- 1 International Criminal Court
- 2 Trial Chamber IX
- 3 Situation: Republic of Uganda
- 4 In the case of The Prosecutor v. Dominic Ongwen ICC-02/04-01/15
- 5 Presiding Judge Bertram Schmitt, Judge Péter Kovács and
- 6 Judge Raul Cano Pangalangan
- 7 Trial Hearing Courtroom 3
- 8 Tuesday, 13 November 2018
- 9 (The hearing starts in open session at 9.32 a.m.)
- 10 THE COURT USHER: [9:32:41] All rise.
- 11 The International Criminal Court is now in session.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:33:07] Good morning, everyone.
- 13 Could the court officer please call the case.
- 14 THE COURT OFFICER: [9:33:13] Good morning, Mr President, your Honours.
- 15 Situation in the Republic of Uganda, in the case of The Prosecutor versus Dominic
- 16 Ongwen, case reference ICC-02/04-01/15.
- 17 And for the record, we are in open session.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:33:27] Thank you.
- 19 I call for the appearances of the parties. Mr Gumpert, for the Prosecution.
- 20 MR GUMPERT: [9:33:32] Good morning, your Honours.
- 21 With me today, Julian Elderfield, Adesola Adeboyejo, Pubudu Sachithanandan,
- 22 Jasmina Suljanovic, Grace Goh and Laura de Leeuw.
- 23 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:33:47] Thank you.
- 24 And for the representatives of the victims.
- 25 MR COX: [9:33:49] Good morning, your Honours.

- 1 With me Mr James Mawira, Ms Maria Radziejowska, and myself Francisco Cox.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:33:57] Thank you. And Mr Narantsetseg.
- 3 MR NARANTSETSEG: [9:33:58] Good morning, Mr President, your Honours.
- 4 For the common Legal Representative of Victims, myself Orchlon Narantsetseg, and
- 5 Ms Caroline Walter.
- 6 Thank you.
- 7 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:34:05] Thank you.
- 8 And finally for the Defence, Ms Bridgman.
- 9 MS BRIDGMAN: [9:34:11] Good morning, Mr President and your Honours.
- 10 Abigail Bridgman for the Defence, with Rachael Bouwma, Krispus Ayena Odongo,
- 11 Chief Charles Achaleke Taku, Beth Lyons. And our client, Mr Ongwen, is in court.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:34:25] Thank you very much.
- 13 And the Defence is now calling Defence witness 119 as its next witness.
- 14 Madam Witness, on behalf of the Chamber I would like to welcome you in the
- 15 courtroom.
- 16 I will now read out the solemn undertaking every witness has to take when they
- 17 appear before the Court, so please listen to me and then I ask you if you have
- 18 understood and if you agree. So please listen. I solemnly declare that I will speak
- 19 the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth.
- 20 Do you understand, Ms Witness?
- 21 WITNESS: UGA-D26-P-0119
- 22 (The witness speaks Acholi)
- 23 THE WITNESS: [9:35:08] (Interpretation) Yes, I understand.
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:35:12] Do you agree?
- 25 THE WITNESS: [9:35:16] (Interpretation) I beg your pardon.

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1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:35:21] Do you agree? Do you agree to the

- 2 undertaking?
- 3 THE WITNESS: [9:35:23] (Interpretation) Yes, I agree.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:35:24] Thank you very much. Then you are
- 5 sworn in now.
- 6 Before we start with your testimony I would like to explain several things to you.
- 7 First of all, the protective measures that the Chamber has put in place for you. We
- 8 have put in place face distortion. Face distortion means that no one outside the
- 9 courtroom can see your face during your testimony.
- 10 We will also use what a call a pseudonym. That means we don't address you with
- 11 your real name, but as "Ms Witness" or "Madam Witness," as I do at the moment, and
- 12 the reason is that the public should not know your name.
- 13 When you answer questions that don't give away who you are, that don't reveal your
- identity, then we do this in open session, so that the outside world and everyone can
- 15 hear it. When on the other side you are asked something that -- in which the answer
- 16 would reveal who you are, then we do this in private session. Private session means
- 17 that there is no broadcast and no one outside the courtroom can hear your answer.
- 18 A few practical matters, please, shortly. Everything we say here is written down and
- 19 interpreted, and therefore I would ask you to speak at a relatively slow pace so that
- 20 the interpreters can follow.
- 21 If you have any question yourself, you can raise your hand, and then we know that
- 22 you want to speak to us and I will give you the floor.
- 23 Thank you very much for the moment, Ms Witness.
- 24 And I give now the floor, the Defence, Ms Bridgman, for the examination.
- 25 MS BRIDGMAN: Thank you, Mr President.

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WITNESS: UGA-D26-P-0119

- 1 QUESTIONED BY MS BRIDGMAN:
- 2 Q. [9:37:16] Good morning, Ms Witness.
- 3 A. [9:37:19] Good morning.
- 4 Q. [9:37:23] We have met previously. My name is Abigail. And like I have
- 5 mentioned to you before, if you feel uncomfortable, if you feel tired, please raise your
- 6 hand and let the judges know so we can take a break. Is that okay?
- 7 A. [9:37:46] I have understood.
- 8 MS BRIDGMAN: [9:37:52] Your Honours, I request to go into private session for the
- 9 first questions.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:37:56] Yes. Private session.
- 11 (Private session at 9.37 a.m.)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Redacted)
- 14 (Redacted)
- 15 (Redacted)
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(Private Session) ICC-02/04-01/15 Trial Hearing WITNESS: UGA-D26-P-0119 1 (Redacted) 2 (Redacted) 3 (Redacted) 4 (Redacted) 5 (Redacted) 6 (Redacted) 7 (Redacted) 8 (Redacted) (Redacted) 9 10 (Redacted) 11 (Redacted) 12 (Redacted) (Redacted) 13 14 (Redacted) (Redacted) 15 16 (Redacted) 17 (Redacted) 18 (Redacted) 19 (Redacted) 20 (Redacted) 21 (Redacted) (Redacted) 22 23 (Redacted) 24 (Open session at 9.43 a.m.) 25 THE COURT OFFICER: [9:43:27] We are back in open session, Mr President.

- 1 MS BRIDGMAN: [9:43:35]
- 2 Q. [9:43:36] Now, Madam Witness, can you briefly tell us about the day you were
- 3 abducted.
- 4 A. [9:43:52] Thank you once again. About my abduction, let me explain. I was
- 5 abducted in 1993 from my mother's household. This is how I was abducted. It was
- 6 not a very smooth abduction. One of my parents was killed during my abduction,
- 7 my father was killed, and they abducted many of us. We were only girls. It was
- 8 not possible to take the men, because they were all killed. Seven girls were abducted
- 9 and taken to the bush. It was not very smooth for us. When we moved with them,
- 10 many horrible things happened that happened to us.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:44:59] If you feel able to tell us, Ms Witness,
- 12 please proceed.
- 13 THE WITNESS: [9:45:11] (Interpretation) Thank you very much.
- 14 When we were abducted, we moved to areas that were unknown to us. At that time
- when I was abducted I was still young and I did not know places. We moved and
- 16 crossed a waterbody called Aswa. We crossed it three times. We went to a place
- 17 called Ranch. I came to learn about it, that was a ranch, later.
- 18 We were under attack from the enemy soldiers and we used to move a lot. We
- 19 moved and met another group, a bigger group in the same area. They started to
- 20 split us into groups, and on the third day we were given to different groups. When
- 21 we were split, we went to the commander's homes where we were taken. We started
- staying there and we kept moving, and we are under pursuit from the enemy forces.
- 23 Later they started distributing us to men, men who were already big, that they will be
- our husbands. They would ask us, that between life and death, which one do you
- 25 choose? And you choose life. And they tell you, if you choose life, go and live with

- this man as your husband. From there, you try your level best to resist as a human
- 2 being that you are not yet able to be a wife and you are still young. But they will
- 3 assure you that, when you are brought to me what were you told? And they
- 4 tell -- they will tell me that I was -- you were told to come and cook for me, look after
- 5 me as a wife, therefore you must live with me as a wife. If you understand, please
- 6 follow. As a human being, if you love your life, you must do as you're told. Even if
- 7 you're not able to, you must perform the tasks of a wife. That was difficult for us.
- 8 That is how we are abducted by the rebels.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:47:40] Thank you, Ms Witness.
- 10 Ms Bridgman.
- 11 Q. [9:48:00] Madam Witness, do you know approximately how old you were when
- 12 you were abducted?
- 13 A. [9:48:22] Thank you again. When I was abducted I did not know my age. But
- 14 I was told later that I must have been 12 or 13 at the time I was abducted.
- 15 Q. [9:48:41] You mentioned that your father was killed and many other people.
- But do you recall I know it's a long time ago do you recall how many people were
- 17 killed on the day of your abduction?
- 18 A. [9:49:11] I do not remember. But according to what I heard when we were
- 19 taken away at that time, they killed nine people in our area there.
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:49:23] Did you witness the killing,
- 21 Madam Witness?
- 22 THE WITNESS: [9:49:38] (Interpretation) I witnessed it. I did not know my father
- 23 was part of the group being killed.
- 24 MS BRIDGMAN: [9:49:46]
- 25 Q. [9:49:48] Do you know why those people were killed, Ms Witness?

- 1 A. [9:49:58] What I understood later was that the reason they were killed was
- 2 because every time they passed through that area they would report their presence to
- 3 the government, and government would follow them and attack them.
- 4 Q. [9:50:29] Now, when the LRA came to your house, did they know your family at
- 5 all? Did they know you?
- 6 A. [9:50:53] I understood later also that they knew, because I was called by my
- 7 name, (Redacted). They said "(Redacted), come out." So I don't know whether it was
- 8 somebody who knew our family or someone who was abducted earlier and was told
- 9 to mention our names, so I don't know how they knew my name.
- 10 Q. [9:51:40] Now, you said that you witnessed these killings. How did that make
- 11 you feel?
- 12 A. [9:51:55] The killings which I witnessed, these happened at night. We were
- 13 bound together with a rope and we were put on the way. And near us, we heard
- 14 people crying. They were beating them, they were hitting them with machetes and
- 15 clubs and hammers.
- And then the one that I saw personally is when we started moving, we found people
- 17 by the roadside. Their blood was still fresh and the bloodstains remained on our feet.
- 18 In the morning we found bloodstains on our lower parts of the garment.
- 19 Q. [9:53:06] Now, when you found this, were you told anything by the LRA?
- 20 A. [9:53:25] The LRA said that the reason they did that was because they were
- 21 attacked in that area. And secondly, because they -- every time they passed there
- 22 they would be reported to the government.
- 23 Q. [9:53:44] Now before this had you ever seen a dead body?
- 24 A. [9:54:03] No, I had not seen.
- 25 Q. [9:54:17] Did this create any feelings or emotions in you, witnessing these

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- 1 events?
- 2 A. [9:54:39] When I saw that, it was not easy for me. When we moved we were
- 3 frightened. And when we had moved far away from our home and we have stayed
- 4 for about a week, they reminded us of the death that took place and told us that
- 5 whoever tries to escape to go back home, a similar thing would happen. They said
- 6 that if they caught two or three people escaping, you would be made to kill each other.
- 7 It frightened me, and I thought it would happen to me if I tried to escape. It was not
- 8 easy for me.
- 9 Q. [9:55:40] Did you ever find out which LRA unit attacked your village that day?
- 10 A. [9:55:47] No, I never got to know the unit, but I got to know a few people who
- 11 were there. People were taken from different units and it was a joint operation, they
- went and did the operation together. The person who -- who did that was there.
- 13 I was with that person. And when I came back home he had also come back home.
- 14 I was heartbroken. Every time I saw that person in the community I would be
- 15 heartbroken. Every time I see him from the centre. And I explain that. And then
- they call that person together with me and we were made to reconcile and forgive
- 17 each other. We were counselled and said it was not the intention of that person to
- 18 kill. But I am still heartbroken. Up to now I am still heartbroken.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:56:59] May I shortly?
- 20 This reconciliation that you spoke of, from your side was it heartfelt? Was it true?
- 21 Did you really forgive him? If you want to say that.
- 22 THE WITNESS: [9:57:33] (Interpretation) When I explain to the authorities there and
- 23 asked me to forgive that person, I said it is difficult to forgive. I know it was not his
- intention, but he is the one I saw and he was the one who abducted me from the
- 25 house. And I'm not happy with him. He asked for forgiveness. I also asked for

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- 1 forgiveness, but it was not easy. I saw him coming back alive and healthy and yet he
- 2 did what he did to my parents.
- 3 MS BRIDGMAN: [9:58:19] Your Honours, I request to go into private session briefly.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:58:23] Yes, please. Private session.
- 5 (Private session at 9.58 a.m.)
- 6 (Redacted)
- 7 (Redacted)
- 8 (Redacted)
- 9 (Redacted)
- 10 (Redacted)
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25

MS BRIDGMAN: [10:02:45]

- 1 Q. [10:02:45] Ms Witness, these girls that we have just been talking about, how old
- 2 were they, if you remember?
- 3 A. [10:03:01] According to my observation, there were four girls who were a little
- 4 mature. One of them was my uncle's wife, she had come from my mother's home to
- 5 come and visit my mother, and she got abducted.
- 6 Another one was a fairly grown up girl. I also saw other girls who were above 16.
- 7 Q. [10:03:44] Were you the youngest in that group or there were people who were
- 8 younger than you?
- 9 A. [10:03:57] We were two girls of fairly the same age, we were younger than the
- 10 rest of the abductees.
- 11 Q. [10:04:16] You mentioned that some of them died when they came back from the
- bush. But did you see them, were you with them while you were with the LRA?
- 13 Did you continue to see them?
- 14 A. [10:04:38] I kept on seeing them while we were in the bush. The reason I
- 15 confirm that she died was because she was the daughter of my uncle, she had escaped,
- and then she was beaten, and then abducted and taken back. When she back in the
- bush she contracted AIDS, and then eventually she was released to come back home.
- 18 She came home, didn't stay for a while before she passed on.
- 19 Q. [10:05:26] You told us the name that you gave while -- the name that you were
- 20 known by in the LRA. Can you explain why you were known by that name. You
- 21 don't have to say it.
- 22 A. [10:05:53] The reason I was referred to by that name was because I thought if
- I were to escape they would not possibly be able to rediscover where I was abducted
- 24 from. I used that name so that they would not trace me.
- 25 Q. [10:06:19] You also told us about this person who was involved in your

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- abduction, the one you reconciled with. Did you continue to see him in the LRA
- 2 while you were in the bush?
- 3 A. [10:06:40] Yes.
- 4 Q. [10:06:45] Did you ever learn his rank or his position in the LRA?
- 5 A. [10:06:59] Well, I didn't learn about his rank, but he was an officer.
- 6 Q. [10:07:15] You said that when you came back you kept seeing him around.
- 7 Would I then be correct that he is from your community in which you live?
- 8 A. [10:07:34] When I returned, the reason I saw him was because we were
- 9 supposed to reconcile. I was still at World Vision centre.
- 10 Q. [10:07:52] Now, on the day of your abduction, apart from -- no. Did the LRA
- did anything else in your village, apart from the -- from your own abduction in the
- 12 killings?
- 13 A. [10:08:15] Well, that happened because when they abducted us they set on fire
- the houses, including the food items that were in the houses all got burned.
- 15 Q. [10:08:38] You also briefly told us about the journey to the ranch and other
- 16 places. Were you injured during that journey?
- 17 A. [10:08:59] When I was just abducted I did not sustain any injuries. But when
- I was given out to another household I think there was a lot of walking around and
- 19 then I got injured on the leg. I was not able to continue walking. My feet had
- 20 swollen and it was not easy for me.
- 21 Q. [10:09:25] So what happened with your injuries? Where did you go?
- 22 A. [10:09:39] I have not understood the question.
- 23 Q. [10:09:44] Following the injuries on your leg, did you get a chance to rest?
- A. [10:09:58] Well, I had already stayed for some time after my abduction. The
- 25 movements were quite much. The first problem was that I sustained some injury on

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- 1 my leg.
- 2 Secondly, the person I was living with, if you look at him, he was much older than me
- 3 and it was very difficult for me to live with him as his wife.
- 4 I had the injury on my, on my leg, and I had the other problem of staying with that
- 5 man as his wife. So he felt it upon himself that it was necessary for me to be taken to
- 6 a group that does not move that much, and I was taken to that group.
- 7 Q. [10:10:44] Did that group have a name? And if so, can you please tell us.
- 8 A. [10:11:01] When I was taken there, well, I was not told what the name of the
- 9 battalion was, but I was only told that is a place where the sick were kept and was
- 10 called sickbay.
- 11 Q. [10:11:18] And who was the commander of that sickbay?
- 12 A. [10:11:28] The commander of the sickbay was a gentleman called Binany.
- 13 Q. [10:11:42] Did Binany have any other names that you remember?
- 14 A. [10:11:54] Well, I don't know his other name. But from there you would not
- call a commander with his own name, but would only refer to them as "Lapwony".
- 16 Q. [10:12:19] Now, in this sickbay, was it a permanent place or did you continue to
- 17 move around?
- A. [10:12:40] The sickbay is not a permanent place, only that you do not move for
- 19 very long distances. You can stay at one place for one or two days and then you
- 20 move and stay in another place for like a week, but you make sure you don't move so
- 21 far.
- 22 Q. [10:13:07] Now, you said that this group was a group that does not move much.
- 23 What kind of people stayed in this group?
- 24 A. [10:13:37] That group was composed of mothers, and those who sustained
- 25 serious injuries, those who couldn't move far distances.

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1 Q. [10:13:50] And if you recall, how many people were in that group?

- 2 A. [10:14:04] Well, I can't quite recall, but I think it was a good number.
- 3 Q. [10:14:20] Do you remember how long you stayed in that group?
- 4 A. [10:14:31] I stayed in that group for about two years.
- 5 MS BRIDGMAN: [10:14:41] Your Honours, I request that we go into private session
- 6 for a few minutes.
- 7 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:14:46] Yes. Private session.
- 8 (Private session at 10.14 a.m.)
- 9 (Redacted)
- 10 (Redacted)
- 11 (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
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WITNESS: UGA-D26-P-0119

- 1 (Open session at 10.19 a.m.)
- 2 THE COURT OFFICER: [10:19:17] We are back in open session, Mr President.
- 3 MS BRIDGMAN: [10:19:25]
- 4 Q. [10:19:26] Madam Witness, how soon after your abduction were you given to
- 5 person number 1?
- 6 A. [10:19:44] I had not taken long, because when we were abducted we walked to
- 7 the other area. It was not -- it was not even a month. Then I was given to that man.
- 8 Thereafter, as we kept on walking and the travelling was too much, I had the two
- 9 problems that I mentioned earlier, and then he felt it within himself that I should be
- 10 taken to another group that does not move as much. I went and started staying
- 11 there. I had not even taken long, then I heard that that person also died.
- 12 Q. [10:20:34] If you recall, how long did you live with this person number 1? Was
- it a few weeks, a few months?
- 14 A. [10:20:53] If I can recall, it was not long. I stayed with him for about two
- 15 months.
- 16 Q. [10:21:08] Who decided that you should go and live with this person, do you
- 17 remember?
- 18 A. [10:21:23] The instruction came from a commander. When we were abducted
- 19 we moved and then eventually came in contact with a bigger group. The
- 20 commander then was called Otti Lagony.
- 21 Q. [10:22:01] Do you recall seeing this person number 1 before you were given to
- 22 him as a wife?
- 23 A. [10:22:16] I had not seen him.
- Q. [10:22:23] Now, you mentioned that you were too young, you were still young
- 25 at the time you were given to this person. Do you recall if you had seen your first

- 1 menstruation at the time you were given to this person?
- 2 A. [10:22:51] I had not yet.
- 3 Q. [10:23:02] Now, when he sent you to the sickbay, who made the decision that
- 4 you should be given to the second person?
- 5 A. [10:23:26] The reason I went to person number 2 was because they were aware
- 6 that person number 1 was already deceased. And while I was there at the sickbay,
- 7 that person came, he was also injured, he was at the sickbay. I stayed for a while.
- 8 I didn't know what was happening and what they were planning about me. But
- 9 later on they picked me and took me to that man's household. I went to provide
- 10 house help. I was preparing food, doing laundry. And then later on they started
- telling me that I should be living with that person as my husband.
- 12 Q. [10:24:12] Do you recall who made that decision?
- 13 A. [10:24:21] I thought it should have been the person who was the overall
- 14 commander of the sickbay, it should be the person who told person number 2 to
- 15 become my husband.
- 16 Q. [10:25:02] Now, for person number 1, did you ever know if he asked for you to
- 17 become his wife?
- 18 A. [10:25:23] That happened.
- 19 Q. [10:25:29] Do you know if person number 2 asked you to be his wife?
- 20 A. [10:25:45] He did not ask me; but I think he received the instruction from above.
- 21 Q. [10:26:08] Can you please explain what you mean when you say you think he
- 22 received instructions from above?
- A. [10:26:29] It's because, in the bush, you cannot begin living with a person you've
- 24 abducted. I had stayed there for a while, then I saw what was happening. The
- 25 reason I said he sought for permission from above was because nobody had the

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- 1 permission to abduct and then begin living with a girl as his wife. If that is done
- 2 you -- you risk being punished.
- 3 So I think it was not his intention to get me to his household as his wife, but it was the
- 4 interest of the overall commander at the sickbay.
- 5 Q. [10:27:18] Now I think I understood you to say that he did not ask you to
- 6 become his wife; is that correct?
- 7 A. [10:27:33] That's correct.
- 8 Q. [10:27:36] Did anybody ask you if you want -- for instance, did the commander
- 9 ask you if you wanted to be his wife?
- 10 A. [10:27:55] That did not happen. He only told me that I should leave the
- 11 household where I was; I should go and provide help in the other person's household.
- 12 Q. [10:28:23] When person number 1 died, do you remember anyone coming to ask
- 13 you -- or, approaching you, asking you to be their wife?
- 14 A. [10:28:48] Where I was in the bush that would not happen. Because if they
- came to discover that you were in love with someone, you would be subjected to
- 16 firing squad.
- 17 Q. [10:29:10] Now, do you recall the year in which person number 1 died? Or
- when you became a wife to person number 2?
- 19 A. [10:29:32] Well, I do not recall the year person number 1 died. But with person
- 20 number 2, because I had stayed in the sickbay for quite some time, he came, got me,
- and then he took me to his household.
- 22 Q. [10:29:53] And how long did you stay with person number 2?
- 23 A. [10:30:05] I stayed with person number 2 for quite some time, because I was able
- 24 to bear a child with him.
- 25 Q. [10:30:21] You mentioned the difficult relationship you had with person number

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- 1 1. But how was your relationship with person number 2?
- 2 A. [10:30:49] Well, for person number 2, I was a little older at that time when I got
- 3 to live with him. I had already started seeing my menstrual period.
- 4 Q. [10:31:11] So was it an easier relationship than the first one?
- 5 A. [10:31:31] With person number 2, compared to person number 1, I was really
- 6 young when I was with person number 1, I couldn't stay with a man as a husband.
- 7 Secondly, I had not yet even experienced my menstrual cycle. I was also frightened
- 8 with person number 1, and it appeared as if I had just chosen life over death. I
- 9 surrendered to him that he should do whatever he wanted with my body.
- 10 Q. [10:32:23] Now, what happened to person number 2? Why didn't you continue
- 11 living with him?
- 12 A. [10:32:41] The man passed away.
- 13 Q. [10:32:46] And how did you then end up with person number 3?
- 14 A. [10:33:09] This is how it happened with person number 3. When I was alone at
- 15 the home of the deceased, he took me from that coy and took me to his household. I
- started living in his household. Unfortunately, the first child died while I was at his
- 17 household. I was also troubled because there was war and there was -- the child was
- 18 hit by helicopter gunship. I was not there, close to the child.
- 19 When the other person died, I lived with person number 3, and we moved with him,
- 20 going towards Sudan. When we were in Sudan, he asked me whether I could live
- 21 with him. I told him I'm afraid, because here courtship is not allowed. I told him, if
- 22 you want me to be with you, you should first get permission from the high authorities.
- 23 He was also a person of high ranking, but he told me that, by the time he asked me,
- 24 he had already been given permission from above and Kony had allowed him to stay
- 25 with her. As a human being, I started living with person number 3, until I escaped

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- 1 and left him in the bush.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:34:58] When you said, you said as a human
- 3 being you started living with him; also as a woman, as a wife?
- 4 THE WITNESS: [10:35:10] (Interpretation) Yes.
- 5 MS BRIDGMAN: [10:35:20]
- 6 Q. [10:35:21] Now, you said that he was also of a higher rank. What rank and
- 7 position was he at the time he came to ask you?
- 8 A. [10:35:45] (Redacted) was not a low ranking person. But I do not know how to
- 9 differentiate ranks. But when I was living with (Redacted) he had a high rank, but I
- 10 do not know what rank it was.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:36:06] I think it's not a problem to leave it at that.
- 12 I think we understand it.
- 13 MS BRIDGMAN: [10:36:36]
- 14 Q. [10:36:37] When person number 3 asked you to live with him, did he tell you
- 15 that he was in love with you?
- 16 A. [10:36:53] When person number 3 started living with me he never told me he
- 17 loved me. At that time I was also weak. I was pregnant, but it was not his
- pregnancy. Sometimes I carry a heavy load and he sympathised with me. When I
- 19 saw the way he was treating me, I saw it was fit for me to be with him, that he can
- 20 take care of me. The way he treated me was good at his household, he never
- 21 segregated against me.
- 22 Q. [10:37:43] Now, you just said that you were pregnant. Was this from person
- 23 number 2 before he got killed?
- 24 A. [10:37:57] Yes.
- 25 Q. [10:38:03] And you also mentioned that your child was killed by helicopter

- 1 gunship. Was that the first child that you bore with person number 2?
- 2 A. [10:38:19] Yes.
- 3 Q. [10:38:22] You also said that in the LRA one would be put on firing squad for
- 4 being in love with someone without permission. Can you explain why, if you know,
- 5 this was the case?
- 6 A. [10:39:00] What I learned later, and after also learning some of the rules, I heard
- 7 them say that the reason why courtship is not allowed was because, first, a soldier
- 8 should not woo a woman, because if two or three soldiers started courting you, they
- 9 can start a struggle and create enmity, and therefore courtship is not proper within
- 10 the army. It can lead to injuries or even death amongst them.
- 11 Q. [10:40:02] So, from what you have said, how did those soldiers get the women?
- 12 Did they ask for particular women from the commanders, or how did that work?
- 13 A. [10:40:34] What I know is that when I was there I saw how I was given out.
- 14 A commander is the one who gives out a woman.
- 15 Q. [10:40:52] Now, if a woman lost her husband, did she have an opportunity to
- 16 choose her next husband?
- 17 A. [10:41:08] No, it was -- it will not be her will.
- 18 Q. [10:41:16] You mentioned that when you stayed and started learning the rules,
- 19 and then gave us examples. But can you give me more examples that were in the
- 20 LRA about sexual relations between men and women.
- 21 A. [10:41:49] About sexual relationships between men and women, I learnt a few
- 22 rules. I thought there would be courtship. But when you are abducted, like I said
- 23 earlier, you are taken to a commander's household. That commander would tell you
- 24 why you were taken there and you have no choice in what you are told. And that is
- 25 what I learnt later.

- 1 Q. [10:42:34] Do you know if a man could refuse the woman they were given to as
- 2 a wife?
- 3 A. [10:42:53] I saw also what happened with some girls; sometimes you are given
- 4 to a man who doesn't like you. But the man has no choice to say "Go back to where
- 5 you were brought from." You have to try and live with the person much as you will
- 6 not have very good relationship.
- 7 Q. [10:43:25] If a man or a woman disobeyed these rules what was the typical
- 8 punishment in the LRA?
- 9 A. [10:43:46] If a man or a woman violates these rules, for example, by starting to
- stay with someone without authority, you would be subjected to a firing squad.
- 11 Q. [10:44:06] Now, Ms Witness, did you find these rules in existence at the time of
- 12 your abduction, or were they created while you were already in the LRA?
- 13 A. [10:44:27] When I arrived there, I can confirm that these rules were already in
- existence, because the person whom I was given to did not woo me, I was just taken
- to his household, did not even talk to me, didn't even know me, and I started living
- with him.
- 17 Q. [10:44:52] Did you ever get to learn who established these rules? Where did
- 18 they come from?
- 19 A. [10:45:09] I did not find out where the rules came from, but I think, personally I
- 20 think that it is Kony who came out with the rules.
- 21 Q. [10:45:29] You mentioned several times in your own particular instance, but also
- 22 generally, that when you -- when you are taken to a commander's household, that
- commander would tell you why you were taken there. But do you know if the
- 24 commanders --
- 25 MR GUMPERT: [10:45:49] This is going to be a leading question, and I object to it.

- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:45:53] Yes. Perhaps you can try to rephrase it
- 2 a little bit.
- 3 MS BRIDGMAN: [10:45:57] Thank you, your Honour.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:46:02] So just a short remark, Mr Gumpert.
- 5 So from yesterday you have obviously thought about it, and now you are going to
- 6 object while the questioning is still ongoing and not even waiting on after the Defence
- 7 has asked. I am just remarking that. It's okay, because it's correct what you did,
- 8 but I just remark that you immediately -- yes, I will not say learned it, but you at least
- 9 note it, what happened there.
- 10 MR GUMPERT: [10:46:34] Yes, I am happy to adopt the learnt lesson suggestion.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:46:41] Yes. But as you know from the Chamber,
- we are not so formal. It is simply on a case-by-case basis. But it is absolutely
- 13 correct at the moment. So please rephrase it, Ms Bridgman.
- 14 MS BRIDGMAN: [10:46:54]
- 15 Q. [10:46:59] You said that you were taught rules when you were in the LRA.
- Were these rules taught to everyone, including commanders?
- 17 A. [10:47:26] I do not know from the commanders, but the way I see it, like I said,
- 18 you are given to someone, and I learnt that that is the rule.
- 19 Q. [10:47:52] When person number 3 told you that he had already sought
- 20 permission, did you confirm this? Or you just believed him?
- 21 A. [10:48:18] I confirmed. When he first told me that I thought he had actually
- 22 said the truth. At that point I did not agree to start living with him. But Kony also
- came to the area where I was, in our position, and talked to him and also talked to me.
- 24 Then I confirmed that he had got authority from Kony himself.
- 25 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:48:57] I think that is guite clear on that point.

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- 1 MS BRIDGMAN: [10:49:03]
- 2 Q. [10:49:03] You also just mentioned that the ultimate punishment was firing
- 3 squad. Were commanders also -- senior commanders, were they also subject to such
- 4 firing squad for violating the rules?
- 5 A. [10:49:30] I did not see that happen to a commander. But I saw it happen to
- 6 two lower ranking soldiers, and it made me believe that that rule existed.
- 7 Q. [10:49:51] Apart from sexual relations within the LRA, were there rules
- 8 regarding sexual relations between LRA and civilians?
- 9 A. [10:50:26] It is not easy for me to know that, because when people are sent for
- 10 operation I do not know what takes place between the civilians and the soldiers who
- 11 have been sent for operation. So for that matter, I have no knowledge of that.
- 12 But I hear they say that any LRA soldier should not be found having a sexual
- relationship with a civilian without permission.
- 14 Q. [10:51:28] Now, during your time in the LRA, did you ever see Sudanese
- women in LRA households?
- 16 A. [10:51:48] No, I did not see.
- 17 Q. [10:51:53] Do you know why?
- 18 A. [10:52:01] I cannot say anything about that. I do not know.
- 19 MS BRIDGMAN: [10:52:17] Your Honours, looking at the time, I think this is a good
- 20 place to stop for now, because I will be moving on to a different topic.
- 21 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:52:25] Okay, I pick that up.
- 22 So we then have the coffee break until 11.30.
- 23 THE COURT USHER: [10:52:32] All rise.
- 24 (Recess taken at 10.52 a.m.)
- 25 (Upon resuming at open session at 11.32 a.m.)

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- 1 THE COURT USHER: [11:32:40] All rise.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:33:08] You still have the floor, Ms Bridgman.
- 3 Please proceed.
- 4 MS BRIDGMAN: [11:33:21]
- 5 Q. [11:33:22] Ms Witness -- and for the record, your Honours, Thomas Obhof has
- 6 joined the team, and Roy Titus Ayena.
- 7 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:33:32] Indeed, yes. Visible at first glance, I
- 8 would say.
- 9 MS BRIDGMAN: [11:33:38]
- 10 Q. [11:33:39] Madam Witness, you mentioned being in Sudan. Do you remember
- 11 the year you went to Sudan?
- 12 A. [11:33:55] Well, I cannot clearly recall the year. But we stayed there for many
- 13 years.
- 14 Q. [11:34:09] Do you remember when you came back from Sudan?
- 15 A. [11:34:20] I remember the year I came back, because after I returned I didn't take
- long, then I delivered the child I currently have. If I can remember, we came back
- 17 and then returned. And then the final time we came back to Uganda was during an
- 18 attack. Everyone had left Sudan, every single person, mothers, children, and
- 19 everyone else had left Sudan.
- 20 Q. [11:35:16] So did I understand you correctly that you travelled from Sudan two
- 21 times?
- 22 A. [11:35:32] Well, I didn't come to Uganda only two times. When I was still alone,
- 23 I came to Uganda. And then when I lost the first child I came to Uganda on two
- 24 more occasions.
- 25 Q. [11:35:58] Did you come alone or did you come in a group?

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- 1 A. [11:36:08] I came in a group.
- 2 Q. [11:36:25] We will discuss the very last time you came back from Sudan later on,
- 3 but do you remember the reasons you travelled from Sudan these other times that
- 4 you mention?
- 5 A. [11:36:56] Well, it is difficult for me to explain why we came to Uganda. But,
- 6 you know, as women, they would pick you and, for you, in your own thinking you
- 7 might think they want you to come and provide some help in preparing foodstuff,
- 8 carrying luggage and all that, but we were not told what reasons they had in mind for
- 9 us to come back.
- 10 Q. [11:37:28] Did you in fact carry out the duties that you mentioned, preparing
- 11 foodstuff and carrying luggage?
- 12 A. [11:37:46] The bulk of such roles are done by women. For instance, carrying
- ammunition, carrying food, all these things are done by women who do not have
- 14 children. They are the ones who carry out those tasks, together with other junior
- 15 soldiers.
- 16 Q. [11:38:13] Do you remember the places you went to when you were in Uganda
- 17 during some of these journeys?
- 18 A. [11:38:33] You know, whenever we are leaving they wouldn't tell us that today
- 19 we are going to this place, we are going to go and station in this place. They will not
- 20 tell you that, because you will move and then you will be having -- thinking that we
- 21 might go to such-and-such a place and stay for one or two days. But that doesn't
- 22 happen. You will be walking and thinking possibly now we are going to station
- 23 here and spend the night here, but they don't spend the night there. So it's all a mix
- of things that it's difficult for me to understand.
- 25 Q. [11:39:10] During these journeys did you travel with Joseph Kony?

- 1 A. [11:39:26] Previously Joseph Kony was in Uganda, only that he was in another
- 2 group, I was not with him.
- 3 Q. [11:39:39] Now, can you briefly explain what happened the first time you
- 4 arrived in Sudan.
- 5 A. [11:39:56] In my observation, when we entered Sudan for the first time, I kept on
- 6 thinking that possibly we were taken there for a training on how to become a military
- 7 person, because when we went there, several people were trained. We, as women,
- 8 were also trained, especially those who were physically fit. We were told that we are
- 9 supposed to know how to conduct combat operations, but it was a bit difficult for us
- 10 as women.
- 11 Q. [11:40:39] So do I understand you correctly that you also participated in that
- 12 training?
- 13 A. [11:40:57] Well, they would train you. But, as women, we didn't have adequate
- 14 time for the training, because also, being able to comprehend the kind of things that
- 15 were being trained on was difficult for us.
- 16 Q. [11:41:13] Can you please give me examples of some of the things you were
- 17 being trained in.
- 18 A. [11:41:28] What I know well was -- or, we were being trained on how to
- 19 disassemble a gun. Secondly, they say in an event of an attack, and you are caught
- 20 unawares, you are supposed to know how to crawl and take cover so that you can
- 21 survive such an attack.
- 22 Q. [11:41:55] A short while ago you mentioned carrying ammunitions and food.
- 23 Did you ever carry ammunitions in the context of an operation?
- 24 A. [11:42:16] Yes, that would happen. But, personally, I did not carry ammunition,
- 25 but I carried food. Though there are very many other women who would carry

- 1 ammunition during a battle. And in such operation they are supposed to be nearby,
- 2 or they could move with these ammunition and station somewhere near so it can be
- 3 used during such an operation.
- 4 Q. [11:42:48] Were there any women who actually went to battle, that you know of?
- 5 A. [11:43:00] Yes, that happened. Because I would give you an example, that
- 6 there are some of them who came back home and then joined the military again.
- 7 was, I think, in their own intention to go back and continue doing military work.
- 8 Q. [11:43:29] Do you remember any of these women's names?
- 9 A. [11:43:39] There was one woman I stayed together with, (Redacted)
- 10 (Redacted) Now she has enrolled again, she's in the military.
- 11 Q. [11:44:12] Now, you said that Kony used to be in Uganda, but did you at any
- 12 point -- no. I will rephrase.
- 13 You mentioned --
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:44:30] Mr Gumpert was on the jump already, so
- 15 you -- now this is, this is now really interesting so that, that you correct yourself while
- talking because of this, what happened before the break.
- 17 MS BRIDGMAN: [11:44:46] Well I guess we are all learning while we go.
- 18 Q. [11:44:52] Ms Witness, did you interact with Joseph Kony during your time in
- 19 the LRA?
- 20 A. [11:45:10] I could not interact with him because I did not have the authority, or
- 21 power, to talk to him.
- 22 Q. [11:45:26] When you were receiving the training that you mentioned was
- 23 Joseph Kony present, or around?
- 24 A. [11:45:43] While we were in Sudan, he was in Sudan as well. But he was not
- with us during the training.

- 1 Q. [11:46:02] Did you undergo any ritual when you joined the LRA?
- 2 A. [11:46:21] Yes, that happened.
- 3 Q. [11:46:27] Was that while you were still in Uganda or in Sudan?
- 4 A. [11:46:41] I will give an example. When you are freshly abducted, they would
- 5 mix shea butter with some white substance, and they call it camouflage, and they
- 6 would smear it on your chest and forehead.
- 7 Q. [11:47:03] Do you know the purpose of this ritual?
- 8 A. [11:47:15] They say that is normally done, especially when they have abducted
- 9 girls, some fairly mature girls who are sometimes thought to not be very healthy.
- 10 They say the camouflage will be used to cleanse you and make you be a clean person.
- 11 Q. [11:47:41] Do you know who made the determination of the mixture, what
- 12 mixture to be used for cleansing?
- 13 A. [11:47:59] I think that must have been Kony.
- Q. [11:48:07] And did you ever learn how Kony got this formula, let me call it that
- 15 way?
- 16 A. [11:48:28] What I know is shea butter is something we use in Uganda. It's like
- 17 cooking oil. But for the white substance, I failed to understand what is.
- 18 Q. [11:48:57] Now, did the LRA have any other medicines that they used?
- 19 A. [11:49:10] For medicines, it's a bit difficult for me to talk about it, because many
- 20 times they would go into the bushes and get some herbs. And they claim that if you
- 21 have any ailments these are the herbs that can set you free.
- 22 Q. [11:49:36] Did you ever hear or learn about Kony's spirits?
- A. [11:49:51] Well, the issue around the spirits and Kony, what we used to be told
- 24 was that whenever there is a situation, even when Kony is not present in the vicinity
- 25 he would relay information to his commanders instructing them that everyone should

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- 1 go and pray. For us, as women, we would be asked to pray to Silindi, because
- 2 Silindi was the spirit for women. For the men, they are supposed to pray to Who
- 3 Are You because that is the spirit for combat.
- 4 Q. [11:50:36] Madam Witness, just to take you back briefly, did you ever receive
- 5 a rank after your training in the LRA?
- 6 A. [11:50:51] No, I didn't get any rank.
- 7 Q. [11:51:05] Now, focusing more on Silindi, what kind of help was that spirit
- 8 meant to give the women, if you know?
- 9 A. [11:51:23] What I know, based on what he used to tell us, was that Silindi would
- do a lot of things. Number one, if you wanted any problem to be sorted out, for
- instance, if you have infertility problems, pray to Silindi, you will be able to conceive
- 12 and have a child.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:51:48] May I shortly?
- 14 Ms Witness, how did you get to know the spirits and their power and their
- possibilities and their potential?
- 16 THE WITNESS: [11:52:16] (Interpretation) I do not necessarily confirm that I came to
- 17 know about the spirit because it could work well. But whenever there were prayers
- 18 everyone was meant to pray. I never witnessed any of the results of the prayers on
- 19 anyone. But we kept -- were being told every single time that if there is a problem
- we needed to pray so that we can get help.
- 21 MS BRIDGMAN: [11:52:51]
- 22 Q. [11:52:53] If you know, what kind of help in combat would Who Are You give?
- 23 A. [11:53:07] What he used to say was that Who Are You was the spirit that would
- 24 encourage the fighters to be very brave, especially when they go for battle.
- 25 Q. [11:53:29] Do you recall if Kony had any predictions -- made any predictions?

- 1 A. [11:53:48] For instance, the battle that uprooted us from Sudan, he told us at
- 2 some point that there's going to be a very fierce battle and people needed to pray.
- 3 They should pray to Silindi who will lead the women. Then the spirit for combat
- 4 will be leading those who will lead us to Uganda. And then, after some time, the
- 5 battle came to pass. I don't know whether he came to know about the battle prior to
- 6 it, or he was told by the spirits. I don't know exactly.
- 7 Q. [11:54:34] Thank you, Madam Witness.
- 8 Now, while you were in the LRA did you ever meet Dominic Ongwen?
- 9 A. [11:54:51] While I was in the LRA I used to know Dominic Ongwen. I even met
- 10 him.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:55:02] Do you recall when you met him?
- 12 THE WITNESS: [11:55:12] (Interpretation) I do not recall the period I met him, but I
- 13 know Dominic Ongwen. I was staying close by while in the bush.
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:55:25] It's absolutely understandable,
- 15 Ms Witness, that you do not know the exact time. But can you tell us, perhaps,
- a time frame when it was. Was it in the 1990s still, was it in the 2000 years?
- 17 THE WITNESS: [11:55:51] (Interpretation) What I know is -- well, I do not recall
- which period exactly, but I remember I was told at some point that Dominic Ongwen
- 19 sustained some injuries on his leg and I never came to know where he was taken after
- 20 he was injured. But I used to know Dominic Ongwen even from Sudan, and when
- 21 we came back to Uganda as well.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:56:19] I think you will follow up from there.
- 23 MS BRIDGMAN: [11:56:29]
- Q. [11:56:30] Can you briefly describe Dominic Ongwen as you remember him.
- 25 You said you lived close by.

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1 A. [11:56:50] What I know about Dominic Ongwen is that -- well, I don't know

- 2 which year he was abducted, but I only came to realise that he was already in the
- 3 bush. I came to realise his presence in the bush quite some time early, because he
- 4 was in a battalion that was called Sinia. I started seeing him from there. And when
- 5 he was transferred to Control Altar he stayed there, he didn't stay very far away from
- 6 where I was when he was at Control Altar. I started knowing him from there as well.
- 7 What I knew about Dominic Ongwen was that he was a good person, because, first,
- 8 while we were leaving Sudan to come to Uganda Dominic Ongwen was helping
- 9 several women. The kind of help he was providing included something like if he
- stayed back following the group and he finds somebody who is now failing to
- 11 continue walking, he would not do like others would do. Because what the other
- 12 people would do, when you find somebody who has failed to continue walking, they
- would say "Let's have this one rest here," and then they have the person killed.
- I can confirm. It actually happened to me. He came to me, picked a baby I was
- 15 carrying. He moved with me. We climbed a hill. And then we climbed down to
- the next side of the hill and then handed the baby back to me. That was the kind of
- 17 help he gave to me. He didn't give help only to me, but to very many other people.
- 18 I saw the way he was treating people. He was not a harsh commander. He was
- 19 a good person. I can confirm that he was a very good person.
- 20 MS BRIDGMAN: [11:58:55] Your Honours, out of caution I would like to ask
- 21 a follow-up question in private session.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:59:01] Private session.
- 23 (Private session at 11.59 a.m.)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

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WITNESS: UGA-D26-P-0119 1 (Redacted) 2 (Redacted) 3 (Redacted) 4 (Redacted) 5 (Redacted) 6 (Redacted) 7 (Redacted) 8 (Redacted) (Redacted) 9 10 (Redacted) 11 (Redacted) 12 (Redacted) (Redacted) 13 14 (Redacted) (Redacted) 15 16 (Redacted) 17 (Redacted) 18 (Redacted) 19 (Redacted) 20 (Redacted) 21 (Redacted) (Redacted) 22 23 (Redacted) 24 (Open session at 12.01 p.m.) 25 THE COURT OFFICER: [12:01:47] We are back in open session, Mr President.

(Private Session)

Trial Hearing

- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:01:55] Perhaps I have one follow-up question.
- 2 Madam Witness, when you met him in Sudan were you together with person 3?
- 3 THE WITNESS: [12:02:13] (Interpretation) When I met Dominic Ongwen I was with
- 4 (Redacted), together.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:02:23] Please.
- 6 MS BRIDGMAN: [12:02:31]
- 7 Q. [12:02:32] Now, Madam Witness, did you ever attempt to escape from the LRA?
- 8 A. [12:02:45] I attempted, but it was not easy for me.
- 9 Q. [12:02:52] How many times did you try before you were successful?
- 10 A. [12:03:13] I had not yet stayed long, I tried to escape. When I wanted to escape,
- 11 I moved -- when we had reached the position where we were, I moved as if I was
- 12 going to collect firewood. When I left and reached the valley, I crossed the valley
- and went up the other side and noticed that I was far away from the main group.
- 14 I was convinced that no one would catch me if I escaped. But when I moved a little
- 15 bit someone was observing me and started running after me. He told me that,
- 16 "Before you move the next step, please turn back." I told him I was looking for
- 17 firewood. Then he said, "Why are you going that far to look for firewood? Please
- 18 come back."
- 19 I came back to the base and then he narrated what had happened. It was not easy. I
- 20 suffered punishment because of that. That was the first time.
- 21 The second time, I agreed with a lady called (Redacted). We were far
- 22 away near a big waterbody and she told me, "(Redacted), I know this place." Then I
- 23 told her, "Well, if you know this place, then we can escape, since there are only people
- in the sickbay who are here."
- 25 When we agreed that we were going to escape in the evening, it was not easy because

- 1 they came to know about it. We were bound and blindfolded and they were taking
- 2 us to be killed. I surrendered my life in God's hands and just decided that if it was
- 3 the day that I was going to be killed, let it be.
- 4 When we were being taken to be killed, they took three people. Two of us were
- 5 supposed to be killed. Before they reached the place where they should have killed
- 6 us, we heard gunshots. There were lots of gunshots. Then we heard helicopter
- 7 gunships also, hovering over us. People fled. And that is how we survived,
- 8 because we had also -- we had already been bound together and blindfolded. Our
- 9 hands were untied and they also removed the blindfold and we ran. That is how we
- 10 survived. When we settled again the person leading us called us and said that "Your
- God is indeed great, because he has saved you, because the people you were escaping
- 12 to go to are the ones who attacked us. For that matter, God has agreed that you
- 13 should live. Next time anybody who tries to escape will be killed." When he
- 14 forgave us we thanked him, and we asked him to forgive us, and promised not to
- 15 repeat.
- 16 Q. [12:06:36] Now, were these two attempts both in Uganda? Or in Sudan?
- 17 A. [12:06:44] This was from Uganda.
- 18 Q. [12:06:53] What about the first time, was it also in Uganda?
- 19 A. [12:06:58] Yes, it was from Uganda also.
- 20 Q. [12:07:24] What kind of punishment did you get for the first attempt of
- 21 escaping?
- 22 A. [12:07:38] I was caned numberless strokes of the cane. They carried a big heap
- 23 of -- a big heap of canes, and I was whipped with it. I was whipped several times. I
- 24 could no longer cry. That is what happened.
- 25 Q. [12:08:02] How many people whipped you? Was it one person or several

- 1 people?
- 2 A. [12:08:11] There were three men. They even used machetes to whip my back.
- 3 Q. [12:08:22] You said you were whipped to a point of no crying. Did you sustain
- 4 physical injuries?
- 5 A. [12:08:35] Yes, on my back. If you see my back now you will see scars of sticks
- 6 and machetes.
- 7 Q. [12:08:47] Who ordered for these beatings?
- 8 A. [12:08:59] The person who ordered for the beating, at that time we were with
- 9 a commander called Odhiambo.
- 10 Q. [12:09:11] Do you remember Odhiambo's other name?
- 11 A. [12:09:19] I do not know. We only referred to him as "Lapwony".
- 12 Q. [12:09:28] Do you know if he was also called Okot, Okot Odhiambo?
- 13 A. [12:09:42] Yes, I remember the name Okot Odhiambo. Except that the name
- 14 Okot, some of us you cannot call him Okot Odhiambo, but you only refer to him as
- 15 Lapwony Odhiambo.
- 16 Q. [12:10:07] Now, these three people that whipped you, did they volunteer to
- 17 whip you?
- 18 A. [12:10:23] It was an order given to them.
- 19 Q. [12:10:26] Now, you have told us two different escape attempts and two
- 20 different punishments. Was there a typical punishment in the LRA for attempting to
- 21 escape?
- 22 A. [12:11:01] Yes, there was. If you attempt to escape, if you are unfortunate, they
- 23 will kill you. I believe it was God that protected us. Sometimes you are given
- 24 a heavy load to carry for a long time, because that would be part of the punishment.
- 25 Q. [12:11:33] Do you know if people escaped from Sudan?

- 1 A. [12:11:49] It was difficult. But if you are lucky and God helps you, and you
- 2 surrender to the Arabs, you would be grateful to God, because the Arabs would take
- 3 you to the Ugandan soldiers. But if you are unfortunate and you land on tribesmen
- 4 of Lutugu who are in Sudan, they will not spare you. Sometimes they will just beat
- 5 you until you die, sometimes they kill you. So it was not easy to escape from Sudan.
- 6 Q. [12:12:45] We discussed earlier briefly about Kony's predictions. But do you
- 7 know if he also could predict escapes?
- 8 A. [12:13:12] It used to happen. Sometimes he would say that he has foreseen that
- 9 you have plans of escaping, and he would warn you that you should not escape.
- 10 Because he has warned you; and if you escape you would die.
- 11 Q. [12:13:36] When he said that if you escape you would die, what would kill you,
- 12 according to him?
- 13 A. [12:13:55] The way I see, when you are captured he would say that -- he told you
- 14 about your plans to escape. For that matter, he had warned you, and there would be
- 15 no other punishment. Since he had stopped you from escaping, he would just give
- an order to be killed, because he had already warned you in the past.
- 17 Q. [12:14:24] Do you recall any incidences when Joseph Kony predicted an escape
- and it actually happened?
- 19 A. [12:14:45] I did not personally see that happen, that Kony predicted that
- 20 so-and-so would escape and the person escaped. But every time they gathered
- 21 people for a prayer or a meeting, and he would say that if someone has plans of
- escaping, like so-and-so, it will not be easy for him or her. But to see that someone
- 23 attempted to escape or someone escaped, I did not see. But if you escape and they
- 24 find out they would kill you. You know, for us women we fear. For instance,
- 25 moving from Sudan to Uganda is not easy. Even if Uganda even if you escape from

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a place which is unknown to you, it will not be easy for you to reach a main road.

- 2 You can only escape in a place you are familiar with, or when you are about to cross
- 3 a main road. That's what happens with women.
- 4 MS BRIDGMAN: [12:15:59] Your Honours, I request to go into private session for
- 5 the next set of questions.
- 6 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:16:06] Private session.
- 7 (Private session at 12.16 p.m.)
- 8 (Redacted)
- 9 (Redacted)
- 10 (Redacted)
- 11 (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Redacted)
- 14 (Redacted)
- 15 (Redacted)
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

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- 1 you have narrated to us. First of all, how old was your baby at the time of your
- 2 escape?
- 3 A. [12:28:26] The child was -- I -- he was born in -- he was born in 1999. That is
- 4 when the child was born. So the child could have been about four years old, four
- 5 years and some months.
- 6 Q. [12:28:46] And just for the record, which year did you escape from the LRA?
- 7 A. [12:28:57] I escaped in the year 2004.
- 8 Q. [12:29:03] Do you remember the month in which you escaped?
- 9 A. [12:29:12] I do not recall. But I think it should -- it was almost independence
- 10 celebration. When I arrived it didn't take long and there was independence
- 11 celebration.
- 12 Q. [12:29:29] Now, you mentioned a woman whose name I won't mention again,
- who reported you to the escort. Do you remember that?
- 14 A. [12:29:47] Yes, I do.
- 15 Q. [12:29:50] Now, was this common in the LRA, that if you shared your plans
- 16 your colleagues would report you? Your escape plans.
- 17 A. [12:30:12] That would happen. Sometimes when you share your plans, you
- 18 would say that -- would be afraid that if they find out that you shared with me, that I
- 19 knew about your escape, I would also be part of the problem. So the person you
- shared with would go and report so that he would -- he or she would not be part of
- 21 your punishment.
- Q. [12:30:48] You also mentioned that when you met the old man you did not want
- 23 him to take you to the government because you -- you were afraid you'd be killed.
- 24 Why did you believe this?
- 25 A. [12:31:11] I feared so, because from there they would tell us that, if you find

1 yourselves in the hands of government soldiers, they would not leave you, they

- 2 would kill you.
- 3 Q. [12:31:32] Now, did this old man actually take you to the LC?
- 4 A. [12:31:39] Yes, he did.
- 5 Q. [12:31:43] And what happened after that? Without mentioning names.
- 6 A. [12:31:56] When that person took me to the LC, I saw he treated me so well,
- 7 because when I arrived there the LC welcomed me, they brought for me something to
- 8 eat. But before that I was given water to go and take a bath, which I did. After
- 9 eating, he asked me, "Right now I am going to take you to the military barracks."
- 10 But I told him if he took me there he will have to come back with me, because I was
- 11 really frightened. I ask him if he took me, will he be coming back with me. He said
- 12 yes. Then we went to the barracks. When we arrived there the soldiers were
- saying that, having been the wife of the other person I must be highly knowledgeable,
- so I will not be allowed to go back to the LC. I would have to stay with them. But
- 15 I was so frightened I couldn't stay in the barracks. So when the LC wanted to leave, I
- told them without the presence of the LC I will not stay.
- 17 They had brought for me soda and some bread to eat. But I rejected the items.
- 18 From the bush we were told that each time you are given something to eat you have
- 19 to be very cautious, because they will give you poison. So I thought the things that
- 20 were given were laced with poison. I rejected them.
- 21 When the LC was leaving I told them I am not staying behind. I told him, "If I'm to
- stay here, they are going to kill me." The LC assured me that I could stay, they
- 23 wouldn't kill me. But I objected to that. Then they handed me over to the LC and
- 24 then they gave some escorts to go with us and they kept providing security for us at
- 25 the LC's place. But each day I would go to the barracks to go and talk to them.

- 1 Then, after the third day, they took me to Gulu barracks.
- 2 Q. [12:33:57] And just to be clear, you said you were taken to the soldiers before
- 3 being taken to Gulu barracks. Where were these other soldiers based at?
- 4 A. [12:34:18] If I can mention the name, then yes, I will mention it. They were in
- 5 (Redacted).
- 6 Q. [12:34:29] When you were taken to Gulu barracks how long did you stay?
- 7 A. [12:34:41] I stayed at the CPU in the barracks for about three days. Then I was
- 8 taken to World Vision.
- 9 Q. [12:34:59] Did anything happen while you were at CPU?
- 10 A. [12:35:09] What happened from the CPU, which was very difficult, was that
- when my uncle came around he came and started asking me, he told me, "Thank you
- 12 very much for coming back home." I also responded, saying I am also happy and
- 13 thank you. I was very excited. When I arrived at (Redacted) and then I was eventually
- 14 taken to Gulu I was very happy.
- 15 When I went to CPU they took me to go and speak on radio. I went and spoke on
- 16 radio. I mentioned my names, the names of my parents, where I was born from.
- 17 And I gave them my name, my real names. Then my uncle heard me on radio. The
- 18 next day he came. When he came I saw him, I was very excited and happy. But
- 19 what happened that angered me a lot was that when my uncle -- my uncle arrived,
- 20 the way he treated me was not proper. Because I was looking for solace, but my
- 21 uncle came and started telling me that, "Well, it's good that you've come back." But
- before he could say anything more about home, he said, "You have come home, good.
- 23 But, unfortunately, your mum is no longer there. The children who were here, who
- 24 have survived by -- the children who were alive are there, but your mum is no longer
- 25 there." She died in such-and-such a manner.

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- 1 And I had already previously been told something about my father. I had been told
- 2 by those who abducted later on that my father was killed, but they never told me how
- 3 he was killed. They only told me that in confidence. They couldn't tell me that
- 4 openly about what happened to my father. So the uncle told me that "At the time of
- 5 your abduction your father was killed. Your mum has also died and she has left
- 6 a young child."
- 7 That broke me down. I started crying. I lost it all. Then people came and started
- 8 talking to me and asking me why I was crying. Then they started telling me that,
- 9 well, if you wanted -- they were telling my uncle that if you wanted to talk to this
- 10 person who has just returned from the bush, you don't come and begin telling them
- 11 this kind of information. You could have waited for another time to tell this lady the
- 12 information you gave her.
- 13 So when he came and told me these things, it broke me down.
- 14 Q. [12:37:51] When you were finally transferred to the World Vision how long did
- 15 you stay?
- 16 A. [12:38:03] I stayed in World Vision for quite some time. The problem was that
- when I returned, World Vision looked for a place where they could take me where I
- could be comfortable, but they couldn't identify any place. And then the way my
- 19 uncle came and talked to me and the kind of things he was doing in his life, he was
- 20 not a very serious person, he was a drunkard actually, so World Vision could not find
- 21 a good place where they could reintegrate me. And my village was very far away,
- 22 we didn't have anybody staying within the town. So one thing that happened was
- 23 that one of the staffers of World Vision kept on talking to me, and then one woman
- 24 was able to come to me and talk to me and told me "I am going to pick you and take
- 25 you to your uncle's place. Thereafter I will also take you to another place where

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1 you are going to be staying with your children, together with your brothers. Do you

- 2 accept?" I told her, "Well, if you did that to me I will be very grateful." Then I
- 3 accepted that.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:39:26] I think there is enough information in
- 5 that.
- 6 MS BRIDGMAN: [12:39:40]
- 7 Q. [12:39:41] Earlier, when we were discussing some of the girls you were
- 8 abducted with, you mentioned that one of them, when she became sick, she was
- 9 released and sent back home.
- 10 I just want to follow up on that, and that's from about page 15 of the transcript.
- 11 Who ordered for her release, if you remember?
- 12 A. [12:40:14] Well, I do not know who exactly ordered for her release, but when I
- had already returned I was told that the woman was released, but she was already
- 14 ailing. They knew even if she had stayed back there in the bush she would
- 15 eventually die. They were very happy that she was released to come back home.
- When she arrived they tried to give her treatment, but she did not respond and
- 17 eventually died.
- 18 Q. [12:40:45] So do I understand you correctly that you did not know about her
- 19 release until you came back home?
- 20 A. [12:40:58] Yes.
- 21 Q. [12:41:12] You also mentioned that when you came back home the soldiers
- 22 thought you have a lot of information because of your relationship with person
- 23 number 3. Did they ask you a lot of questions in that regard?
- 24 A. [12:41:35] Yes, they did.
- 25 Q. [12:41:41] What kind of information were they interested in?

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- 1 A. [12:41:52] When I returned, the first thing they asked me was that they knew
- 2 very well I was moving about with that person, in every movement that person must
- 3 have been there, in person. When they asked me I told them, "Well, that's correct.
- 4 The last time I was walking with that person was yesterday when we came under
- 5 attack and then we were split up. At the time I was escaping he was no longer
- 6 where I was." Then they also asked me where we were going. They asked me if we
- 7 were going to meet at an RV somewhere. Well, I was aware of that. They were
- 8 asking me if I was aware of that, then I told them, "No, I am not aware of any RV."
- 9 Those were the kind of questions they were asking me.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:42:46] I think that's also enough on that subject.
- 11 MS BRIDGMAN: [12:42:52] May I ask one more question.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:42:54] Let's listen to the question. Yes.
- 13 MS BRIDGMAN: [12:42:58]
- 14 Q. [12:42:58] Did they ever ask you about an attack at Pajule?
- 15 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:43:02] Good. Okay.
- 16 THE WITNESS: [12:43:12] (Interpretation) Well, out of the soldiers who I interfaced
- 17 with after my escape, none of them asked me such a question.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:43:23] That of course was absolutely
- 19 objectionable -- unobjectionable.
- 20 MS BRIDGMAN: [12:43:38] Thank you, Mr President.
- 21 Q. [12:43:39] Do you know of an attack at Pajule?
- 22 A. [12:43:49] When they said Pajule was attacked, during that period I was not with
- 23 the convoy, I was at the sickbay, and the convoy had stayed away from us for quite
- 24 a while, then somebody sustained an injury during the Pajule attack. That person
- 25 was a boy who was in Otti's group. He was called Odonga Wod Lango. He

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1 eventually died because of the seriousness of the injury. Then I asked them, "Where

- 2 had you gone? Had you gone to attack Pajule?" Said, "Yes." I asked them, "With
- 3 whom were you in Pajule?" I only asked him as somebody I was living together
- 4 with. So he told me they went and attacked Pajule. At that time it was Otti's group
- 5 than went and attacked Pajule. So I was told about that by that boy. But I was not
- 6 in that convoy.
- 7 MS BRIDGMAN: [12:44:53] I'll move on.
- 8 Q. [12:44:56] Since your return from the bush did you have any information
- 9 regarding person number 3?
- 10 A. [12:45:14] When I returned, before I could hear anything about him, there was
- a man during the peace talks who came and started asking me, that (Redacted)- that
- was the name I was using he asked me, he told me that person number 3 was asking
- me to return to the bush. Then I ask him, "You want me to return when you know
- 14 very well I escaped? You want me to be killed?" The person told me that, "Well,
- 15 there is no more problem. Nowadays there is peace talks and these people are about
- 16 to come back home." But I told that gentleman that that will not happen, I will not
- 17 go back there. And that's where it ended.
- 18 Later on, after quite some time, I think I don't remember how long exactly it had
- 19 taken, but I was told later on that (Redacted) had died.
- 20 A lucky thing was that one person I was staying with, who was called (Redacted),
- 21 were close to each other, during the peace talks the lady came to me and told me that,
- 22 (Redacted), "I want to go back to" -- she was coming from Kitgum, from a place -- well,
- 23 I don't clearly remember. It was Padibe. She told me that "I am going back to my
- 24 mum in Padibe." Then I told her, "If you go back to Padibe, go and greet your
- 25 mum."But when (Redacted)came to me I think she had a different intention(Redacted)

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came to me at that time and yet she wanted to go back to the bush instead, not to her

- 2 mother. She went back to the bush but it was not simple for her. Later on I was
- 3 told that she eventually died from the bush. But before she died, (Redacted) died.
- 4 After the death of (Redacted), life changed for (Redacted)and then eventually she also
- 5 died. That was one thing I came to know about one of the ladies with whom I had
- 6 stayed in the bush.
- 7 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:47:34] Thank you.
- 8 MS BRIDGMAN: [12:47:36] Mr President, there is one more question I would like to
- 9 follow up in private session.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:47:42] Private session.
- 11 (Private session at 12.47 p.m.)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Redacted)
- 14 (Redacted)
- 15 (Redacted)
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
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- 1 (Redacted)
- 2 (Redacted)
- 3 (Redacted)
- 4 (Redacted)
- 5 (Redacted)
- 6 (Redacted)
- 7 (Redacted)
- 8 (Redacted)
- 9 (Redacted)
- 10 (Redacted)
- 11 (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Open session at 12.50 p.m.)
- 14 THE COURT OFFICER: [12:50:41] We are back in open session, Mr President.
- 15 MS BRIDGMAN: [12:50:46]
- 16 Q. [12:50:47] Madam Witness, as we conclude my own questions, I just -- is there
- anything that I haven't asked you? Why did you come to testify today?
- A. [12:51:15] The reason I came to testify, well, is because, while I don't remember
- 19 the exact date, but one of the ladies with whom I used to live very well came to me.
- 20 She told me, (Redacted)-- she actually used the name I currently use at home. She told
- 21 me that there is a lady who wants to meet with you. Then I ask her, "Where does she
- 22 stay?" Then she told me, "The lady comes from Gulu, she lives within." Then I ask
- 23 her, "Why does she want to meet with me?" Because what I know is, for us, as
- 24 returnees, we can land into problems. If somebody asks you, they want to meet up
- 25 with you, then you want to think maybe they want to support you in one way or the

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- 1 other. Then I ask her, "Why does she want to meet with me?" But she only told me,
- 2 "Please, just go and meet her and then you will find out from there."
- 3 I decided to accept and go because I thought maybe that lady wanted to give me
- 4 some support. I got the number of that lady, but she had also given my number to
- 5 that lady. The lady called me and ask me, "(Redacted), are you okay?" I said, "Yes,
- 6 I am." Then she said she wanted to meet with me. Then she asked me if I am ready
- 7 to meet with her. I said, "Fine, I have no problem." Then I set off to go and meet
- 8 her at a place called Saint Monica. I arrived there. She picked me from there and
- 9 took me to Lacor. When we arrived at Lacor she started asking me, she asked me
- 10 very many questions about my stay, about my -- in the bush, about my abduction,
- and I told her everything. I told her -- she told me that "I want to talk to you. If
- they ask you if you can go and give a testimony, if you can go and testify in Court
- about what you have told me, will it be possible?" I told her, "Well, I have no
- problem with that, because everything I have told you here is things I have passed
- 15 through, things I have experienced. So I have no problem, I can go." Then she said,
- 16 "Fine, I will meet you again next time."
- 17 Then later on she called me and met with me again. I told her, "Fine, these are the
- things that I experienced. If you want me to go and testify in court about this, I have
- 19 no objection to that." That is how and why I am here.
- 20 Q. [12:53:48] Thank you, Madam Witness.
- 21 Your Honours, lead counsel says he has about five minutes of questioning.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:53:53] Yes, no problem. Thank you,
- 23 Ms Bridgman. Please, Mr Ayena.
- 24 QUESTIONED BY MR AYENA ODONGO:
- 25 Q. [12:54:16] Madam Witness, I am called Krispus Ayena Odongo, and I have a few

- 1 questions for you. Madam, I will begin from Odongo Wod Lango. When you had
- 2 occasion to talk to him before he died at the sickbay, did he tell you the names of
- 3 those who led the attack at Pajule?
- 4 A. [12:54:57] Well, I didn't get into those details because he was already ailing.
- 5 They shot him on the back and then the bullet came and tore his chest, so he didn't
- 6 have energy to speak a lot. I only ask him where he sustained his injury from. I ask
- 7 him so because I was living with him. Then he told me it happened from Pajule,
- 8 they had gone to attack Pajule.
- 9 Then I ask him, "With whom did you go to Pajule?" He told me Mr Otti was also
- 10 there. Then I told him, "Well, sorry about your injury." And then he didn't stay for
- 11 long. The injury was grave and then eventually he died. I did not enquire about
- the details of the people who went to Pajule. But Odongo was together with Otti
- because he was the one in charge of Otti's security.
- 14 Q. [12:56:00] And, Madam Witness, from what you have said, having lived with
- 15 person 3 as man and -- I mean, as man and wife, did you get to know whether he had
- some contacts with collaborators among the civilians?
- 17 A. [12:56:40] Well, that's a bit difficult for me, because, for instance, if I looked at
- the shoes that we would put on, I would see us receiving pairs of shoes but I would
- 19 not be able to establish where they were coming from. It was not possible for us to
- 20 ask these commanders where these items were coming from. But I would see new
- 21 pairs of shoes, and many other things, but I couldn't establish who exactly was
- 22 providing the linkage.
- 23 Q. [12:57:18] Did you sometimes hear him talking on, on telephone to people who
- 24 could have been within the civilian population?
- 25 A. [12:57:43] Well, that's, that's difficult for me to answer, because if you see

- somebody is speaking on the phone, they would not allow you -- especially him,
- 2 whenever he is speaking on phone, he would not speak on phone when he is near us,
- 3 he speaks when he is far away, so it's difficult to know whether he was speaking to
- 4 this or the other person.
- 5 Q. [12:58:10] Last but -- last, I think the last question. Madam, during your stay in
- 6 the bush, especially after you came from Sudan, did you get to know somebody
- 7 called Rwot Oywak? Do you know somebody called Rwot Oywak? And if you do,
- 8 can you tell Court some things you know about him.
- 9 A. [12:58:47] Well, I do not clearly recall, but I remember hearing the name
- 10 Rwot Oywak. Even during the peace talks I could hear his name. But the
- interaction between him and person number 3 I could not establish.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:59:09] Thank you, Mr Ayena. Thank you.
- 13 Any questions by the Prosecution?
- 14 MR GUMPERT: [12:59:14] None.
- 15 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [12:59:16] By the representatives of the victims?
- 16 No, I don't see anybody.
- 17 So, Madam Witness, this concludes your testimony. On behalf of the Chamber I
- 18 would like to thank you that you have taken it upon you to come to this courtroom to
- 19 give your testimony and to help the Court establish the truth. And we wish you
- a safe trip back home.
- 21 (The witness is excused)
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: This concludes also the hearing for today. We
- continue on Monday, 9.30, with D-60 I think it is.
- 24 THE COURT USHER: [12:59:57] All rise.
- 25 (The hearing ends in open session at 1.00 p.m.)