Most of them were on the eastern side of the
- 4 camp.
- 5 Q. [11:32:25] I definitely did not explain well enough. The huts you described that
- 6 had the, the trenches around them, who stayed in those huts?
- 7 A. [11:32:50] Those huts were for the LDUs, because the civilians were inside the
- 8 camp and, for us, we had established our base outside the camp.
- 9 Q. [11:33:16] Now you had mentioned earlier in the day that you had been at a few
- 10 other places as an LDU. How did the LDUs stay or sleep there?
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:33:30] That's too complicated because he has
- 12 stayed in so many places.
- 13 MR OBHOF: Okay.
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:33:35] I think you can, can ask more directly,
- and without the Prosecution objecting, for example, in that you simply ask him if this
- was the normal arrangement from his experience of LDU detachments.
- 17 MR OBHOF: [11:33:52] Thank you, your Honour.
- 18 Q. [11:33:55] So, Mr Tookwaro, the arrangement in which you stayed at in Lukodi,
- 19 was that a normal arrangement in other camps in which you protected?
- 20 A. [11:34:16] In the other places we were not necessarily beside the camp, because
- 21 the barracks was the a bit far away. For instance, in Lugore, the barracks was
- 22 completely detached from the camp. Even in Cet Kana, we were not in the camp.
- 23 At Coo Pe, I was on the western side of the camp. That arrangement was only in
- 24 Lukole -- Lukodi, rather. When I went to Lukodi, I found that the people were -- the
- 25 LDUs were surrounding the camp. And the space in between our huts and the huts

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- 1 of the camp residents was about 5 metres.
- 2 Q. [11:35:22] Did you ever come to learn why the LDUs stayed in huts at Lukodi
- 3 like this?
- 4 A. [11:35:42] Well, it was difficult for me to get to understand that, because where
- 5 I was living it was not the same arrangement.
- 6 Q. [11:35:59] Other than the trench, how could someone not from Lukodi
- 7 distinguish between these huts and the civilian huts?
- 8 A. [11:36:30] Whoever was not living there, if they had not come nearby, they
- 9 would not really be able to distinguish. They would only be able to segregate
- 10 between the two if they saw the trenches because ours had the trenches and then the
- ones of the civilians did not have.
- 12 Q. [11:36:55] Other than the detach on Lukodi hill, what was the closest UPDF
- 13 detach to Lukodi?
- 14 A. [11:37:19] There was no other detachment nearby. The only detach that was
- 15 there was the one on top of the hill, because they had a big gun up there and they
- 16 were guarding that gun. They were supposed to station up on the hill and then the
- other people would stay down with the civilians.
- 18 Q. [11:37:46] Now I'm going to ask you a few names of locations and could you
- 19 please tell Court if you remember if there was a military detachment in these towns or
- 20 villages.
- 21 Awach, was there a military detach in Awach?
- 22 A. [11:38:09] Yes, there were soldiers there.
- 23 Q. [11:38:15] About how far is Awach from Lukodi?
- 24 A. [11:38:30] Awach is far.
- 25 Q. [11:38:43] Coo Pe, was there a detach in Coo Pe?

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- 1 A. [11:38:51] Yes.
- 2 Q. [11:38:57] About how far is Coo Pe from Lukodi?
- 3 A. [11:39:08] That would be between 3 and 4 miles.
- 4 Q. [11:39:19] It's about 4.8 to 6.4 kilometres.
- 5 And finally Gwengdiya, was there a military detach in Gwengdiya?
- 6 A. [11:39:36] Yes, it was there in Gwengdiya.
- 7 Q. [11:39:42] And finally, about how far from Lukodi is Gwengdiya?
- 8 A. [11:40:00] Well, that is even further than Lukodi and Coo Pe, because it is in
- 9 between Awach and Lukodi. Awach is nearer to Gwengdiya than Lukodi.
- 10 Q. [11:40:27] Now, thinking of the IDP camp, how were persons -- how or why did
- 11 persons go to the IDP camp?
- 12 A. [11:40:47] It was an order from the government, they said everyone should go to
- the camp and nobody should move beyond 10 p.m.
- 14 Q. [11:41:09] From what you observed, did the government help these people move
- 15 to the camp?
- 16 A. [11:41:36] The government decided that people should move to the camps so
- 17 that it will make it simpler for the soldiers to fight the rebels. But I also know that
- even when people were taken to the camps, the lives in the camps were really very
- 19 difficult for the people.
- 20 Q. [11:42:02] When new persons arrived at Lukodi, were they given supplies from
- 21 the government to help build their new homes?
- 22 A. [11:42:23] Well, I am not very sure, but I think when the people were coming,
- 23 they would come and then go to the camp leaders and they would -- the camp leaders
- 24 would be the ones to help them to settle there. I didn't see anybody receiving any
- 25 help from the government, except when they were going to the camp leaders and

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- then asking to be allowed to go and cut trees and get poles for their buildings.
- 2 Q. [11:42:58] Now we are going to discuss a little bit about the LDU and the UPDF.
- 3 To whom did you report when you were stationed at Lukodi?
- 4 A. [11:43:23] As LDU we had a commander who was coming from the UPDF, but
- 5 each time would send us for patrol, we would return and report back to him. Then
- 6 he would forward our report. Because he is one person who was deployed to us,
- 7 then he would pick the reports from us and then forward it to the people who
- 8 deployed him.
- 9 Q. [11:43:53] When you were an LDU did you ever learn the chain of command of
- 10 the UPDF?
- 11 A. [11:44:17] According to what I saw, and based on what the instructor who was
- training us, said they had ranks like corporal, sergeant, and I didn't see any second
- 13 lieutenant. There was only one person who was in charge of a platoon, but I didn't
- see any other ranks. For us, the LDUs, we were also without any ranks.
- 15 Q. [11:44:56] What type of uniforms did the UPDF wear?
- 16 A. [11:45:10] They were putting on camouflage, with many colours, green, black
- 17 and the likes.
- 18 Q. [11:45:30] What types of uniforms did the LDUs wear?
- 19 A. [11:45:44] We were putting on plain army-green uniforms.
- 20 Q. [11:45:58] Whilst stationed at Lukodi, what type of weapons did the LDUs
- 21 carry?
- 22 A. [11:46:14] We had SMGs. We also had some LMGs. But PKs, mortars, 60
- 23 millimetres and the other kind of guns were not with us, they were with the UPDF.
- 24 MR OBHOF: [11:46:40] Your Honour, I will ask him about the a specific weapon, if
- 25 they carried it.

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:46:45] Yes.
- 2 MR OBHOF: [11:46:46]
- 3 Q. [11:46:46] Did the LDUs have an RPG?
- 4 A. [11:46:59] There was an RPG and the person who, who was carrying it was
- 5 somebody who was already seasoned and he knew how to operate it.
- 6 Q. [11:47:18] And for clarity, when you mentioned this heavy weaponry, you
- 7 talked about the PKs, the mortars, the 60 millimetres. Where were those located?
- 8 A. [11:47:42] These guns that were with the UPDF were on top of that hill, which
- 9 was on the eastern side. They had the 14 millimetre and other guns.
- 10 Q. [11:48:14] And, Mr Witness, you mentioned patrols earlier today. Now, when
- 11 you first arrived at Lukodi, how often did these patrols which left the camp take
- 12 place?
- 13 A. [11:48:47] The patrols coming from the camp would happen in the morning
- 14 when they send the intelligence officers to go out and surveil. They will return and
- 15 then now after their report, they would now send the patrol team to go. Sometimes
- they would follow the Awach road and then return using another one. Another time
- they would pick Patiko road and then they will walk in the bushes to go and check
- 18 how the places are and then return later in the evening.
- 19 Q. [11:49:32] In terms of UPDF and LDU, who would go on these patrols?
- 20 A. [11:49:54] Sometimes they would use any category. Because we had only small
- 21 guns, so they would pick two of us and then they get another UPDF and then would
- 22 be a mix of both of us. They would get some from the UPDF and then other people
- would be coming from the LDUs.
- Q. [11:50:27] Did these patrols persist the entire time you were at Lukodi?
- 25 A. [11:50:43] Yes, while I was in Lukodi that was happening. I also went for the

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- 1 same.
- 2 Q. [11:50:56] During these patrols did the government soldiers encounter any rebel
- 3 activity?
- 4 A. [11:51:20] Yes, that happened.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:51:25] I think we are -- we have to make clear
- 6 now that we are in 2004, I think. And in -- also in May, I think it is.
- 7 MR OBHOF: [11:51:35] Well, now I am asking generally during his tenure there.
- 8 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:51:40] Yes, but --
- 9 MR OBHOF: [11:51:41] I will focus it back down.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:51:43] Yes. But soon, please.
- 11 MR OBHOF: [11:51:46] Yes.
- 12 Q. [11:51:48] Can you tell us how long you had been at Lukodi when you first
- 13 encountered this rebel activity on patrol?
- 14 A. [11:52:09] I had already taken quite some time, but I don't recall how long
- 15 exactly. But I had already stayed there for some time. You know, even if you have
- 16 just arrived in a place, you will not be very careful about certain things. I don't recall
- 17 how long exactly.
- 18 Q. [11:52:29] Now as we get closer to the attack on Lukodi, were you still
- 19 encountering these rebels on patrol?
- 20 A. [11:52:50] Prior to the attack on Lukodi, we didn't hear about any rebel groups
- 21 coming nearby. Even our commander didn't hear about the rebels coming. Even
- 22 the UPDF soldiers who were on top of the hill did not hear anything. The UPDF on
- 23 the hill had walkie-talkies, so if they had heard of anything they would have
- 24 connected with us so we could all have known.
- 25 Q. [11:53:29] And when you went on these patrols and you encountered these

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1 rebels, did you ever come to find out which brigade or battalion these persons were

- 2 from?
- 3 A. [11:53:51] Yes. One time there was an encounter and we exchanged fire. But
- 4 we heard that it was Gilva, I think. I don't know whether it was part of their mobile
- 5 team, but that was the name we heard. And that was the only -- we didn't hear
- 6 anything else about them. But that's what I heard.
- 7 Q. [11:54:28] Did the LDUs and UPDF patrol anywhere else?
- 8 A. [11:54:42] We could even follow Awach road. The road going to Patiko was
- 9 the road we majorly followed. But the other road going to Coo Pe, we would not
- 10 follow there because there were other group of soldiers would be taking the route
- 11 going towards the west of the camp.
- 12 Q. [11:55:12] Who protected the perimeter of Lukodi camp?
- 13 A. [11:55:22] At that time shortly prior to the attack we were the ones, the LDUs
- were the ones protecting.
- 15 Q. [11:55:35] How would persons be selected to protect the perimeter of Lukodi
- 16 camp?
- 17 A. [11:55:49] You know, people would all be outside and you will just take your
- 18 position. They will say you take your position here and there, and those who were
- 19 going for the patrol would be sent for the patrol. And people were not so many.
- 20 We would position ourselves like in distances of about 10 metres in-between us
- 21 because some of the people will have gone for patrol or to lay ambushes.
- 22 Q. [11:56:20] Were the patrols around the perimeter of the camp conducted on
- 23 a 24-hour basis?
- A. [11:56:34] During the day, mostly they would send the patrols along the roads.
- 25 But when the civilians want to go out, they would first send a team to go and carry

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out reconnaissance and then come back before the civilians are released. And this

- 2 reconnaissance is done by the intelligence team. They would go, go and recce and
- 3 then come back to tell the people what is happening. But during the day the soldiers
- 4 would be sent to go on patrol, and then in the night they would surround the camp.
- 5 Q. [11:57:18] How long would a normal patrol of the perimeter take?
- 6 A. [11:57:31] During the day the patrol would take the whole day, but in the
- 7 morning they will send the team to go on patrol and then the team would return in
- 8 the evening before another team is set out to protect the camp.
- 9 Q. [11:57:58] Now, at night, did the LDUs and UPDF conduct any other patrols
- away from the perimeter of the camp?
- 11 A. [11:58:15] In the night, at the time when the UPDF soldiers were still there
- before they left, we would lay ambush, ambushes together. We would look at which
- 13 roads we expected the rebels to approach from and then we go and lay ambushes
- 14 there,
- 15 And during day we would also move together. But at the time when the soldiers left,
- we became fewer and sometimes we would not even go for the ambushes in the night,
- 17 would just have to stay at the perimeter of the camp.
- 18 Q. [11:59:08] Who selected the roads in which the ambushes were set?
- 19 A. [11:59:27] From our side, our overall commander knew very well what, what to
- 20 do and, for instance, if you say -- you are told to take care of the eastern side, today
- 21 you would station soldiers on the Awach road, and then the next day you possibly
- 22 use another road. So you never know which, which road they are going to use
- 23 exactly. But the decision is made by the commander who is in charge of the group.
- Q. [12:00:09] How would the patrol be able to distinguish between an LRA person
- or a civilian who is coming back late at night?

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- 1 A. [12:00:29] There was time that was already made clear to the people. If that
- 2 time gets you outside the camp, you have to remain where you are. So if they get
- 3 you outside their located area and if you are shot, it's, it's your own problem.
- 4 Because at night you cannot distinguish between a rebel and a civilian; it's very
- 5 difficult to know.
- 6 Q. [12:01:16] Mr Witness, you already mentioned about how some of the UPDF
- 7 detach left in the middle of the night. In relation to the attack on Lukodi camp, how
- 8 much earlier was their departure from the attack?
- 9 A. [12:01:56] When the camp was attacked, they took some time around, because
- 10 after when the camp was attacked they moved a little while before the -- the UPDF
- moved in. But it's difficult to estimate. But they left in the night.
- 12 Q. [12:02:29] If I may read from paragraph 32 on page 0345.
- 13 Mr Witness, I am just going to read you a small sentence from your statement, and
- 14 hopefully it might refresh your memory:
- 15 "Similarly, about a week before the attack, almost the entire UPDF detachment left
- 16 Lukodi during the middle of the night. Neither I nor any other LDU that I asked
- 17 knew that most of the UPDF were leaving that night."
- 18 Mr Witness, does that refresh your memory about how much earlier before the attack
- 19 the UPDF detachment almost completely vacated?
- 20 A. [12:03:41] Yes, that reminds me. But you also know when something has taken
- 21 place in the distant past, it's possible that you can forget.
- 22 Q. [12:04:10] And you also mention about how by the time Lukodi was attacked
- 23 there was about 29 LDU left. Why did so many LDU leave in that time period?
- A. [12:04:48] It was mostly because of the poor pay. Sometimes it takes up to
- 25 three months, up to four, when people have not been paid. So some people just

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decide to go back home to try and find other means of raising money. So some of

- 2 them would actually even escape and leaving their guns behind.
- 3 Q. [12:05:35] Now these few, these handful of UPDF soldiers who remained, what
- 4 was their job at Lukodi?
- 5 A. [12:05:52] The few people who remained, their major role was basically
- 6 guarding their gun that was up on the hill.
- 7 Q. [12:06:27] Mr Witness, we are going to go to the actual day of the attack. Do
- 8 you remember around what time the attack on Lukodi happened?
- 9 A. [12:06:57] To my recollection it was about 7.30 p.m.
- 10 Q. [12:07:06] And at this time how well could you see individuals?
- 11 A. [12:07:26] At that time it was already dark, so it was not very visible for anyone
- 12 to identify someone, because it was already dark.
- 13 Q. [12:07:47] Now, on the day of the attack, about how large was the IDP camp, in
- 14 terms of metres, not in people?
- 15 A. [12:08:15] That camp was quite big and large, because, as I said, the road to
- a camp -- the road to Awach had also separated, had cut across the camp. So it was
- 17 quite a large camp, almost close to the size of the one that was at Coo Pe.
- 18 Q. [12:08:40] About how far past -- about how much south of Awach road did the
- 19 camp extend?
- 20 A. [12:09:10] As you go towards Awach, and close in to the hill, you would see the
- 21 camp right ahead of you. And that's where it ended. Probably I can estimate up to
- 22 about 50 metres. But it's quite difficult for me to give the exact estimate.
- 23 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:09:33] I think you have to move on. We don't
- 24 get it more concrete from this witness.
- 25 MR OBHOF: [12:09:44]

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1 Q. [12:09:44] Now, are you able to estimate how many persons lived there around

- 2 the time of the attack?
- 3 A. [12:10:02] It's difficult for me to estimate the number.
- 4 Q. [12:10:10] Before this day had there been other attacks on Lukodi IDP camp
- 5 when you were an LDU?
- 6 A. [12:10:35] I never heard of any.
- 7 Q. [12:10:44] On the night of the attack, from where did the LRA come?
- 8 A. [12:10:57] They came from the side behind the school.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:11:06] I think perhaps we can try to induce
- 10 a narrative from the witness. That would also ease your task a little bit.
- 11 So, Mr Witness, tell us what happened, what you recall from this attack.
- 12 THE WITNESS: [12:11:40](Interpretation) This attack happened at about 7.30. It
- was a very sudden attack. People didn't expect that this attack would come. The
- 14 first gun that was fired from the side of the school, which is to the eastern side, the
- 15 gun was fired from that area. So we also, on our own tried to estimate that maybe it
- 16 was one of our soldiers who just went to the camp and probably fired. Then the gun
- was shot up in the air and then afterwards we would now hear that the guns were
- 18 being fired at the level of humans. That's when we realised that looks like
- 19 something else is going on. So we hadn't even taken off at that time.
- 20 So with the people also still around their compounds, we also left.
- 21 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:12:59] What do you mean by you also left?
- 22 Could you describe a little bit more in detail.
- 23 THE WITNESS: [12:13:13](Interpretation) You know, when I say we left, at the heat
- of the exchange of the fire, of the exchange with the rebels, we had to take off because
- 25 our numbers were very few. We were fighting, they were also firing at us. The

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1 huts were also burning and our strength had gone down. So we decided to retreat.

- 2 Our commander tried to reorganise us to go back, but we realised that it was not
- 3 possible for us so we had to call for reinforcement and reinforcement came. But we
- 4 had already retreated because at that time it was at the height of the attack.
- 5 So we retreated and tried to come back, but it was not possible, until when we had to
- 6 call for reinforcement. Then Mamba came and supported us, but they also came and
- 7 stood from a distance. Quite a lot of thing was going on at -- during that time of the
- 8 attack. For instance, they even fired the stretcher light and the whole sky was very
- 9 lit clear. But you couldn't know exactly who was who, what was happening because
- 10 you could not even know whether it was the UPDF who was firing or it was the LRA,
- because even the Mamba was even firing in that area. So the exchange was quite
- 12 mixed up.
- 13 The attack actually took quite a long time, almost up to six hours. It went on up to
- like midnight, but it was not easy for us to contain the situation at that time. That is
- 15 why I said we left. We just actually fled because it was very intensive.
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:15:04] Where did you retreat to when you fled?
- 17 THE WITNESS: [12:15:16](Interpretation) We fled, wanted to take the route coming
- 18 to Gulu town when we followed that route, but we also diverted, thinking that maybe
- 19 we would fall into an ambush, so we also diverted and left the main road.
- 20 When we now heard the Mamba was coming, that's when we also tried to come back.
- 21 But when the Mamba came they also did not reach up to the Lukodi trading centre
- 22 itself. They were firing from a distance because with the gun that they had mounted
- 23 on the Mamba they could fire from a distance.
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:15:49] From your point of retreatment, could
- 25 you observe what happened in the camp?

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- 1 THE WITNESS: [12:15:57](Interpretation) It was burning, the camp was burning, but
- 2 I couldn't know whether it was the bombs that were being fired that was causing the
- 3 fire. It was difficult for me to know. So -- or whether it was someone torching the
- 4 huts, it was difficult. I didn't see with myself, because the whole place was really in
- 5 disarray.
- 6 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:16:29] Thank you very much.
- 7 Mr Obhof, I think that covers a lot of information that we could also draw out of the
- 8 statement already and which you, you would have otherwise, so to speak, have tried
- 9 to pull out of the witness with many questions.
- 10 MR OBHOF: [12:16:48] And it does, it gives -- great to have a few follow-up,
- 11 clarifying questions.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:16:54] That's clear, of course.
- 13 MR OBHOF: [12:17:01]
- 14 Q. [12:17:01] When the initial gunfire started, to where did the civilians go?
- 15 A. [12:17:15] When the gunfire started people just started running up and down,
- but most of them were running, crossing the road going to Patiko, heading
- 17 westwards.
- 18 Q. [12:17:38] How long did it take the LDUs to return fire?
- 19 A. [12:17:57] When the first shot came, we stayed for a little while, maybe for about
- a minute, then we also started exchanging fire because we now realised that it was
- 21 different from someone who had maybe escaped from us and was probably
- 22 misbehaving. So at that time the bullets were now also coming towards our
- 23 direction. So we also started exchanging and firing back.
- 24 Q. [12:18:30] Did anyone fire at the civilians crossing the Gulu-Patiko road?
- 25 A. [12:18:52] Well, at that time and of the hour and being dark, it was difficult to

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1 see. It was difficult to see, yes, because civilians were just running and for you, you

- 2 were also concentrating on how to repulse the attackers. But it came to a point of
- 3 time we didn't have the bombs and so we, we became -- we were a bit weak, so we
- 4 had to take off.
- 5 Q. [12:19:26] What use, if any, did the support weapons controlled by the UPDF on
- 6 Lukodi hill, what use did they get?
- 7 A. [12:19:49] The support came much later. We had already fled. Because the
- 8 people who were in the barracks in Coo Pe should have been the one to come and
- 9 rescue us, but they didn't come immediately. But it was the support that came from
- 10 town that, that came and rescued us. They were firing the machine guns from the
- 11 Mamba and also they were also firing the, the battle light so that they could, the place
- 12 could be lit and so that we can identify. But from what I see it didn't help us,
- because if they had come much earlier, it would have probably been helpful.
- 14 Q. [12:20:34] You mentioned earlier the stretcher light and we just heard the phrase
- 15 battle light. Are these the same things?
- A. [12:20:56] A stretcher is a kind of a bullet that comes out with, with the light on
- 17 it. But if hits you, it causes your skin to decay. But the other one is, is that one that
- can light up the sky and you can be able to, the place can be lit.
- 19 Q. [12:21:29] Which groups in this fight were using stretcher bullets?
- 20 A. [12:21:48] Mostly I saw it was the rebels who are firing the stretcher. We also
- 21 had a stretcher, but mostly the stretchers was coming from the rebels.
- 22 Q. [12:22:02] You mentioned this Mamba coming in for reinforcements. What
- 23 type of weapon was mounted on the Mamba?
- A. [12:22:22] The Mamba had machine guns and the, and the other armoured car
- 25 had another gun which was called 12. So that armoured car which is called Buffalo

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- 1 was moving together with the Mamba and they had those guns. The machine gun
- 2 was mounted on it, so they would fire as they are moving forward. But they also
- 3 came late, we had already fled.
- 4 Q. [12:22:58] From what you witnessed during the fight, what types of weapons
- 5 were the LRA using?
- 6 A. [12:23:17] Well, most of the guns, from the way I would hear and at the time
- 7 when we would engage them in mobile, I see -- I would see they would be carrying
- 8 a gun which was called recoilless, and 82. But from, from the sound that I would
- 9 hear coming from the LRA side, they had recoilless. We didn't have any bomb with
- 10 us, because the first bomb that was fired came from them, from their side. And then
- later on when the Buffalo and the Mamba came, that's when they also started firing
- 12 the bomb. But because of the first time that they started firing and they were using
- the bombs and for us we didn't have the bombs, so we also had to flee.
- 14 Q. [12:24:16] Maybe I can ask this one question a little more directly: From what
- 15 you heard or witnessed was the LRA -- were the LRA soldiers using AK-47?
- 16 A. [12:24:32] Yes, there were also 47. They were not only using the big guns.
- 17 The first gun, the first shot that was made was from an MG -- SMG gun.
- 18 Q. [12:25:02] Mr Witness, after the attack was done, the next day is coming along,
- 19 it's 20 May, did anyone come and collect your weapon?
- 20 A. [12:25:29] The weapons that were collected from us, I don't recall if there was
- 21 any weapon collected from us.
- 22 Q. [12:25:48] Do you know if there were any weapons collected from the
- 23 reinforcements which came from Coo Pe?
- 24 A. [12:26:06] No, I do not.
- 25 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:26:13] Yes, I think it's a good, a good time to

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1 have the little bit earlier lunch break than we normally would have. And we resume

- 2 at 2 o'clock.
- 3 THE COURT USHER: [12:26:24] All rise.
- 4 (Recess taken at 12.26 p.m.)
- 5 (Upon resuming in open session at 2.00 p.m.)
- 6 THE COURT USHER: [14:00:15] All rise.
- 7 Please be seated.
- 8 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:00:36] Good afternoon.
- 9 Mr Obhof assumes correctly that he still has the floor.
- 10 MR OBHOF: [14:00:44] Just for a question or two.
- 11 Q. [14:00:46] Mr Witness, good afternoon. I hope you had a good lunch.
- 12 Now just before our break I asked you about the support weapons used during the
- 13 battle, but specifically did the UPDF detach on Lukodi hill? Did those soldiers use
- their support weapons during the fight at Lukodi?
- 15 A. [14:01:24] At the time when the support weapons were being used I think some
- of them were coming from the LRA. Well, it was a bit difficult to establish the
- source of the weapons because it was a whole mix-up and we were at the edge of the
- 18 camp. It was difficult for us to know whether it was coming from the hilltop or it
- 19 was coming from the LRA.
- 20 MR OBHOF: [14:02:00] Your Honour, I believe our counsel has a few follow-up
- 21 questions.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:02:05] Of course. So you are finished for
- 23 yourself.
- 24 Then Mr Ayena, I give you the floor.
- 25 MR AYENA ODONGO: [14:02:12] Thank you, your Honours.

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## 1 QUESTIONED BY MR AYENA ODONGO:

- 2 Q. [14:02:21] Good afternoon, Mr Witness.
- 3 Has he picked me?
- 4 A. [14:02:35] Yes --
- 5 Q. [14:02:35] Okay.
- 6 A. [14:02:36] -- I'm picking you.
- 7 Q. [14:02:39] Yes. Mr Witness, you've talked about weapons and you said LRA
- 8 had bombs. Can you describe the type of guns they were using?
- 9 A. [14:03:05] According to what I heard, some of the guns I had seen earlier with
- 10 the UPDF during their mobile patrol, there was recoilless, there was 82 and then
- 11 60 millimetre guns. From the sounds of the guns, I think the LRA rebels were also
- 12 carrying such weapons because they were mobile weapons.
- 13 Q. [14:03:35] And when you used those weapons, do you have to mount them in a
- particular way or they are mobile in the sense that you can hold them in your hand
- 15 easily?
- 16 A. [14:04:01] These guns had stands where you can put them and when you're
- operating them, you have to station somewhere. And those who were having
- smaller weapons, would have to retreat and stay a little back because you have to
- 19 align yourself in such a manner that such a big gun would be in front, and then the
- 20 ones with the smaller guns would be a little behind you.
- 21 Q. [14:04:32] And you said there was exchange of fire between the UPDF,
- 22 LDUs -- or, rather, the government forces and the LRA; am I right?
- 23 A. [14:04:54] That's correct. There was exchange of fire because for us, the LDUs,
- 24 we also fired back at them. And then later on the Buffalo armoured vehicle and then
- 25 the Mambas also came. We were overpowered and then we took off. But yes, there

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- 1 was exchange.
- 2 Q. [14:05:18] When you were overpowered, did you regroup and follow them?
- 3 MR GUMPERT: [14:05:30] I'm sorry, that's a highly suggestive statement. Doesn't
- 4 arise out of anything the witness has said.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:05:40] Try to formulate it in a more generic
- 6 manner so to speak. What did you do after regrouping, for example.
- 7 Mr Witness, what did you do after regrouping?
- 8 THE WITNESS: [14:06:03] (Interpretation) After we fled and we, we were small in
- 9 number, good enough our commander had a walkie-talkie and then he sent a
- 10 message and there was reinforcement that came from Coo Pe. And I think there was
- also a big radio call at Coo Pe base and they connected to the big barracks in Gulu and
- we regrouped, but we could not do much. We could not go back. We stayed
- around until the next day in the morning. Then some people came
- 14 from -- reinforcement came from Coo Pe, but the Mamba and then the Buffalo
- armoured vehicle all came and then supported.
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:06:49] Thank you.
- 17 Mr Gumpert, I have to admit that regroup, to mention regrouping in my question is
- 18 also of course --
- 19 MR GUMPERT: [14:06:58] No, it was --
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:06:58] -- suggest --
- 21 MR GUMPERT: [14:06:59] -- it was the following I was concerned about.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:06:59] Yes. Yes. Yes, I --
- 23 MR GUMPERT: [14:06:59] The regrouping was fair enough.
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:07:01] I know. And the witness has resisted
- 25 any temptation, so to speak, and I think it was consistent with what he said before.

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- 1 I think we can move on without further discussions.
- 2 MR AYENA ODONGO: [14:07:14] Yeah, I left that between you and Mr Gumpert
- 3 because I --
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:07:16] Rightfully so.
- 5 MR AYENA ODONGO: [14:07:19] I resisted -- assiduously resisting his objection.
- 6 But you are on top of the situation, your Honour.
- 7 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:07:27] Please continue.
- 8 MR AYENA ODONGO: [14:07:31]
- 9 Q. [14:07:31] Mr Witness, the proximity between the barracks and the camp was so
- 10 close; am I right?
- 11 A. [14:08:01] Yes, it was so close.
- 12 Q. [14:08:03] So do you want to tell Court from what you experienced where the
- 13 focus of attack, the target of the LRA was when they came. Was it at the barracks or
- 14 at the camp?
- 15 A. [14:08:33] Well, even the way, the manner with which they came was a bit
- unclear to us. The first gunshot came from the edge of -- was a bit far from, and then
- 17 later on they started firing towards the west, which was in the direction of the camp.
- 18 But there were other soldiers who were having artilleries on top of the hill and it was
- 19 difficult for me to establish what they had come for exactly, whether they had come to
- 20 attack the civilians or they had come to attack the soldiers.
- 21 Q. [14:09:09] Now, Mr Witness, can you tell Court ultimately what, from their
- conduct, what did they pick when they came? Did they just shoot and go away or
- 23 they seemed to -- I mean, can you tell Court, please.
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:09:35] Yes. Exactly. Simply ask him what --
- 25 MR AYENA ODONGO: [14:09:39] (Overlapping speakers) in the trap again.

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:09:41] Exactly. Exactly.
- 2 What did you see? What did they do in the camp, if you can tell, if you could see it
- 3 from your observation point?
- 4 THE WITNESS: [14:09:58] When they started firing at us, we exchanged fire. It was
- 5 a fierce battle and it was difficult for us to station somewhere to observe what they
- 6 were doing. We fled and we ran very far away. We could not establish where
- 7 exactly they were picking. We saw huts burning, but we are not sure whether they
- 8 are the ones who were torching these huts or the fire was a result of bombs or
- 9 something like that. We didn't go back to check.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:10:28] Thank you.
- 11 MR AYENA ODONGO: [14:10:28] Yes.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:10:29] I think that's --
- 13 MR AYENA ODONGO: [14:10:32] You did so well. You did so well, your Honour.
- 14 And I thank you.
- 15 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:10:37] Thank you very much.
- 16 MR AYENA ODONGO: [14:10:39]
- 17 Q. [14:10:39] Mr Witness, after the battle, after the exchanges and the establishment
- of lull again, did you talk to the civilians about whether they lost some things?
- 19 A. [14:11:02] I never returned there. That part was supposed to have been done
- 20 by the intelligence officers and other people were sent from the division headquarters.
- 21 Some of us who were part of the fighting did not go back there, but yeah, there were
- 22 other people who went back there to try and establish what exactly happened. I was
- 23 not one of them.
- 24 Q. [14:11:24] So you fled and forever took your leave?
- 25 A. [14:11:36] I didn't return there, even the next morning. They got other soldiers

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who were taken there to go and establish what happened. Some of us who were a

- 2 part of the battle did not go back there.
- 3 MR AYENA ODONGO: [14:11:54] That's all, Mr President.
- 4 And I want to thank you very much, Kal Okwera.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:12:04] Thank you very much, Mr Ayena.
- 6 And then it would be now the turn of the Prosecution, Ms Nuzban.
- 7 MS NUZBAN: [14:12:11] Thank you, your Honours. In light of the testimony given
- 8 by the witness today, we have taken the decision not to cross-examine the witness.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:12:16] Thank you very much.
- 10 I would be surprised if the Legal Representatives --
- 11 MS MASSIDDA: [14:12:22] Mr President --
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:12:24] -- of the Victims would have questions,
- 13 but you never know. Ms Massidda?
- 14 MS MASSIDDA: [14:12:27] Thank you, Mr President. Just for the record, we don't
- 15 have any question for this witness. Thank you.
- 16 MS SEHMI: [14:12:36] No questions from us, your Honour.
- 17 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:12:39] Thank you very much to everyone.
- 18 And a special thank you to Mr Tookwaro. This concludes your testimony. On
- 19 behalf of the Chamber I would like to thank you that you have made yourself
- 20 available as a witness in these proceedings, have been coming to the video-link
- 21 location and answering the questions of the parties, participants and the Judges. We
- wish you a safe trip back home.
- 23 THE WITNESS: [14:13:01] (Interpretation) Thank you.
- 24 (The witness is excused)
- 25 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:13:02] This concludes also the hearing for today.

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1 We resume on Thursday, 9.30, with Witness D-121. Thank you.

- 2 THE COURT USHER: [14:13:12] All rise.
- 3 (The hearing ends in open session at 2.13 p.m.)