WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-2049

- 1 International Criminal Court
- 2 Trial Chamber V
- 3 Situation: Central African Republic II
- 4 In the case of The Prosecutor v. Alfred Rombhot Yekatom and Patrice-Edouard
- 5 Ngaïssona ICC-01/14-01/18
- 6 Presiding Judge Bertram Schmitt, Judge Péter Kovács and
- 7 Judge Chang-ho Chung
- 8 Trial Hearing Courtroom 1
- 9 Monday, 28 February 2022
- 10 (The hearing starts in open session at 9.32 a.m.)
- 11 THE COURT USHER: [9:32:31] All rise.
- 12 The International Criminal Court is now in session.
- 13 Please be seated.
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:32:58] Good morning, everyone.
- 15 Court officer, please call the case.
- 16 THE COURT OFFICER: [9:33:04] Good morning, Mr President. Good morning,
- 17 your Honours.
- 18 This is the Second Situation in the Central African Republic, in the case of The
- 19 Prosecutor versus Alfred Rombhot Yekatom and Patrice-Edouard Ngaïssona, case
- 20 reference ICC-01/14-01/18.
- 21 And for the record, we are in open session.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:33:23] Thank you.
- 23 The appearances of the parties.
- 24 Prosecution, Mr Vanderpuye, first.
- 25 MR VANDERPUYE: [9:33:30] Good morning, Mr President, your Honours.

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- 1 Good morning, everyone. Good morning, Mr Witness. Today, the Office of the
- 2 Prosecutor is represented by Manochitra Prathaban, Yassin Mostfa, and myself,
- 3 Kweku Vanderpuye. Good morning.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:33:44] Thank you.
- 5 Representatives of the victims, please. Thanks.
- 6 MR FALL: [9:33:57](Interpretation) Good morning, Mr President. Good morning,
- 7 your Honours.
- 8 The victims of the other crimes are today represented by Mr Enrique Carnero,
- 9 Ms Evelyne Ombeni, and myself, Yaré Fall. Thank you.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:34:14] Thank you.
- 11 MR SUPRUN: [9:34:19] Good morning, Mr President, your Honours. The former
- 12 child soldiers are represented by myself, Dmytro Suprun, counsel at the Office of
- 13 Public Counsel for Victims. Thank you.
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:34:28] Thank you.
- 15 For the Defence of Mr Yekatom, please.
- 16 MS GUISSÉ: [9:34:33](Interpretation) Good morning, Mr President, your Honours.
- 17 The Yekatom is present in the hall. It is assisted today by Mr Suzuki and myself,
- 18 Anta Guissé.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:34:47] Thank you.
- 20 And now Mr Knoops.
- 21 MR KNOOPS: [9:34:51] Good morning, Mr President, your Honours. Good
- 22 morning, everyone in the courtroom. The Defence team for Mr Ngaïssona appears
- 23 today before the Chamber with Ms Marie-Hélène Proulx, Despoina Eleftheriou,
- 24 Chiara Giudici and Mr Ali Alabdali. Mr Landry is, during the first session, absent
- 25 due to a doctor's appointment, but he will attend from the field office the hearings

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- 1 from the second session, Mr President.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:35:21] Thank you very much.
- 3 And, of course, most importantly, good morning, Mr Witness, and welcome again.
- 4 The Chamber hopes that you could calm down a little bit over the weekend, that you
- 5 had a nice weekend, perhaps. We hope that, and we hope that you are ready to
- 6 answer the questions today.
- 7 WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-2049 (On former oath)
- 8 (The witness speaks Sango)
- 9 (The witness gives evidence via video link)
- 10 THE WITNESS: [9:35:45] (No interpretation)
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:35:48] I give now the floor again to
- 12 Mr Vanderpuye who has more questions.
- 13 MR VANDERPUYE: [9:35:55] Thank you, again, Mr President. Good morning.
- 14 QUESTIONED BY MR VANDERPUYE: (Continuing)
- 15 Q. [9:35:59] Good morning, Mr Witness. We are in open session, just to -- just to
- 16 remind you of that.
- 17 A. [9:36:05] (No interpretation)
- 18 Q. [9:36:20] All right. I didn't hear a translation of what you said, but I take it to
- 19 mean that you said good morning.
- 20 I wanted to ask you some questions about the attack on Bossangoa on 5 December
- 21 2013, where we left off on Friday. So my first question regarding that is: Did you
- learn about -- other than what you talked about on Friday, did you learn about the
- 23 number of people that had been killed during the course of that attack?
- 24 A. [9:37:14] Thank you. There were -- there was a problem of network. And I'm
- 25 not sure -- are we in open session or in private session? I need to know before I

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- 1 speak.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:37:33] We are in open session. Do you think
- 3 you should provide the information in private session, Mr Witness?
- 4 THE WITNESS: [9:37:49](Interpretation) No.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:37:53] Okay. Good.
- 6 THE WITNESS: [9:37:56](Interpretation) I can speak in open session. There is no
- 7 problem.
- 8 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:38:00] So, Mr Witness, the question was, if you
- 9 came to know how many people died during the attack of 5 December 2013, to your
- 10 knowledge, and you could also provide us with the information where -- if you have
- any, where you got the information from.
- Well, there seems to be a problem with the connection.
- 13 Mr Witness, did you hear me? Because I saw that you changed the headphones. So
- 14 could you hear my question?
- 15 Do you -- do you hear me now, Mr Witness, at the moment?
- 16 Obviously not. So we have a problem here.
- 17 They tried to fix it. So we have to be a little bit patient, but I -- I have the impression
- 18 that we need not leave the room.
- 19 Mr Witness, do you hear me now better?
- 20 THE WITNESS: [9:41:11](Interpretation) Yes, I can hear you now. A short while
- 21 ago, I couldn't hear you, but now I can hear you.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:41:19] So, then, please allow me to repeat the
- 23 question. The question was, if you have knowledge about how many people died
- 24 during the attack of 5 December 2013, and if you have this information, where you
- 25 got it from. Thank you.

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- Well, if this is a principle problem, so I think I have now -- we have repeated the
- 2 question three times, so it's a little bit embarrassing. It's becoming embarrassing if
- 3 we have to do this every two minutes.
- 4 Has the witness -- is he now connected? Does he hear us?
- 5 Embarrassing not for you us. We are not important, but for the witness who does
- 6 not know what's going on.
- 7 Okay. Mr Witness, did you -- were you able to hear me question?
- 8 THE WITNESS: [9:43:12] (No interpretation)
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:43:14] Okay. Then, please answer. I think now
- 10 the connection is better. So I think we hear you.
- 11 THE WITNESS: [9:43:29](Interpretation) Thank you. There must have been 19
- 12 victims of the 5th of December. As you know, some of the victims were from
- 13 Bossangoa centre, while others were from the villages in the vicinity, including Peuhls
- 14 and others. I do not know all the victims, so I don't want to lie to you. If I
- 15 remember correctly, I will say that there were 19 of them. As I said, including -- and
- those were Peuhls and herdsmen.
- 17 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:44:41] Thank you.
- 18 And I think, Mr Vanderpuye, you go more into detail which persons, and there are
- 19 also -- were injured persons, and so on and so forth.
- 20 MR VANDERPUYE: [9:44:53] Indeed. Indeed, Mr President. Thank you.
- 21 Q. [9:44:54] Among the victims of killings, that is, do you recall having given this
- 22 information during the course of your interview with the Office of the Prosecutor?
- 23 A. [9:45:32] I gave my statement, which included the number of dead and each
- 24 injured during the events of 5 December in Bossangoa town.
- 25 Q. [9:45:51] I have two questions. First is, do you remember the names of the

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1 individuals that you gave? And the second is, do you remember whether these were

- 2 civilians or fighters?
- 3 A. [9:46:28] Thank you for that question, Mr Prosecutor.
- 4 As I said last Friday, when the war -- when the war breaks out, there are always dead
- 5 in two -- in both sides. There were Seleka dead and Anti-Balaka dead, even amongst
- 6 the civilians. I'm not interested in the dispute between the Anti-Balaka and the
- 7 Seleka. I am a victim of those events. I am here to speak to you about the dead and
- 8 the injured. And I can tell you that all those dead and injured that I'm talking about
- 9 are civilians. I'm not talking about the combatants.
- 10 MR VANDERPUYE: [9:47:32] I would like to have in eCourt, please, the prior
- statement that was given to the Office of the Prosecutor. It's CAR-OTP-2088-2173.
- 12 It's tab 13. And we'll need to go to paragraph 80 of the statement. It shouldn't be
- 13 broadcast. And that's at page ending 21 -- oops. Yes, that's at page ending 2189.
- 14 Q. [9:48:35] While that's coming up, I wanted to ask you, are you aware if
- 15 the -- among the people that were killed included women?
- 16 A. [9:49:14] There were three women.
- 17 Q. [9:49:17] I'm going to ask you about the names that you provided here as -- as
- having been killed during the course of the attack, but I don't want you necessarily to
- 19 give information concerning any possible relationship to you or to others because that
- 20 may tend to identify you. But you've -- you've identified a Khadidja Adjaro, Adaye
- 21 Abakar, Koursi Abdelrahim, Atahir Abou, Atahir Djime, "C-17" Moussa, Halima
- 22 Hisseini, Ila Adji, as well as Sali Adji, Yaya Mokomzi, Abakar Moussa, Amadou
- 23 Bouba, Salamatou Madji, Ismael Amat, Hamid Ali, Ahamat Zakaria, Mahamat Adam,
- 24 Abdasamat Mounine and Ibrahim Hassan.
- 25 Does that accord with your recollection?

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- 1 A. [9:51:09] Yes. I recall those were the people.
- 2 Q. [9:51:19] And to answer the -- well, to pose, rather, the President's question:
- 3 Are you able to tell the Chamber how you know this in a manner that won't identify
- 4 you? If you are able to do so; if not, then let us know, and we can go into private
- 5 session, with the President's permission.
- 6 A. [9:52:12] I think it would be preferable to go to private session.
- 7 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [9:52:18] I -- actually, I think that is correct. And,
- 8 yeah, we go to private session.
- 9 (Private session at 9.52 a.m.)
- 10 THE COURT OFFICER: [9:52:33] We're in private session, Mr President.
- 11 (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Redacted)
- 14 (Redacted)
- 15 (Redacted)
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

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- 1 (Redacted)
- 2 (Redacted)
- 3 (Redacted)
- 4 (Redacted)
- 5 (Redacted)
- 6 (Redacted)
- 7 (Redacted)
- 8 (Redacted)
- 9 (Redacted)
- 10 (Redacted)
- 11 (Open session at 10.18 a.m.)
- 12 THE COURT OFFICER: [10:18:14] We're back in open session, Mr President.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:18:17] Thank you.
- 14 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:18:20] Thank you. I think we can publish the photo.
- 15 Q. [10:18:24] And with regard to the -- to that that period of time when the photo
- would have been taken, and you describe being in a very difficult state, do you
- 17 remember where you were around that time? Were you at the school? Were you in
- 18 another location?
- 19 A. [10:19:11] I think on 5 December, I was -- I was at the school until we left to go to
- 20 the refugee camp.
- 21 Q. [10:19:30] By the school, you mean *l'École de la Liberté*?
- 22 A. [10:19:44] You asked me the question, where I was during those events, and I
- said, on 5 December, we sought refuge at the *école*, at the school, until we left.
- Q. [10:20:05] What's the name of the school, if you can recall, that you sought
- 25 shelter at, if you know?

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- 1 A. [10:20:21] École Liberté. Behind that establishment, there was the grand instance
- 2 court. And just a little to the side, there's the police. And on the other side, there's
- 3 the town hall of Bossangoa and the office.
- 4 Q. [10:20:46] I'm going to show you another photograph. This one I think we
- 5 have to go into private session for again, just so that you can give us some -- a little bit
- 6 of background and detail about it. And then I think we can publish it without
- 7 reference to anything that's identifiable.
- 8 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:21:05] Why not show it now to the public and
- 9 then the comments in private.
- 10 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:21:10] Okay. We can do it that way.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:21:12] It might be quicker.
- 12 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:21:15]
- Q. [10:21:16] Let me show you this photograph, and then we will -- we'll talk about
- 14 it in private session. It is at tab 15 of Prosecution binder, CAR-OTP-2085-5082.
- 15 Are you able to see the photograph on the screen in front of you, Mr Witness?
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE: [10:22:13] Are we in private session now?
- 17 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:22:17] We're in open session.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:22:20] Mr Witness, do you see the picture on the
- 19 screen?
- 20 THE WITNESS: [10:22:32](Interpretation) Yes, I see it, and I recognise many of the
- 21 people who are seated.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:22:42] So we'll go into private session to discuss
- 23 that.
- 24 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:22:45] Just one second.
- 25 Q. [10:22:47] I wanted to ask if you recognise the location where it's taken.

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1 A. [10:23:06] Yes, I recognise the location very well. I recognise it, and I recognise

- 2 the individuals as well.
- 3 Q. [10:23:18] Is the location the school that you talked about just a moment ago?
- 4 A. [10:23:30] Yes. It is the École de la Liberté, where the Muslims from the centre
- 5 and the neighbouring village sought refuge. That is, indeed, the school.
- 6 Q. [10:23:50] All right. We can go into private session. I'll ask you about some of
- 7 the individuals in the photo.
- 8 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:23:56] Yes. Private session.
- 9 (Private session at 10.24 a.m.)
- 10 THE COURT OFFICER: [10:24:08] We're in private session, Mr President.
- 11 (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Redacted)
- 14 (Redacted)
- 15 (Redacted)
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

(Private Session)

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- 1 (Redacted)
- 2 (Redacted)
- 3 (Redacted)
- 4 (Open session at 10.34 a.m.)
- 5 THE COURT OFFICER: [10:34:12] We're back in open session, Mr President.
- 6 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:34:39] It should be there.
- 7 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:34:42] Yes.
- 8 Q. [10:34:42] I think at paragraph 92, now in front of you, you should see the names
- 9 that you referred to in the course of your statement. I'll read them out. You refer to
- 10 14 Muslims that were injured and taken to the university hospital by FOMAC
- soldiers. And the names you refer to, among those injured, are Adji Amdjalah
- 12 Mahamat, Bichara Issa, Batoul Naffi, Aladji Amide Oumar, Enfant Youssouf, Ahmat
- 13 Franko, Aldousalam et Saka. And then you refer to someone by the name of
- 14 Herman.
- 15 Can you tell the Chamber what you know about Herman.
- 16 A. [10:35:55] Of course I can talk about that. Herman is a native of Bossangoa
- who was living in the 2nd arrondissement, specifically in the Foulbé neighbourhood.
- 18 His father, mother and all his brothers lived in the Foulbé neighbourhood.
- 19 Subsequently, he moved to the Arab neighbourhood because he followed Nina, his
- wife, with whom he had children.
- 21 Herman was a trader selling clothes in the neighbourhood. During the events, he
- 22 joined the Anti-Balaka group. One day he attacked the hospital. I do not
- 23 remember the precise date, but it was after the 5 December attack. We were at the
- 24 École de Liberté, and some people arrived and informed us that they had seen Herman
- 25 at the hospital. They told us that Herman had arrived at the hospital and wanted to

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- 1 attack everyone there.
- 2 After that explanation, (Redacted)
- 3 (Redacted)
- 4 (Redacted). And they said they had understood.
- 5 On the same day, around 3 to 4 p.m., we heard explosions in the direction of the
- 6 hospital. Herman and his elements had gone to attack the hospital. When they
- 7 went there to attack the injured, the FOMAC forces were present there. So they
- 8 arrived from the bishopric to the hospital. And when we heard gunshots, we stood
- 9 up and we saw a FOMAC Land Cruiser vehicle driving towards the hospital. And
- when they returned, it was a lieutenant who was in command of the convoy.
- When he returned, we asked him what had happened. He told us that they had
- been fighting and three people had died. There was a child, one of the children of a
- teacher, who was dead, and another person called Honoré Refio who died on that day.
- 14 There was another child living in the neighbourhood who also died on that day. We
- were also told that a Congolese element of the FOMAC had been killed in the vicinity
- 16 of the bishopric.
- 17 During that -- those events, Herman was really well known, very notorious as an
- 18 Anti-Balaka because he was committing a lot of crimes. And I repeat once again, on
- 19 the day of the attack by Herman, there were three dead.
- 20 Now, I would like to add something. After his attack, as you know, the FOMAC
- 21 elements were at the bishopric and at the *École de Liberté*. Immediately after those
- 22 elements -- after those events, during which a FOMAC element was killed, their
- 23 superiors decided to move them out of the bishopric to go back to their base. And
- 24 the bishopric remained without security; whereas, there were FOMAC elements at the

25 École de Liberté.

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- 1 We held a meet at the town hall. The FOMAC commanders talked about weapons
- 2 that had been grabbed by -- from the FOMAC elements. And that is how it was
- decided that they should return to their base. And the weapons had been grabbed
- 4 by the Anti-Balaka.
- 5 Q. [10:41:23] Thank you very much for that explanation and those details. They're
- 6 important.
- 7 I'd like to show you a video, just for you to identify what it depicts. There's two
- 8 videos I'll show you, but the first one is very brief. It's about, I think, a few seconds,
- 9 actually; 30 seconds or so. It's the video that we added to our list, so it doesn't have a
- 10 tab number. The ERN number is CAR-OTP-2108-1031. Just take a look at that. I'll
- ask you what it depicts. And we can show it in public, I believe.
- 12 (Viewing of the video excerpt)
- 13 MR VANDERPUYE:
- 14 Q. [10:43:05] Were you able to see the video, sir?
- 15 A. [10:43:28] (No interpretation)
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:43:33] We didn't get an interpretation, but the
- 17 witness has obviously said something. I heard at least something.
- 18 Mr Witness, the connection was again bad. We take it that you saw the video.
- 19 Mr Vanderpuye continues with his examination, with his questions.
- 20 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:43:52] Thank you, Mr President.
- 21 Q. [10:43:53] From the video, we can see that it refers to the -- the central mosque.
- 22 Is that the central mosque in Bossangoa?
- 23 A. [10:44:12] Thank you. I think it is the central mosque of Bossangoa, but the
- 24 person calling to prayer is known as Mr Toukroun (phon). He is calling the Muslims
- 25 to prayer. His name is Toukroun. And just by listening to his voice, I recognise the

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- 1 person.
- 2 Q. [10:44:47] That's also very helpful.
- 3 Is -- well, let me ask this: Before the 5 December attack, was the mosque in that kind
- 4 of condition, or was it in a different condition?
- 5 A. [10:45:32] The situation had always been like that. However, the colour of the
- 6 mosque was not in that way. A person of goodwill painted the mosque, both inside
- 7 and outside. But, unfortunately, the mosque was destroyed during the events.
- 8 Q. [10:46:02] I'd like to show you a different video. This one is
- 9 CAR-OTP-2088-2204. There is a transcript. However, we're not necessarily relying
- on the transcript. In any event, it is CAR-OTP-2127-6408. The respective tabs are
- 11 tab 10 and tab 3.
- For the video, I'd like to play you from 2 minutes 30 to 4 minutes 30. So just two
- minutes. And I'd like you to take a look at it, and then I'll ask you some questions
- 14 about it.
- 15 (Viewing of the video excerpt)
- 16 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:47:14] You have to play it from the beginning
- 17 again. I didn't see it. Just from the beginning again.
- 18 THE COURT OFFICER: [10:47:20] Your Honours, before they play the video, would
- 19 you kindly confirm that it can be played publicly.
- 20 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:47:28] Yes, it can be played publicly. Thank you.
- 21 (Viewing of the video excerpt)
- 22 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:49:50]
- 23 Q. [10:49:50] Were you able to see the video and hear it?
- 24 A. [10:50:05] Yes, I saw the video, and I heard what was said. That is the modern

25 mosque of Bossangoa.

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- 1 THE INTERPRETER: [10:50:31] Says the witness.
- 2 THE WITNESS: [10:50:31](Interpretation) The central mosque of Bossangoa.
- 3 I think that the first video showed the mosque before its destruction on 5 December,
- 4 and the second video was shot or captured after the attack. And I believe the
- 5 mosque was destroyed two or three days after 5 December. We were at the *École de*
- 6 Liberté. They saw that there was no one protecting the mosque, so they destroyed it.
- 7 * They took off the roofing tops and looted it.
- 8 I recognised the person on the video. He was saying, "You have to film the school,
- 9 the mosque," and so on and so forth. So I heard what was being said on the video.
- 10 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:51:36]
- 11 Q. [10:51:36] In terms of what we see before the footage, or whoever's filming it,
- reaches the mosque, are you familiar with the area that it is being shown, where you
- can see what appears to be destroyed buildings and signs that things had been
- burned, ashes and things like that? Do you know what area that is?
- 15 A. [10:52:21] Thank you. If you look at the video closely, you will see the mosque.
- And opposite the mosque, there is the main road from Chad towards Bossangoa,
- 17 Bossembélé and Bangui. And opposite the mosque is the main market of the Boro
- 18 neighbourhood. The mosque is located in the Bornou neighbourhood; whereas, the
- market is located in a neighbourhood inhabited by the Peuhls, the Foulbés. At one
- 20 point you see main residential houses and that is in Bornou. And if you move a little
- 21 bit forward, there is a market and then there is a truck there next to the market. That
- 22 is the Foulbé market.
- 23 So all that you see there is in the Bornou neighbourhood and the Foulbé
- 24 neighbourhood. So that is where you see the residential houses, and those are
- 25 behind the mosque. You can see the fence of the mosque. You can see residential

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- 1 houses. You will see a three-tonne truck on the video, but it is a truck which
- 2 was -- which had broken down before the events. I cannot tell you here that this
- 3 truck was destroyed during the events, no.
- 4 Q. [10:54:23] And what about the condition of the houses that we can see or the
- 5 buildings we can see in the video? Were they in that state or in that condition before
- 6 the 5 December attack, to your knowledge? That's the first question. And second is,
- 7 to your knowledge, was that kind of damage limited only to that area, or was it wider,
- 8 spread out in the town?
- 9 A. [10:55:25] Thank you, Mr Prosecutor, and thank you your Honours. It is not
- because I'm a Muslim that I'm going to come here and tell lies and to say that only
- 11 Muslims were victims of those events.
- On the video, you will see that the Muslims in Bossangoa centre left their places of
- residence and took refuge in the *École de Liberté*. Most of those residential houses
- 14 were set on fire during the attack of 5 December. And on the side of a Christian
- 15 brothers, around Bali, Boutili, houses were also burnt down. In certain zones
- inhabited by Christian families, houses were also set on fire.
- 17 I cannot come here and tell you that only Muslims were victims. I would like to
- state that houses were burnt on both sides, both on the sides of the Christians and on
- 19 the side of the Muslims. That is what I want to be clear about.
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:56:55] Mr Vanderpuye, do you think we could
- 21 have coffee break now? You're not, I think -- I assume you're not extremely close to
- 22 the end, so I don't want to push you here. So ...
- 23 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:57:09] Okay.
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:57:09] So I think we have the break now.
- 25 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:57:11] Thank you, Mr President.

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:57:13] But you've tried to finish as quickly as
- 2 possible after the break.
- 3 MR VANDERPUYE: [10:57:17] Yes, I'll try. I'm thinking 15, 20 minutes.
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [10:57:21] Okay. Fine. Good.
- 5 THE COURT USHER: [10:57:23] All rise.
- 6 (Recess taken at 10.57 a.m.)
- 7 (Upon resuming in open session at 11.31 a.m.)
- 8 THE COURT USHER: [11:31:34] All rise.
- 9 Please be seated.
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:31:58] Mr Vanderpuye, you still have the floor.
- 11 MR VANDERPUYE: [11:32:03] Thank you, Mr President.
- 12 Q. [11:32:09] Good morning, again, Mr Witness. I was asking you just before we
- 13 broke about what you knew or observed about the destruction in the -- in the area of
- 14 Bossangoa after the 5 December attack there, and you were talking about how also
- 15 buildings and houses on the Christian side were also damaged and burned, I think,
- 16 set alight.
- 17 Did you observe further damage to the Muslim areas of the town, the Muslim
- 18 communities?
- 19 A. [11:33:10] Thank you, Mr Prosecutor.
- 20 As I just said, before the Court, I will tell you the truth. There was fires and setting
- 21 alight of houses on both sides. Both sides lost members of their family. I am here
- 22 to tell you about what happened to me. During this conflict, I lost members who
- 23 were dear to me.
- 24 As regards the houses, next to and around the mosque, near the market, and those
- 25 locations which were inhabited by Muslims, some Christians also lived in these

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- locations, but it was predominantly Muslims who lived there.
- 2 Now, as regards the Arab, the Foulbé neighbourhood, in all those neighbourhoods,
- 3 the Muslims lost many houses. Also in Boro, the 2nd arrondissement, the place
- 4 called Boro. There were Muslims who lived there as well, and their houses were set
- 5 alight.
- 6 Q. [11:34:59] Are you able to estimate how many houses were set alight or
- 7 damaged in those areas?
- 8 A. [11:35:27] Mr Prosecutor, I'm not in a position to give you a number. I can't lie
- 9 to you. I didn't have time to work out how many houses were set alight.
- 10 In Bossangoa, more specifically at the *École de Liberté*, I didn't have the time to check
- 11 how many houses were burnt. I must say, there was no way house that I saw intact.
- 12 The majority of houses in the neighbourhood were burnt. There were only the walls
- 13 that remained standing. These were houses made of brick, of baked earth. And
- sometimes the roofs were removed, and also the straw houses, it was very easy to
- 15 burn them down.
- 16 When we were at the *École de Liberté*, these houses were set alight. But I'm not in a
- position to give you a number. I don't want to lie to you.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:36:48] Mr Witness, do you also have knowledge
- 19 about shops in Bossangoa, who owned them, and if you know if they were destructed
- 20 too or damaged too?
- 21 THE WITNESS: [11:37:22](Interpretation) Thank you, your Honours.
- I would like to say something about the shops. In Bossangoa, 97 per cent of the
- 23 traders were Muslims and had shops where they sold clothes -- clothes, sugar.
- 24 That's the business of the Muslims.
- 25 On 5 December, in particular, when the attacks started, many fled and sought refuge

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- 1 in the *École de Liberté*. In their flight, because there were explosions until 5 o'clock in
- 2 the evening, people were worried and wanted to save what they could.
- 3 They also --
- 4 THE INTERPRETER: [11:38:27] Inaudible.
- * THE WITNESS: [11:38:31](Interpretation) On 5 December .. before 5 December, the
- 6 market was spared. But on 5 December, during the fighting, many people lost their
- 7 goods on 5 December. The next day, after we had arrived at the école, many said that
- 8 during the night they had lost their belongings. I would like to tell you that in Boro, in
- 9 particular, the shops held by the Muslims, some managed to save their possessions.
- 10 Others lost their goods. That's what I can tell you.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: Thank you, Mr Witness.
- 12 And another question, we talked about the grand mosque in Bossangoa. Do you
- have knowledge about what happened on 5 December and in the aftermath with
- 14 other mosques in Bossangoa?
- 15 Mr Witness, could you hear the question? Or do we have, again, a connection
- 16 problem?
- 17 Obviously, there's a connection problem because I would have heard something from
- 18 the witness.
- 19 THE WITNESS: [11:40:29](Interpretation) I didn't understand fully what you said,
- 20 but I see that your Honour is speaking. But I, unfortunately, couldn't hear what you
- 21 were saying.
- 22 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:40:48] So I try to repeat it. And, Mr Witness,
- 23 we spoke about the grand mosque and what happened to it on 5 December and
- 24 afterwards. Do you have knowledge about other mosques in Bossangoa, what
- 25 happened to them?

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- 1 THE WITNESS: [11:41:22](Interpretation) Thank you, your Honour.
- 2 In the centre of Bossangoa, there was the -- a grand mosque, which you saw in the
- 3 video. There was also smaller mosques in the neighbourhood. But the prayers
- 4 were not organised there on a Friday.
- 5 As I already said, there were houses set alight, and it was the same thing for the
- 6 mosques. We only had one single major mosque where we prayed on a Friday.
- 7 And the smaller mosques in the other neighbourhoods, those mosques were set alight,
- 8 just like the houses.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:42:33] Thank you.
- 10 Mr Vanderpuye, please.
- 11 MR VANDERPUYE: [11:42:35] Thank you, Mr President.
- 12 Q. [11:42:38] Do you have information about the markets that were there and what
- 13 happened to the -- what happened to the markets?
- 14 A. [11:43:04] Thank you, Mr Prosecutor.
- 15 In Bossangoa, generally speaking, we have a single central market, which is on the
- axis which goes to the hospital, and this market remains open until 13 or 14 hours.
- 17 This is in Boro. Also in Katanga, towards the exit of Bossangoa, there is a market.
- 18 People come there in the afternoon. Also in the modern lycée, there is a small
- 19 market which is called Garadignan (phon). Broadly speaking, those are the markets
- 20 which we can find in that location. There is also the Banda market, if I remember
- 21 correctly.
- 22 At that time, we had five markets. The majority of them operated in the afternoon.
- 23 There were other small markets which remained open until late the evening for the
- 24 centre of town. People took articles which they would sell in those very small
- 25 markets.

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- 1 During the conflict, there was no problem. People simply continued to sell their
- 2 goods in the market. It is only in 5 December that the markets were affected.
- 3 Q. [11:45:14] How were they affected, to your knowledge? What happened?
- 4 A. [11:45:36] Thank you, Mr Prosecutor.
- 5 Before 17 September, there were markets that you had in the afternoon. Everything
- 6 was still operational. The 17th of September, the Christians regrouped themselves
- 7 around the lycée area, and no market worked as it did before. Those who were near
- 8 the church didn't really have a functional market.
- 9 The Boro market -- the Boro market was no longer operational. When the people
- sought liberty in the École de Liberté, a small market set up where people sold what
- 11 they could.
- 12 I'm not sure I've answered your question. I'm not sure about that.
- 13 Q. [11:46:54] What I can tell you is that, I can see in the record here a couple of
- 14 references to 17 December -- September. I wanted to ask you about 5 December, if
- 15 there was anything that happened with respect to the markets then. If you know.
- 16 If you don't know, that's just fine as well.
- 17 A. [11:47:37] Thank you. The 5th of December, as I said before yesterday -- the 17
- 18 September, the fight was general. But on 5 December, the fight was in Kaba, and
- 19 then went to the markets around the *École de Liberté*. There was fighting in the
- 20 market itself. There was fighting around the market. I know that. Everybody fled.
- 21 The next day, or even then, many tried to retrieve some of their goods and hurried to
- 22 the *école*, the school.
- 23 I think I mentioned somebody who was killed at the school called C-17. He was
- 24 killed just in front of the mosque.
- 25 Q. [11:48:55] Just two more topics I'm going to ask you about. The first is, did you

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come to realise or come to know who led the 5 December attack on Bossangoa?

- 2 Which Anti-Balaka were involved in leading that attack?
- 3 A. [11:49:51] Thank you for that question.
- 4 I would like to answer in private session, please.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [11:50:06] We go to private session.
- 6 (Private session at 11.50 a.m.)
- 7 THE COURT OFFICER: [11:50:18] We're in private session, Mr President.
- 8 (Redacted)
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(Private Session)

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- 22 (Recess taken at 12.22 p.m.)
- 23 (Upon resuming in open session at 1.48 p.m.)
- 24 THE COURT USHER: [13:48:41] All rise.
- 25 Please be seated.

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [13:49:03] Good afternoon, everyone.
- 2 Good afternoon, Mr Witness. We hope that the connection problems are solved for
- 3 this afternoon.
- 4 So we continue and, Mr Vanderpuye, you have the floor. And you can simply put a
- 5 name to him and ask him with regard to the video and then continue from there.
- 6 MR VANDERPUYE: [13:49:25] Okay. Thank you, Mr President.
- 7 Q. [13:49:28] Mr Witness, we were discussing -- are we in open session now?
- 8 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [13:49:32] I think we are in open session. You
- 9 want to ask him this question in private session?
- 10 MR VANDERPUYE: [13:49:38] Yes.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [13:49:38] Then we go to private session.
- 12 MR VANDERPUYE: [13:49:44] Thank you, Mr President.
- 13 (Private session at 1.49 p.m.)
- 14 THE COURT OFFICER: [13:49:49] We're in private session, Mr President.
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- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Redacted)
- (Open session at 1.53 p.m.)
- 15 THE COURT OFFICER: [13:53:24] We're back in open session, Mr President.
- 16 MR VANDERPUYE: [13:53:30] Thank you.
- 17 Q. [13:53:31] Mr Witness, a short while ago -- just before we go into this other
- section, a short while ago I asked you questions about the damage and destruction of
- 19 property during the course of 5 December attack on Bossangoa. Were you aware of
- 20 instances in which things were stolen, taken, pillaged?
- 21 A. [13:54:14] Thank you for that question.
- 22 You see, when the events began, many people fled and abandoned their homes, and
- 23 that's what happens the world over. When war breaks out, people flee, and then
- others, other people generally come in and loot. So the same thing happened in
- 25 Bossangoa. Some people were able to flee with their property while others were not

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- 1 lucky enough to flee with their goods.
- 2 Furthermore, you know that it is not possible to take away all the goods in a house on
- 3 one day. So there was quite some distance between some homes and the *École de*
- 4 *Liberté*. And so when the firing started, people could not move all their property out.
- 5 And that is why many people lost some of their property.
- 6 Some people were able to leave with some of their property, while others were not
- 7 lucky enough to take any of their property.
- 8 Q. [13:55:35] Do you know or did you hear if the Anti-Balaka were involved in the
- 9 looting or pillaging of goods and items during the course of the attack or after the
- 10 attack?
- 11 A. [13:56:03] Yes, of course, I heard about it. I heard that the Anti-Balaka also
- looted property from individuals. How did I come by this information? You see, at
- 13 the *École de Liberté*, while we were there, it happened from time to time that we would
- 14 cross the road. And you see, in Bossangoa, you have mango trees along the roads
- and so sometimes in the morning, we would cross the road and seek rest under the
- 16 mango trees. And so from the mayor's office to Boro neighbourhood, one had to go
- down a little bit, and from that position, one could see the neighbourhood. And so
- 18 from that location, we were able to see people cart items away and cross over the
- 19 road.
- 20 Some people collected property and went behind the mosque crossing the Zoudam
- 21 stream. That is the road that the looters used to take the items away. So we could
- see the looters, we could see people take property away and disappear with the
- 23 property into various neighbourhoods. And I did see some of these looters with my
- 24 own eyes.
- 25 Q. [13:57:44] Were you able to tell or did you hear that the Anti-Balaka were among

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- 1 the looters that you saw?
- 2 A. [13:58:07] Yes. The Anti-Balaka looted as well, and I can give you an example.
- 3 One day, after the attack of 5 December, there was a Gbaya woman who was with us
- 4 at the *École Liberté*. Her brother had been married to a Muslim and they had a
- 5 daughter who was about 18 years old. She used to buy cassava and sell it at the
- 6 school. One day she passed by the stadium and she was arrested by the Anti-Balaka.
- 7 When she came back, she explained what had happened to the imam. And the
- 8 imam told us that the Anti-Balaka had understood that this girl was a Christian but
- 9 went on anyway to arrest her. So it was necessary to call on the captain of FOMAC
- 10 to seek to release her.
- 11 (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Redacted)
- 14 (Redacted)
- 15 (Redacted)
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted). That is how the vehicle stopped.
- 20 And these persons who were carrying property were wearing attires and they were
- 21 also carrying weapons. (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted). And then we went on back to the bishopric.
- 24 So what I can say is that (Redacted) armed Anti-Balaka carrying
- 25 property on their heads. Some of them were carrying items, while others were not.

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- 1 Q. [14:01:10] Thank you for that.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:01:12] We must come --
- 3 MR VANDERPUYE: I'm going (Overlapping speakers)
- 4 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:01:13] -- now to the end. And I think
- 5 perhaps --
- 6 MR VANDERPUYE: [14:01:16] A narrative is what I'm --
- 7 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:01:19] Mr Witness, you said that you and many
- 8 others took refuge at the *École Liberté*. How were the living conditions there, if you
- 9 could describe to us, from the hygiene, foodwise? You know what I mean.
- 10 THE WITNESS: [14:01:53](Interpretation) Thank you. I think that before the
- 11 conflict, while we were still in our homes and in the neighbourhoods, the World Food
- 12 Programme provided some foodstuff to the refugees in Bossangoa, those who were at
- 13 the bishopric and at the *École de Liberté*. The foodstuffs were distributed also to
- 14 Muslims who had remained at their homes.
- Now, after the attack of 5 December, we all were at the *École de Liberté*, and the World
- 16 Food Programme continued to assist us while the MSF provided health assistance and
- 17 ACF took care of our hygiene and general cleanliness. ICF also -- or, rather, UNICEF
- also took care of the education component, having set up a programme for the
- 19 education of children. So that is how the children were kept busy. The HCR
- 20 distributed some badges and other accessories to women. Then there were also
- 21 humanitarian organisations that provided assistance to the displaced people who
- 22 were at the École de la Liberté.
- 23 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:03:44] Thank you. And I think there is the last
- 24 topic, I would say, evacuation, that might perhaps be better in private session.
- 25 MR VANDERPUYE: [14:03:53] I wanted to get from the witness how many -- how

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- 1 many people were at the school.
- 2 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:03:55] Yes, of course. Of course. Please do.
- 3 Please ask.
- 4 MR VANDERPUYE: [14:04:00]
- 5 Q. [14:04:01] Do you -- do you know approximately how many people were at the
- 6 school during the period of time that you stayed there?
- 7 A. [14:04:23] Thank you. The number of persons was about -- was 7,000 at the
- 8 École de la Liberté. This is including people who came from neighbouring
- 9 neighbourhoods, including Bossangoa. So that figure should be around 7,000.
- 10 Now the World Food Programme, which was providing assistance to those people,
- 11 had a figure of 7,000.
- 12 Q. [14:05:04] Just before we go into private session, can I ask, was it possible for
- people to leave the school in safety during the time that you were there, up until the
- 14 evacuations occurred? And if not, why not?
- 15 A. [14:05:45] No. It was impossible to do so. I recall that once, after the attack of
- 16 5 December, the Sangaris organised or set up some kind of procedure. One needed
- 17 first of all to go to the bishopric, and then there were people in two vehicles who
- 18 would patrol various neighbourhoods where Christians were living to find out what
- 19 their state of living was. So the same was done for us. Two trucks were provided.
- 20 I was in that group myself. We went to Boro and visited the neighbourhood. Then
- 21 we were taken back to the *École de la Liberté*.
- 22 I think that it was not easy to move about freely. No, no. It was virtually
- 23 impossible to do so, almost impossible to do so.
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:07:06] May I shortly --
- 25 THE WITNESS: [14:07:10](Interpretation) People were afraid.

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:07:16] Mr Witness, what would have –
- 2 Mr Witness, what would have happened if somebody had left the École de Liberté, had
- 3 gone outside, for example, moved freely?
- 4 THE WITNESS: [14:07:45](Interpretation) Thank you. I think that it was FOMAC
- 5 who provided security to the *École de la Liberté*. And they said that they only
- 6 provided protection for those who were within the school. So anyone who dared to
- 7 get out of the school would not benefit from their security protection. So if you went
- 8 to the neighbourhoods where there were Anti-Balaka, pillaging and what have you,
- 9 you might find yourself at the risk of death.
- 10 Let me give you an example. There was a young person who was called Yaya.
- 11 While we were at the school, he left and went to the Bornou school where the mosque
- is and his house was located right behind the mosque. And I believe that on the
- video, you can see the houses that were torched. So I don't know whether it was in
- 14 the morning or in the evening that this young person went to check on their house in
- 15 the neighbourhood. So in the evening, those who were at the bishopric called to say
- that a young Muslim had been killed at the Bornou neighbourhood. So the next day
- in the morning, we called the Sangaris, and they went and found out that the body
- 18 was there. And so they brought it back and it was buried within the Bossangoa
- 19 tribunal.
- 20 People were afraid to step out at the risk of death. FOMAC had informed us that
- 21 people should not leave the compound and that they could only provide protection
- 22 for those who were within the *École de la Liberté*.
- 23 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:09:48] Thank you.
- 24 MR VANDERPUYE: [14:09:51] If we could go into private --
- 25 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:09:55] We go to private session, yes.

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1 MR VANDERPUYE: [14:09:58] Thank you, Mr President.

- 2 (Private session at 2.10 p.m.)
- 3 THE COURT OFFICER: [14:10:04] We're in private session, Mr President.
- 4 (Redacted)
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(Private Session)

Trial Hearing

WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-2049

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Trial Hearing

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- 1 (Redacted)
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- 7 (Open session at 2.20 p.m.)
- 8 THE COURT OFFICER: [14:20:40] We're back in open session, Mr President.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:20:42] Thank you very much.
- 10 Are there any questions by the representatives of the victims, further questions? I
- think I have already asked some which relate to today's situation of the witness.
- 12 MR FALL: [14:21:00] (Interpretation) Yes. Mr President, yes, indeed, we prepared
- a series of questions, but in the final analysis, these questions have been put to the
- 14 witness already, almost word for word, either by the Prosecutor or by yourself. But
- 15 we have about two questions that we may still need to ask the witness, if you grant us
- leave.
- 17 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:21:32] Of course, Mr Fall, then I give you -- then
- 18 I give you the floor.
- 19 MR FALL: [14:21:35] (Interpretation) Thank you.
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:21:42] We would hear you better if you
- 21 would -- when you speak, you could take off your mask. I would not force you, of
- 22 course, to take off the mask, but it's difficult to hear. You are difficult to hear.
- 23 Thank you very much, Mr Fall.
- 24 MR FALL: [14:21:54] (Interpretation) I will do that immediately, Mr President,
- 25 because I really hope that everyone should be able to hear me.

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- 1 QUESTIONED BY MR FALL: (Interpretation)
- 2 Q. [14:22:18] Good afternoon, Mr Witness.
- 3 A. [14:22:23] Good afternoon.
- 4 Q. [14:22:26] I have already had the opportunity to speak with you last week
- 5 during the familiarisation exercise. And I had notified you that I am a member of
- 6 the team of lawyers representing the victims admitted to take part in these
- 7 proceedings. And I will -- as I said a short while ago, we prepared a certain number
- 8 of questions to which you have already given answers, but I have two questions that I
- 9 would like to add.
- 10 The first is as follows: Which nationality do you consider as yours?
- 11 A. [14:23:43] Thank you for that question. I am of Central African Republic
- 12 nationality. The card that I have in my hand, if you see it, it is an identity card of the
- 13 Central African (Redacted), so I am residing or living in (Redacted)
- 14 (Redacted)
- 15 (Redacted)
- 16 Q. [14:24:22] Thank you. The nationality is an administrative aspect. But what
- do you really consider as your motherland or fatherland?
- 18 A. [14:24:43] My country, but I am a native of Bossangoa. I was born in
- 19 Bossangoa. My grandfather was born, died and was buried in Bossangoa. All my
- 20 grandparents were buried in Bossangoa. I do not have any other country.
- 21 Q. [14:25:24] Thank you.
- 22 You have told us that you are still (Redacted). The last
- 23 question I would like to put to you is: Do you hope or plan one day to return to live
- in your country, your village or town, that is, Bossangoa?
- 25 A. [14:26:04] Thank you.

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- 1 I really have that desire to return home. My country remains my country. Today
- 2 I'm living (Redacted), and I am suffering. My town is Bossangoa. I have my
- 3 relatives. I would like to return to Bossangoa, but peace has not been restored in
- 4 Bossangoa. If I go back there now, I do not have a home. I have no way to survive.
- 5 So I prefer to stay in the refugee camp here. And when I shall have the resources to
- 6 rebuild a house in Bossangoa when security would have been restored in my country,
- 7 it will be with joy that I would return and resettle in my native town of Bossangoa.
- 8 Q. [14:27:09] Thank you. I have no further questions for you. And I will return
- 9 the floor to the President. And I thank him for giving me the opportunity to put
- 10 questions to you. Thank you.
- 11 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:27:24] Thank you very much.
- 12 It's now the turn of the Defence of Mr Ngaïssona, Ms Proulx. And I want to
- 13 apologise in advance to have put you as the Chamber of the whole situation under
- pressure that we don't want -- don't feel under pressure timewise. It's not your fault.
- 15 I will not say -- will not speak of fault anyway, but there seems to have been some
- little bit of miscalculation of the needed time for the so-called direct examination. So
- take your time and, yes, perhaps we make now half an hour, then a short pause, and
- 18 then we can continue, perhaps.
- 19 And you might perhaps at the end of this day provide us with more information how
- 20 you got along and how far you went. So don't feel under pressure, please.
- 21 I give you the floor.
- 22 MS PROULX: [14:28:21] Thank you very much, Mr President. And thank you for
- 23 the reassurance. I will take my time.
- 24 This being said, I will definitely try not to abuse anybody's patience, including the
- 25 witness.

Trial Hearing (Private Session)

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- 1 QUESTIONED BY MS PROULX: (Interpretation)
- 2 Q. [14:28:55] Good afternoon, Mr Witness. Can you hear me?
- 3 A. [14:29:01] Yes, I can hear you.
- 4 Q. [14:29:05] Good afternoon, Mr Witness. My name is Marie-Hélène Proulx. I
- 5 am one of the lawyers representing Mr Ngaïssona in these proceedings. We had the
- 6 opportunity to meet briefly last week during the courtesy exercise. And as I told
- 7 you last week, you gave a statement containing a lot of information. So I have a
- 8 certain number of questions to put to you in order to clarify certain aspects of your
- 9 statement.
- 10 If at any time my questions are not clear, please ask for me to repeat them. And as
- 11 you have done with the OTP, if you feel that my questions risk identifying you to the
- 12 public, please simply let us know, and we will go to private session.
- 13 Is everything clear so far, Mr Witness?
- 14 A. [14:30:28] Yes, everything is clear.
- 15 Q. [14:30:36] Thank you, Mr Witness. Now we can begin.
- 16 I would like to begin by asking certain details about your family, so I would request
- 17 that we go into private session.
- 18 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [14:30:54] Private session.
- 19 (Private session at 2.31 p.m.)
- 20 THE COURT OFFICER: [14:31:10] We're in private session, Mr President.
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

(Private Session)

Trial Hearing

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- 1 (Redacted)
- 2 (Redacted)
- 3 (Redacted)
- 4 (Redacted)
- 5 (Open session at 2.55 p.m.)
- 6 THE COURT OFFICER: [14:55:49] We're back in open session, Mr President.
- 7 MS PROULX: [14:56:00] (Interpretation)
- 8 Q. [14:56:01] Mr Witness, in your statement and once again this morning, you
- 9 provided a list of the persons who were killed during the attack of 5 December. Let
- 10 me briefly revisit some of those names to cross-check with you that I fully understand
- 11 who they are.
- 12 My first question then is as follows: Would it be correct to say that the person you
- identified as Koursi Abdelrahim is also known as Koursi Mahamat?
- 14 A. [14:56:49] Thank you. Koursi Abdelrahim is different from the other Koursi
- 15 Mahamat. Koursi Abdelrahim was slaughtered during the attack of 5 December in
- 16 Bossangoa. Koursi Mahamat used to live in Bossangoa centre, but he had some
- 17 cattle herds in Zere, and that is where he was, and it is in Zere that he was killed. So
- 18 these are two different persons that you are mentioning. Koursi Abdelrahim was
- 19 killed in Bossangoa, he was slaughtered. And Koursi Mahamat was killed in Zere,
- 20 some 25 kilometres from Bossangoa.
- 21 Q. [14:57:46] Thank you for that very useful clarification.
- Now, you also talked about Adaye Abakar. That person, was he also simply
- 23 referred to as Adaye or simply as Abakar?
- 24 A. [14:58:15] No. Let me explain.
- 25 In our country, and for Muslims, you usually provide an individual's name before the

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- 1 name of the father. So there was Adaye, which was his name, and Abakar, the name
- 2 of the father. And that is how we name our children according to our Muslim
- 3 traditions.
- 4 Q. [14:58:57] Once again, maybe I am mistaken, but was Adaye Abakar also
- 5 sometimes known as Adef (phon) Mahamat?
- 6 A. [14:59:16] No. Adef is different from Adaye. So Adef is written with an F at
- 7 the end, whereas Adaye is written with an H -- or with a Y-D.
- 8 THE INTERPRETER: [14:59:42] Correction from the interpreter.
- 9 THE WITNESS: [14:59:43](Interpretation) With a Y-E at the end. So those are two
- 10 different and distinct names, Adef and Adaye.
- 11 MS PROULX: [14:59:53](Interpretation)
- 12 Q. [14:59:54] Do you know anyone who was called Adef Mahamat?
- 13 A. [15:00:06] I don't know whether I made a mistake in my statement. You see, it's
- possible because these events happened a long time ago, a very long time ago, and I
- 15 could have made a mistake. There was someone who lived in Koro-M'Poko whose
- 16 name was Idriss Adeif.
- 17 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [15:00:44] I think we have again a problem with the
- 18 connection.
- 19 MS PROULX: [15:01:09] (Interpretation)
- 20 Q. [15:01:09] Mr Witness, can you hear me?
- 21 A. [15:01:18] Yes, I can hear you.
- 22 Q. [15:01:21] I'm sorry, Mr Witness, but there was a connectivity problem. So I
- 23 would like to ask you to repeat what you just said.
- 24 A. [15:01:46] Thank you. I told you that there are some people from Bossangoa
- 25 whom I knew very well. So if you mention someone's name, I might be able to

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- 1 identify them and provide their names. But I want you to know also that there were
- 2 other people who came from neighbouring villages to seek refuge in Bossangoa. It is
- 3 true that we were able to take down or mention the names of some of those people
- 4 who arrived, but I do not know all of them.
- 5 Now, when you talk about "Adef," there was an Idriss Adeif who came from
- 6 Koro-M'Poko and who was killed.
- 7 Q. [15:02:47] Thank you, Mr Witness.
- 8 Let me now put another name to you. You mentioned one Amadou Bouba. I
- 9 would like to know whether that person was also known as Amadou Oumarou?
- 10 A. [15:03:28] Well, you see, the father's names are different. Therefore, these must
- be two different persons, different individuals. The surnames or father's names are
- 12 different. Therefore, these people are different individuals.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [15:04:10] So it will last a couple of minutes. So we
- perhaps let's say a 10-minute break until a quarter past 3. And then perhaps
- 15 furthermore an hour, do you think that would be then enough with two sessions
- 16 tomorrow?
- 17 MS PROULX: [15:04:29] At this stage, it's really hard to tell. Depending on how
- things unfold, it could.
- 19 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [15:04:35] Okay. So let's have a break for
- 20 10 minutes.
- 21 THE COURT USHER: [15:04:40] All rise.
- 22 (Recess taken at 3.04 p.m.)
- 23 (Upon resuming in open session at 3.21 p.m.)
- 24 THE COURT USHER: [15:21:45] All rise.
- 25 Please be seated.

Trial Hearing (Open Session)

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [15:22:05] Before we continue, with regard to the
- 2 technical problems and the connectivity problems, whatever has to be done with
- 3 regard to these problems should be done. I cannot say more because the judges, it's
- 4 neither their expertise nor is it their responsibility. So when I'm asked if we should
- 5 approve of some technical issues, I simply can't give an answer. But the general
- 6 direction is, everything has to be done what secures a secure connection to the
- 7 witness and a smooth procedure here.
- 8 Ms Proulx, you can continue.
- 9 MS PROULX: [15:22:58] (Interpretation)
- 10 Q. [15:23:08] Mr Witness, before the break, I was asking you questions on a certain
- 11 number of people that you identified as victims of 5 December 2013. I still have two
- 12 names to put to you.
- 13 You mentioned someone as C-17 Moussa. And in your statement, you said that you
- 14 did not know his real name. Is it possible that the name of that person might be
- 15 Abakar Moussa? Does that ring a bell?
- 16 A. [15:23:59] No, I cannot say that.
- 17 Q. [15:24:07] No problem, Mr Witness.
- 18 And the last person is Ahamat Zakaria. You spoke about him, but to your
- 19 knowledge, was this person a young boy?
- 20 A. [15:24:37] Thank you. I thank you for your question, which I don't find -- well,
- 21 I have told you that some of these people are not members of my family. So I'm not
- in a position to know the ages of everyone in the town. These people are not
- 23 members of my family. How is it possible for me to know whether it is a young
- 24 person, an adult, or an elderly person? If I venture to give an answer to you, that
- 25 would be deceiving you.

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1 Q. [15:25:33] That is not a problem, Mr Witness. I will move on to something else.

- 2 And for my next series of questions, I would like to ask to go into private session.
- 3 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [15:25:45] Private session.
- 4 (Private session at 3.25 p.m.)
- 5 THE COURT OFFICER: [15:25:56] We're in private session, Mr President.
- 6 (Redacted)
- 7 (Redacted)
- 8 (Redacted)
- 9 (Redacted)
- 10 (Redacted)
- 11 (Redacted)
- 12 (Redacted)
- 13 (Redacted)
- 14 (Redacted)
- 15 (Redacted)
- 16 (Redacted)
- 17 (Redacted)
- 18 (Redacted)
- 19 (Redacted)
- 20 (Redacted)
- 21 (Redacted)
- 22 (Redacted)
- 23 (Redacted)
- 24 (Redacted)
- 25 (Redacted)

(Private Session)

Trial Hearing

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WITNESS: CAR-OTP-P-2049 1 (Redacted) 2 (Redacted) 3 (Redacted) (Redacted) 4 5 (Redacted) 6 (Redacted) 7 (Redacted) 8 (Redacted) 9 (Redacted) 10 (Redacted) 11 (Redacted) 12 (Redacted) 13 (Redacted) 14 (Redacted) 15 (Redacted) 16 (Redacted) 17 (Redacted) 18 (Redacted) 19 (Redacted) 20 (Redacted) (Redacted) 21 (Open session at 3.59 p.m.) 22 THE COURT OFFICER: [15:59:14] We're back in open session, Mr President. 23 24 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [15:59:16] I think we have agreed maps, have we?

(Private Session)

Trial Hearing

25

Is this one of them?

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- 1 MR VANDERPUYE: [15:59:24] I believe that this is one of them. We have a series
- 2 of maps, I think six in all, not these ones, different ones, they are PDF ones which are
- 3 really quite huge. I'll check those to see whether or not we can maybe use that
- 4 instead or something like this, but ...
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [15:59:39] And even if this map was not yet agreed,
- 6 I think there will be no problem to add this to another -- as another agreed map, I
- 7 would assume, simply.
- 8 Ms Proulx.
- 9 MS PROULX: [16:00:16](Interpretation)
- 10 Q. [16:00:17] Mr Witness, we'll now change topics, and I want to revisit some of the
- information you provided last Friday, particularly in relation to the Anti-Zaraguina.
- 12 Do you agree with me -- or I believe you would agree with me, Mr Witness, that the
- 13 self-defence Anti-Zaraguina group had existed in the Central African Republic for a
- very, very long time to fight against highway robbery, holdups and all such types of
- 15 attacks. Would you agree with me?
- 16 A. [16:01:03] Thank you. And I will provide you with some details.
- 17 The problem of the Zaraguina ended under former president Ange-Felix Patasse. I
- believe that at the end of Patasse's mandate, the said Abdoulaye Miskine and his
- 19 elements fled to the bush from Ndjo all the way to Kaga-Bandoro. And that was in
- 20 2001 and 2002. So they were in the bushes and tracked down the Zaraguina and
- 21 destroyed them, destroyed them completely. Then some of those bandits joined
- 22 Baba Ladde's group. So in our area, we no longer had any problem of the
- 23 Zaraguina.
- 24 * So when the Anti-Balaka was set up -- it was not at that toime that the Zaraguina
- 25 existed. At the beginning, they -- they had heard rumours about Seleka. And so the

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- 1 Anti-Balaka was created in order to mount resistance against the Seleka. But then
- 2 later on, the Anti-Balaka was transformed into a hurting machine, into something
- 3 else. So there was -- this had no link with the Zaraguina phenomenon which had
- 4 ended a long time ago under Patasse's regime.
- 5 Q. [16:03:16] Perfect. So the Anti-Zaraguina group had no connection with the
- 6 Anti-Balaka, which emerged in 2013. So these were two different types of groups
- 7 which had different motivations; do we agree on that?
- 8 A. [16:03:40] Yes, they were different. The Anti-Balaka, which we heard about,
- 9 were made up basically of the Peuhls. They were not Arabs, they were not Gbayas
- 10 in Bossangoa. The Anti-Zaraguina, rather, were -- were Peuhls. You see, under
- Bozizé's regime, the Zaraguina continued to attack cattle belonging to Mbororo
- 12 people. Let me mention an example.
- 13 The Zaraguina carried out an attack near Bozoum on the Bossangoa-Bossembélé axis
- in Angara village, some 70 kilometres away from Bossangoa. During that attack, the
- 15 head of the presidential guard, known as Ngakoutou Abdoulaye, went out there in
- 16 two vehicles to fight the Zaraguina and to ambush them. There was one sergeant,
- who had a green beret and who belonged to Abdoulaye's contingent, died on that
- 18 occasion.
- 19 So what I am telling you is that the Zaraguina at the time were made up basically of
- 20 the Peuhls or the Mbororo people. That's what I can say.
- 21 Q. [16:05:25] Thank you, Mr Witness. I believe that you were referring to the
- age-old conflict and tension between the nomadic Peuhl population, which often
- came from Chad, and the sedentary peoples of the Central African Republic. Is that
- 24 what you are talking about, Mr Witness?
- 25 A. [16:06:01] Sorry, I did not understand your question. Can you rephrase it?

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- 1 Q. [16:06:09] Yes. I was simply stating that I hope I understood what you said,
- 2 and I was putting it to you that what you have just described is the long-standing
- 3 conflict between the nomadic Peuhl communities and the sedentary people of the
- 4 Central African Republic; is that correct?
- 5 A. [16:06:49] No, that's not how it was. You asked me a question about the
- 6 Anti-Zaraguina and you said that the Anti-Balaka were born from or of that
- 7 Zaraguina phenomenon. So I told you that the Anti-Zaraguina phenomenon ended
- 8 in 2001 thanks to the Miskine operations. So they fled, they went to Batangafo and
- 9 the Zaraguina disappeared. So the Anti-Balaka phenomenon emerged after the
- 10 disappearance of the Zaraguina.
- 11 Q. [16:07:41] Mr Witness, I think we are saying the same thing. But just to be clear,
- 12 I want to read an excerpt for your attention from a document, document Defence
- finder tab 15, CAR-OTP-2071-2030. And the excerpt I want to read is at page 2031, at
- 14 the very top of the bottom -- of the page, rather.
- 15 And I'll wait for the document to be displayed, and then I will read a few lines for you,
- 16 Mr Witness.
- 17 Mr Witness, this is an article that was written by Monsignor Nongo Aziagbia in which
- 18 he says:
- 19 "In fact, the birth of the militia ordinarily known as the 'Anti-Balaka' can be situate
- 20 historically to the 1990s. They constituted themselves into self-defence groups to
- 21 fight armed groups ordinarily known as 'Zaraguina' in a local language of the Central
- 22 African Republic. These hoodlums caused havoc in the hinterland and made it
- 23 hazardous to travel by car. Beyond major banditry, these militia remained active in
- 24 the west and the northwest of the country. They were constantly engaged in
- 25 fighting against some Chadian cattle breeder, the 'Ahouda' and 'Mbarara' groups

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- 1 which do not respect the transhumance passages and therefore cause their cattle -- to
- 2 take their cattle to pasture in farms belonging to the local people."
- 3 Mr Witness, do you -- do you agree with this opinion?
- 4 A. [16:10:09] There was a little problem in the connectivity, so I was not able to
- 5 understand everything that you said. Could you please repeat what you have just
- 6 said.
- 7 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:10:24] I think, Mr Witness, simply, you have, I
- 8 think you have the excerpt in front of you, the document. Then please, if you --
- 9 THE WITNESS: [16:10:36] (Overlapping speakers)
- 10 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:10:36] Yeah, please read from --
- 11 THE WITNESS: [16:10:42](Interpretation) Yes, it's -- it is on display, but it's -- it's a
- 12 bit blurry. I can't see it clearly.
- 13 MS PROULX: Mr President, I can summarise it.
- 14 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:10:54] We should not -- I don't think it's
- 15 necessary to read the whole -- the whole thing again.
- 16 THE WITNESS: (No interpretation)
- 17 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:11:08] Do you see it now better, Mr Witness?
- 18 THE WITNESS: [16:11:20](Interpretation) It is still blurry.
- 19 MS PROULX: [16:11:27] I can just give him the gist of what is important and --
- 20 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:11:31] Yes, I would prefer that. Yes.
- 21 MS PROULX: [16:11:41] (Interpretation)
- Q. [16:11:44] Mr Witness, I'm not going to read out the entire excerpt because we
- 23 are running out of time, but basically, what Monsignor Nongo Aziagbia is saying here
- 24 is that the self-defence militia remained active in the west and north of the country
- 25 and continued to fight against Chadian cattle breeders, particularly the Ahouda and

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1 Mbarara groups, which according to him did not respect the transhumance corridors.

- 2 Would you accept with -- will you accept that analysis of Monsignor Nongo?
- 3 A. [16:12:48] Thank you very much. I have something to say. I cannot believe
- 4 everything that the bishop has just said, but let me say that here you have talked
- 5 about farms and troops -- and herds, rather. So we have a number of committees of
- 6 stockbreeders which exist in -- in our country. So we are here before this Court to
- 7 talk about the victims.
- 8 I have a question for you: The ladies and the children, the women and the children
- 9 who were massacred, did they steal any cattle? Did they steal any cattle belonging
- 10 to those herdsmen? That's my question. The children and the women, did they
- steal any cows? That's the question I would like to ask the lawyer.
- 12 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:13:52] I think -- I think it's time to move on.
- 13 The witness has given an answer when he thinks this phenomenon has stopped and
- 14 we have now in evidence this opinion of the monsignor and the witness has given an
- 15 answer. Please move on.
- 16 MS PROULX: [16:14:27](Interpretation)
- 17 Q. [16:14:28] Mr Witness, I put it to you that reacting to some self-defence groups
- 18 that were active in the north and west, the Peuhl nomadic populations took up arms
- 19 or armed themselves. Would you agree with that?
- 20 A. [16:15:02] Thank you. You know, the Mbororo people were the ones who were
- 21 involved in the Zaraguina phenomenon. Then later on they became rebels, and then
- 22 they joined the Anti-Balaka to create what is known today as the CPC. Prior to that,
- 23 they were killing people. And today they have formed a coalition to continue their
- 24 killings. It is true, they took up arms, they became the Zaraguina and then later on
- 25 became the Anti-Balaka or rebels. So I cannot deny what you have just said. I don't

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- 1 deny that, they are rebels, yes.
- 2 Q. [16:16:02] Thank you, Mr Witness.
- 3 MS PROULX: [16:16:06] Mr President, I don't know until what time you would like
- 4 me to go. I can continue, but I am about to move on to another topic.
- 5 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:16:14] Yes, I think you know already my answer.
- 6 How is it looking?
- 7 MS PROULX: [16:16:21] I am -- I would not be overly optimistic that I can finish in
- 8 two sessions tomorrow.
- 9 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:16:26] Okay. Then what does that mean
- 10 concretely?
- 11 MS PROULX: [16:16:32] Again, it always depends on how it unfolds, but I would
- think that I need two sessions and probably another hour and a half.
- 13 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:16:44] Okay. Then we --
- 14 MS PROULX: An hour.
- 15 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:16:45] Then we -- because there is -- there are
- 16 appointments tomorrow afternoon, then we would have to continue with the witness
- 17 on Wednesday morning.
- 18 MS PROULX: [16:16:57] I think that if the Prosecution holds their estimate for the
- 19 next witness, we can be very short on our side. So it would probably be okay.
- 20 MR VANDERPUYE: [16:17:11] Yeah, we'll do our best. Mr President, I don't know
- 21 what the situation is with respect to the Registry staff and all, but as long as the
- 22 Chamber is willing to sit, we are willing to sit today. So if counsel is prepared to
- 23 continue, we should --
- 24 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: Yes, but --
- 25 MR VANDERPUYE: -- probably just go until 4.30 at least (Overlapping speakers)

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- 1 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:17:30] Yes, but obviously that doesn't help when
- 2 she says two sessions and another one hour or one and a half hours, even a further 15
- 3 minutes doesn't help.
- 4 So then we can finish for today.
- 5 (Trial Chamber confers)
- 6 PRESIDING JUDGE SCHMITT: [16:18:09] So then we conclude for today, and
- 7 tomorrow we have two sessions. And then on Wednesday, perhaps another one or
- 8 whatsoever.
- 9 So, Mr Witness, you could follow like always the discussions here in the room. So
- we have to finish for today. We thank you again on behalf of the Chamber for being
- so patient and answering all the questions that are put to you and also for staying
- 12 patient with regard to all the connectivity problems, which is, of course, unpleasant
- for you and it's also not very comfortable for us. But thank you very much for your
- 14 understanding. We wish you a nice day.
- 15 And tomorrow morning at 9.30 we continue. Thank you.
- 16 THE COURT USHER: [16:19:00] All rise.
- 17 (The hearing ends in open session at 4.19 p.m.)